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Washington, Thursday, March 23, 1944

The President

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9431

AMENDING THE FOREIGN SERVICE REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 1752 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U.S.C., title 22, sec. 132), it is ordered as follows:

1. Section IV–9 of the Foreign Service Regulations (E.O. 8189, July 5, 1939; 22 CFR 104.9, 1939 Supp.) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"IV–9. *Place of Residence of Diplomatic and Consular Officers*

"Diplomatic and consular officers shall conform with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of State regarding their place of residence during periods of assignment to Foreign Service posts."

2. Section IV–10 of the Foreign Service Regulations (E.O. 8189, July 5, 1939; 22 CFR 104.10, 1939 Supp.) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"IV–10. *Office Hours and Official Hours of Duty*

"(a) *Office hours.* Foreign Service offices shall be kept open for the convenience of the public during such hours and on such days as may be prescribed by the Secretary of State in accordance with acts of Congress, and Executive orders, regulations, and policies of the President; provided that the offices may be closed for the transaction of routine business on holidays of outstanding importance in their particular localities.

"(b) *Official hours of duty.* Officers and employees of the Foreign Service shall observe such official hours of duty as may be prescribed by act of Congress, by order of the President, or by administrative regulation of the Secretary of State."

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 20, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4020; Filed, March 21, 1944; 2:59 p. m.]

Regulations

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—War Food Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders)

PART 946—MILK IN LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, MARKETING AREA

ORDER SUSPENDING CERTAIN PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended and as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and of the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, marketing area, it is hereby found and determined that the provisions of such order which provide a seasonal minimum price for Class I milk during the months of April, May, June, and July 1944, are provisions which obstruct and do not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act with respect to producers of milk under such order.

It is, therefore, ordered, That, effective as of 12:01 a. m., April 1, 1944, and continuing during the months of April, May, June, and July 1944, the following provisions of § 946.4 (a) (1) of the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, marketing area, are hereby suspended:

Delivery period:	
April through July	0.95
August through March	

(E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807, E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 21st day of March 1944.

THOMAS J. FLAVIN,
Assistant to the War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4090; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:25 a. m.]

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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NOTICE

The Cumulative Supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations, covering the period from June 2, 1938, through June 1, 1943, may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at $3.00 per book. The following are now available:

Book 1: Titles 1–3 (Presidential documents) with tables and index.
Book 2: Titles 4–9, with index.

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TITLE 8—ALIEN AND NATIONALITY

Chapter II—Office of Alien Property Custodian

[G. O. 21, as Amended]

PART 503—GENERAL ORDERS

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FILING NOTICES OF CLAIM UNDER VESTING ORDERS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, determining that it is in the national interest to extend the time for filing notices of claim under vesting orders as hereinafter set forth, and that adherence to a period of limitation expiring prior to August 1, 1944, may cause undue hardship or inequity to claimants, hereby further amends General Order No. 21 to read as follows:

§ 503.21 *General Order No. 21.* (a) Without limitation by reason of any provision as to a specified claim period in any vesting order heretofore issued, any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of a vesting order, may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC–1, at any time up to and including August 1, 1944, or within such further time as may be provided in any such order or on application or otherwise.

(b) The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

(40 Stat. 411, 50 U. S. C. App.; 55 Stat. 839, 50 U. S. C. App. (Supp. 1942); E.O. 9193, 7 F.R. 5205)

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 15, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4055; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:40 a. m.]

TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter VIII—Procurement and Disposal of Equipment and Supplies

[Procurement Reg. 4]

PART 81—PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY SUPPLIES AND ANIMALS

BONDS AND INSURANCE

Correction

In § 81.498 of F.R. Doc. 44–3730, appearing on page 2984 of the issue for Tuesday, March 21, 1944, the first entry listed under the heading, "Abbreviations" should read as follows:

FCAB—Fire Companies Adjustment Bureau, Inc.

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 4986]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

H. D. SHIPP COMPANY, INC., ET AL.

§ 3.6 (t) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Qualities or properties of product or service:* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondents' drinking glass designated as "Sneaker", or any other similar product, (1) representing, through the use of the words "taste less" or through any other means, directly or by implication, that respondents' product is a tasteless glass, or that its use will eliminate the objectionable taste of medicines, oils, liquors or other fluids; (2) representing, directly or by implication, that the use of said product will camouflage the flavor of distasteful liquids and render them enjoyable or pleasant to drink; and (3) representing, directly or by implication, that the use of said product will enable the user to drink distasteful liquids without experiencing any taste; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, H. D. Shipp Company, Inc., et al., Docket 4986, March 14, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of H. D. Shipp Company, Inc., a Corporation, and H. D. Shipp, Individually and as President of H. D. Shipp Company, Inc.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of respondents, in which answer respondents admit all the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and state that they waive all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that said respondents have violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

It is ordered, That the respondents, H. D. Shipp Company, Inc., a corporation, its officers, and H. D. Shipp, individually and as president of H. D. Shipp Company, Inc., and respondents' representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of respondents' drinking glass designated as "Sneaker," or any other product of similar design or construction, whether designated by the same name or by any other name, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing, through the use of the words "taste less" or through any other means, directly or by implication, that respondents' product is a tasteless glass, or that its use will eliminate the objectionable taste of medicines, oils, liquors or other fluids.

2. Representing, directly or by implication, that the use of said product will camouflage the flavor of distasteful liquids and render them enjoyable or pleasant to drink.

3. Representing, directly or by implication, that the use of said product will enable the user to drink distasteful liquids without experiencing any taste.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 44–4071; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:51 a. m.]

TITLE 20—EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS

Chapter II—Railroad Retirement Board

PART 204—EMPLOYMENT RELATION

REINSTATEMENT

Pursuant to the general authority contained in section 10 of the act of June 24, 1937 (sec. 10, 50 Stat. 314; 45 U. S. C. 228j), § 204.3 (f) of the Regulations of the Railroad Retirement Board under such Act (4 F. R. 1477) is amended by Board Order 44–124 dated March 7, 1944, to read as follows:

(f) *Reinstatement.* A bona fide reinstatement with restoration of seniority privileges, with or without pay for time lost, made for the purpose of and in contemplation of return to actual service (irrespective of whether actual service is resumed) operates to maintain the employment relation throughout the breach in service, provided that the reinstatement is not a violation of the rights of other employees. Participation in the reinstatement by representatives of the other employees, or acquiescence on their part in an actual return to service, shall be conclusive evidence that the reinstatement was not a violation of the rights of such other employees. In any case in which there is no purpose and contemplation of return to actual service but there is a claim that a wrongful discharge has been rectified by an award of (1) an adjustment or arbitration board established under the Railway Labor Act, as amended, or (2) a court of competent jurisdiction, the Board shall determine whether, on all the facts, the purported rectification operates to maintain the employment relation throughout the breach in service.

Dated: March 20, 1944.

By authority of the Board.

MARY B. LINKINS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 44–4073; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:29 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter IV—Home Owners' Loan Corporation

[Bulletin 266]

PART 405—RECONDITIONING SECTION

CASES PROCESSED BY RECONDITIONING SECTION

In § 405.04–1 [1] *Cases processed by the reconditioning section* the first sentence of § 405.04–1 is amended by deleting the figure $1000 and inserting in lieu thereof the figure $100.

Effective March 18, 1944.

(Secs. 4 (a), 4 (k), 48 Stat. 129, 132, as amended by sec. 13, 48 Stat. 647; 12 U.S.C. 1463 (a), (k), E.O. 9070, 7 F.R. 1529)

J. FRANCIS MOORE, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 44–4019; Filed, March 21, 1944; 1:49 p. m.]

[NHA G. O. 60–2A]

PART 702—PRIVATE WAR HOUSING

OCCUPANCY AND DISPOSITION

NOTE: General Order 60–2A (9 F.R. 3065) was superseded by General Order 60–2B (9 F.R. 245) and General Order 60–2C (9 F.R. 2816).

TITLE 25—INDIANS

Chapter I—Office of Indian Affairs

Subchapter L—Irrigation Projects; Operation and Maintenance

PART 130—ORDER FIXING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHARGES

FLATHEAD INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT, MONT.

FEBRUARY 26, 1944.

Sections 130.16 (6 F.R. 1712) and 130.17 (7 F.R. 1667) of Part 130 of Title 25 CFR, Indians, as amended, are hereby further amended as follows:

In § 130.16 *Charge, Jocko Division,* substitute "$1.25" for the "$1.00" in the first paragraph of the section.

[1] 9 F.R. 1961.

In §130.17 *Charges, Mission Valley and Camas Divisions,* substitute "$1.50" for "$1.18" in the first paragraph of the section.

(38 Stat. 583, 39 Stat. 142, 45 Stat. 210; 25 U.S.C. 385, 387)

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4040; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:47 a. m.]

PART 130—ORDER FIXING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHARGES

FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT, MONT.

FEBRUARY 26, 1944.

Sections 130.30 to 130.31, inclusive, of Part 130 of Title 25, CFR, Indians, as approved by the First Assistant Secretary of the Interior on March 14, 1936 (25 CFR 130.30–130.31), are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 130.30 *Charges.* Pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of August 1, 1914, and March 7, 1928 (38 Stat. 583, 45 Stat. 210; 25 U.S.C. 385, 387), the basic charge for operation and maintenance against the irrigable lands to which water can be delivered under the constructed project works of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project in Montana is hereby fixed at $1.25 per acre per annum until further notice.

The owners of Indian lands not under lease to non-Indians, who are financially unable to pay the total basic charge, may receive water during the calendar years 1944, 1945, 1946 and 1947 upon payment of the following proportionate share of said charge against the lands for said years as hereinafter stated, viz: $.25 per acre for the year 1944; $.50 per acre for the year 1945; $.75 per acre for the year 1946; $1.00 per acre for the year 1947, and thereafter the full rate shall be collected. All unpaid charges or portions thereof shall remain a lien on the lands as provided in § 130.31.

§ 130.31 *Payment.* The annual charges fixed in § 130.30 shall become due on April 1 of each year, are payable on or before that date, and any assessment remaining unpaid after the due date shall stand as a first lien against the land. Any delinquent charges against land in non-Indian ownership and Indian lands under lease to non-Indians shall be subject to a penalty of one-half of 1% per month or fraction thereof from the due date until paid.

The delivery of water shall be refused to all tracts of land for which the charges have not been paid when due, except where the lands are in Indian ownership, not under lease to non-Indians, and the Indian owners shall have made the necessary arrangements with the Superintendent as hereafter provided. When any Indian owner of land not under lease to a non-Indian is financially unable to pay the operation and maintenance charges on the due date from cash on hand, the Superintendent may make the necessary arrangements with such Indian owner as will permit him to perform labor on the irrigation project works, the proceeds derived therefrom to be applied in partial payment of such charges. The Superintendent may also make necessary arrangements for such Indian owner to pay the operation and maintenance charges from the proceeds of the crops grown on the land when harvested and marketed within that calendar year, provided written statements to that effect are furnished the Superintendent by the Indian owner on or before the due date.

In any instance where the Superintendent is convinced that an Indian landowner, whose land is not under lease to a non-Indian, is financially unable to pay his operation and maintenance charges from proceeds of labor performed on the project works, or from the proceeds of the crops being grown on the land, or from any other source, the delivery of water may be continued if a written certificate is issued by the Superintendent stating that such Indian is not financially able to pay such charges and copies thereof forwarded to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for approval or rejection. In such cases the unpaid charges shall be entered on the accounts and will stand as a first lien against the land until paid but without penalty for delinquency.

§ 130.31a *Water users responsible for water after delivery.* It is the duty of the Indian Irrigation Service to furnish available water for beneficial irrigation use only. It is the duty of all water users of the project to aid in the prevention of the waste of water and of damage to adjacent lands. The water users are responsible for the water after it has been delivered to their lands, and are required to have their field ditches of proper capacity and in suitable condition for the use of economical heads of water.

(38 Stat. 583, 45 Stat. 210; 25 U.S.C., 385, 387)

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4041; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:47 a. m.]

TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter VI—Solid Fuels Administration for War

[Reg. 10, Amdt. 4]

PART 602—GENERAL ORDERS AND DIRECTIVES

LIMITATIONS BASED ON BITUMINOUS COAL STOCKS OF INDUSTRIAL CONSUMERS

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Executive Order No. 9332, Solid Fuels Administration for War Regulation No. 10 (8 F.R. 15773) as amended, is hereby amended as follows:

§ 602.172 *Limitations based on bituminous coal stocks of industrial consumers.* * * *

(d) Paragraph (a) of this section is not applicable to shipments of coal by commercial dock operators located on Lake Superior or on the west bank of Lake Michigan north of, and including, Waukegan, Illinois. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, or in directions which may hereafter be issued by the Solid Fuels Administration for War, no industrial consumer, or railroad system, that receives coal from any such commercial dock operator, shall place an order for delivery or receive, from all sources combined, during the period beginning March 21, 1944 and ending May 15, 1945, bituminous coal in excess of the amount representing the difference between its inventory as of March 21, 1944 and the amount of its consumption requirements for the period from March 21, 1944 to May 15, 1945. No commercial dock operator shall ship, except upon specific direction of the Solid Fuels Administration for War, any surplus tonnage which results from the restrictions imposed by this paragraph with respect to the amount of coal permitted to be received by an industrial consumer or railroad system from commercial dock operators. Commercial dock operators are required to spread the coal on their docks as of March 21, 1944 among their customers equitably so as to permit all of them to commence to build reasonable stock piles.

This amendment shall become effective immediately.

(E.O. 9332, 8 F.R. 5355; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176)

Issued this 21st day of March 1944.

C. J. POTTER,
Deputy Solid Fuels Administrator for War.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4077; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:10 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter IX—War Production Board

Subchapter B—Executive Vice-Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 3281—PULP AND PAPER

[General Conservation Order M-241, as Amended Mar. 22, 1944]

PAPER AND PAPERBOARD

§ 3281.63 *General Conservation Order M-241*—(a) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(b) *Definitions.* For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.

(2) "Produce" and "manufacture" mean and include all making and finishing operations prior to packing or packaging.

(3) "Finished production" means paper or paperboard ready for packing or packaging.

(4) "Grade" as used in paragraph (d) means any kind of paper or paperboard for which a caption is provided in Form WPB–514, except containerboard 211000 to 219000 inclusive, as currently revised, or any particular grade even though not specifically mentioned within such kind. Also included are all coated papers not mentioned by captions but for which any captioned grade or item thereunder is used as a base stock.

(c) *Restrictions on production of paper and paperboard.* Unless specifically authorized by the War Production Board, no person shall produce paper or paperboard on any paper machine (Yankee, Harper, Fourdrinier, Cylinder or Wet Machine), which did not produce paper or paperboard in the period May 1, 1943 to July 15, 1943 inclusive.

(d) *Reserve production.* (1) Each manufacturer of paper or paperboard shall reserve in the production for each of his mills for the month of March 1944 and for each calendar month thereafter time and supplies sufficient to produce and deliver within such month the following reserve production percentages:

NOTE: The following table amended Mar. 22, 1944.

Class	WPB–514 Caption	Percent
Paperboard (except container board).	221100 to 269000 inclusive.	45
Condenser tissue	047200	100
Paper (other than condenser tissue).	All other captions	20

(or any other percentage of such production by grade or in total as the War Production Board may from time to time designate by notice in writing to each mill or by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, at least 10 days prior to the month for which such production is reserved). When any reserve percentage is designated by grade or combination of grades, this percentage shall apply to the average monthly finished production of such grade or combination of grades which such mill has, of record, reported on WPB–514 for the most recent three calendar quarters. The War Production Board may direct, on or before the 15th day of any month, any such manufacturer to employ such reserve, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) (2) to produce any grades of paper or paperboard which such manufacturer is qualified to produce at such mill and in any quantity not exceeding the tonnage of such reserve production represented by the percentages designated for such month by the War Production Board, and may require such manufacturer to sell and deliver such tonnage to any person named by the War Production Board. Any order taken by a mill at the direction of the War Production Board shall reduce the reserve production for which such mill is obligated by the amount of finished production represented by such order. The manufacturer may refuse so to produce and deliver such reserve production only for the reasons specified for the refusal of rated orders in § 944.2 paragraph (b) of Priorities Regulation No. 1. If the manufacturer does not on or before the 15th day of the month in which such production is reserved receive from the War Production Board directions as to the disposition of all such production, he may employ the production for which no directions have been received as he may desire consistent with the provisions of this and other orders of the War Production Board.

(2) Any manufacturer who has accepted, directly or through another person, an order or orders for paper or paperboard to be produced for the account of any government department or agency, or for any other activity or use, listed in paragraph (d) (3) shall immediately report such acceptance in triplicate on Form WPB–3270, including other information provided for therein, and thereafter shall immediately report to the War Production Board on such form any change requested by the purchaser in any previously reported order or orders, if such change involves cancellation, a change in quantity or in the month of manufacture. When the order or orders or requested changes reported on Form WPB–3270 have been approved or disapproved by the War Production Board, the mill will be notified accordingly and if approved proper credit against the mill's reserve production will be recorded by mill and by company. Thereafter the mill shall produce such orders according to its schedule as reported to and approved by the War Production Board. (The reporting requirements of this paragraph have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget, pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.)

(3) Procurement activities:

1. United States Army
2. United States Army Map Service
3. United States Army Air Forces
4. United States Navy
5. The United States Marine Corps
6. The United States Coast Guard
7. United States Maritime Commission and War Shipping Administration
8. Lend Lease Administration—Foreign Economic Administration
9. Panama Canal
10. Bureau of Public Debt
11. United States Government Printing Office
12. United States Bureau of Engraving and Printing
13. Procurement Division of the United States Treasury
14. Office of Economic Warfare—Foreign Economic Administration (orders with an O. E. W. or F. E. A. approved export license)
15. United States Post Office
16. Producers of products or parts thereof, for any of the 15 procurement activities listed above to the extent that the primary paper or paperboard is to be used exclusively as a component part of the product or part thereof, or is to be used exclusively for the necessary packaging of the product or part thereof, to be delivered on a contract or purchase order issued by such activity. (Report Government Department Order number and name of converter or user.)

(e) *Restrictions on inventory.* Unless specifically authorized by the War Production Board or excepted by paragraph (e) (4):

(1) *Consumers inventories, except converters of products covered by Conservation Order M–241–a.* (After January 1, 1944 printers and publishers shall be governed by the inventory provisions of WPB Orders L–241 (Commercial Printing), L–244 (Magazines), L–245 (Books) and the provisions of this order shall not apply to them.

(i) No person shall knowingly deliver to any person except a paper merchant and no person except a paper merchant shall accept delivery of any quantity of paper or paperboard (other than newsprint) if the total inventory in the hands of the person accepting delivery is, or will by virtue of such acceptance become, either (a) in excess of two carloads or (b), in excess of forty-five calendar days' supply, whichever is greater, on the basis of either his average rate of consuming such paper or paperboard for the preceding quarter or his average rate of consuming such paper or paperboard as projected for the then current quarter.

(ii) Regardless of the provisions of (1) (i) above, no person shall knowingly deliver to a manufacturer of folding boxes, setup boxes, or paper shipping sacks and no manufacturer of folding boxes, setup boxes, or paper shipping sacks shall accept delivery of any quantity of paper or paperboard (other than newsprint) if the total inventory in the hands of the person accepting delivery is, or will by virtue of such acceptance become either (a) in excess of two carloads or (b) in excess of sixty calendar days' supply, whichever is greater, on the basis of either his average rate of consuming such paper or paperboard for the preceding quarter or his average rate of consuming such paper or paperboard as projected for the then current quarter.

(2) *Merchants inventories.* After January 1, 1944, no person shall knowingly deliver to a paper merchant, and no paper merchant shall accept delivery of any quantity of paper or paperboard (other than newsprint) if the total inventory in the hands of such paper merchant is, or will by virtue of such acceptance become, either (a) in excess of two carloads, or (b), in excess of forty-five calendar days' supply, whichever is greater, on the basis of either his average rate of distributing such paper or paperboard for the preceding quarter or his average rate of distributing such paper or paperboard as projected for the then current quarter.

NOTE: Former paragraph (e) (2) (i) deleted, and subdivision (ii) redesignated subparagraph (2) Mar. 22, 1944.

(3) *Mill inventories.* "Mill inventory" means all paper and paperboard other than that produced or being produced for prompt shipment against a definite order.

No person shall produce at any mill any quantity of paper or paperboard, if his inventory at such mill is, or will by virtue of such production, become, in excess of (a) two carloads or (b), in excess of sixty calendar days' supply, whichever is greater, on the basis of

either the average rate of shipment of paper or paperboard from such mill for the preceding quarter or the average rate of shipment of paper or paperboard from such mill as projected for the then current quarter.

(4) *Item inventories.* The restrictions of paragraph (e) apply equally to paper and paperboard of foreign and domestic origin, and apply to intra company deliveries as defined in § 944.12 of Priorities Regulation No. 1. They do not, however, apply to those papers commonly reported on United States Department of Commerce (Census) Form WPB–514, as revised, under the captions "Blueprint and similar base stock (043110 and 043210); photographic and other sensitizing stock (043130, 043220 and 043230); and Cigarette (047300)"; or to any paper or paperboard after it is printed or converted beyond waxing or coating.

(f) *Miscellaneous provisions*—(1) *Records.* All persons affected by this order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production and sales.

(2) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this order shall upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(3) *Reports.* All persons affected by this order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time request, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(4) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of or from processing or using materials under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(5) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(6) *Communications.* All communications concerning this order shall unless otherwise directed be addressed to War Production Board, Pulp and Paper Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: M–241.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4082; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:12 a. m.]

PART 3281—PULP AND PAPER

[General Conservation Order M–241, Direction 2, Revocation]

PAPER AND PAPERBOARD

Direction No. 2 to *General Conservation Order M–241* is hereby revoked.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4086; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:14 a. m.]

PART 3285—LUMBER AND LUMBER PRODUCTS

[Order L–335]

LUMBER CONSUMERS' REQUIREMENTS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of lumber for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3285.121 *Order L–335*—(a) *What this order does.* This order requires large consumers of lumber to file application with the War Production Board stating their requirements for the second and third quarters of 1944 and prohibits them from receiving lumber after April 25, 1944, unless they file their applications. These applications will be used by the War Production Board as a basis for authorizing the applicants to receive lumber, during part of the second and all of the third quarters, under procedures which will replace existing procedures under other orders. These procedures will be described in a later revision of this order.

(b) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Lumber" means any sawed or hewed railway cross ties and switch ties, and any sawed lumber of any species, size or grade including round edge, rough, dressed on one or more sides or edges, dressed and matched, shiplapped, worked to pattern, or grooved for splines, except:

(i) Dogwood, rattan, and aircraft grade of sitka spruce;

(ii) Shingles, lath, and slabs;

(iii) Edging, trim, and off-fall less than three inches wide or less than four feet long, unless produced for the purpose of evading this order;

(iv) Hardwood flooring;

(v) Items produced from lumber but not classified in the trade as "lumber" such as box shook, last blocks, and mill work;

(vi) Used lumber.

(2) "Class I Consumer" means any person, who either received more than 50,000 board feet of lumber during the last quarter of 1943 or expects that he will need to receive more than 50,000 board feet of lumber during either the second or third quarters of 1944, for all purposes, except: (i) operations for which producers have been assigned serial numbers under Order P–56 (regarding mines and smelters); (ii) operations directly incident to the discovery, development, or depletion of a petroleum pool as authorized by Petroleum Administrative Order 11; (iii) resale by a sawmill or distributor; (iv) use outside the 48 states and the District of Columbia; and (v) construction jobs which have been expressly authorized by the War Production Board or by any other Federal agency whose authorization makes it unnecessary to get permission from the War Production Board for construction. This exception does not include those construction jobs which do not require the permission of the War Production Board or any Federal agency under Order L–41.

(3) "Sawmill" means:

(i) Any mill or plant, stationary or portable, which produces any lumber; and,

(ii) Any concentration yard or plant other than a mill if the yard or plant is located in a producing area and processes by drying, sawing, edging, planing, or some other comparable method, 25 percent or more of the total volume of logs and lumber which it receives.

(iii) The term "sawmill" does not include any establishment known in the trade as a distribution yard engaged in either retail or wholesale business, even though such a yard may process more than 25 percent of the volume of lumber it receives for the servicing of special orders from customers.

(4) "Sawmill stock" means any lumber in the possession of a "sawmill."

(5) "Distributor" means any person who buys lumber from a "sawmill" or from another distributor for resale either at wholesale or retail.

(6) "Distributor stock" means any lumber which a distributor has in his possession for resale, or for his own use.

(7) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(c) *Acceptance of lumber in second quarter without filing application forbidden.* No "Class I consumer" may receive any lumber from any source after April 25, 1944 unless on or before April 25, he has filed with the War Production Board form WPB–3640. This means that if a "Class I consumer" does not file application he is forbidden to receive any lumber even though he has a preference rating for it or has been authorized to receive lumber under another order, regulation, or certificate of the War Production Board. The only exceptions are:

(1) A "Class I consumer" may receive the amount of lumber necessary for a construction job which has been authorized in writing by the War Production Board or by any other Federal agency whose authorization makes it unnecessary to get permission for construction from the War Production Board. He may not, under this exception, receive lumber for those construction jobs which

do not require the permission of the War Production Board, or any other Federal agency under Order L–41.

(2) A "Class I consumer" who is also in the mining or smelting business may receive lumber for an operation which has been assigned a serial number under Order P–56.

(3) A "Class I consumer" who is also in the petroleum industry may receive lumber for operations directly incident to the discovery, development, or depletion of a petroleum pool as authorized by Petroleum Administrative Order 11.

(4) A "Class I consumer" who also has a sawmill or a distribution yard may receive lumber for resale.

(5) A "Class I consumer" may receive lumber if authorized in writing by the War Production Board and if the written authorization expressly refers to this order and grants an exception from it.

(d) *Receipt of lumber by Class I consumers who have filed applications.* Until otherwise notified by the War Production Board either through an amendment of this order or by action on his application, a "Class I consumer" who has filed his application may receive lumber to the extent he is authorized by other applicable orders and regulations of the War Production Board, and he may procure lumber under the procedures provided in such orders for delivery at any time in the future until otherwise provided.

(e) *Receipts from own sawmill stock or distribution stock included.* Under the definitions provided for in this order a person may find that his operations make him both a "sawmill" and a "Class I consumer" or both a "distributor" and a "Class I consumer", or he may be all three. Any person who finds that he is a "Class I consumer" as well as a "distributor" or a "sawmill" must file an application for permission to receive lumber for that part of his operation which makes him a "Class I consumer." For example, if a person has his own sawmill or distribution yard and also maintains his own cut-up plant, box factory or other plant where fabricated products are made from lumber or he uses lumber for purposes other than resale, he must apply for permission to use his "sawmill stock" or "distribution stock" in another piece of machinery, department, or plant which turns out products other than lumber, such as fabricated products or parts for fabricated products either for his own use or resale. The term "fabricated products" includes hardwood flooring but does not include softwood flooring which is included in the definition of lumber.

(f) *Existing lumber orders and procedures.* This order for the present in no way affects the manner in which lumber is controlled under other lumber orders and particularly orders L–218, L–290, M–361, and M–364. In other words, except for "Class I consumers" all transactions in lumber will continue to be handled as if this order did not exist. Even "Class I consumers" can make purchases and arrange for delivery of lumber in compliance with other applicable orders provided their applications on Form WPB-3640 are filed with the War Production Board by April 25, 1944. Before the end of the second quarter this order will be amended and new procedures will be established under which all consumers will be authorized to receive lumber.

(g) *Restrictions on delivery.* No person shall sell, ship, or deliver, or cause to be sold, shipped or delivered, any lumber which he knows or has reason to believe will be used in violation of the provisions of this order, or any other order or regulation of the War Production Board.

(h) *Reports.* Any person shall execute and file with the War Production Board such other reports and questionnaires as the War Production Board may, from time to time, require, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(i) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by mailing a letter to the War Production Board referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(j) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(k) *Application and communications.* Form WPB-3640 for use in filing applications under this order may be obtained at any War Production Board District Office. All communications, unless otherwise directed, must be addressed as follows: Lumber and Lumber Products Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: L–335.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4079; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:12 a. m.]

PART 3292—AUTOMOTIVE VEHICLES, PARTS AND EQUIPMENT

[Limitation Order L–270, Interpretation 2]

APPLICATION OF THE TERM "CHUCK GAUGES" IN SCHEDULE A

In order to remove any uncertainty as to the meaning of the term "Chuck Gauges (tire air pressure)", appearing on Schedule A to Limitation Order L–270, as one of the items the production of which is prohibited by that order, the following official interpretation is issued:

The term "Chuck gauges (tire air pressure)", refers to any type of air pressure measuring gauge which is attached in any manner to a flexible air line to be used for inflating tires.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4081; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:12 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M–300, as amended Mar. 16, 1944, Amdt. 1]

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

Appendices A, B and C of § 3293.1000 *General Allocation Order M–300* are amended to read as follows:

APPENDIX A—ALLOCATION USING FORMS WPB–2945 AND WPB–2946 (FORMERLY PD–600 AND 601)

(NOTE: Hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue added Mar. 22, 1944)

Material	Schedule	Customers' filing date (WPB–2945)	Suppliers' filing date (WPB–2946)	Small order exemption per allocation period. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule; "c" indicates small order certificate required by schedule.)	Report on Form WPB–3442	Initial allocation date and allocation period. (*Indicates user's stocks frozen.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Nicotinic acid	1 (Issued 2–11–44)	15th	20th	1 kilogram	None	5–4–43, month.
Anhydrous hydrofluoric acid	4 (Issued 2–11–44)	15th	20th	500 lbs.	None	3–1–44, month.
Benzaldehyde	7 (Issued 3–10–44)	15th	20th	50 lbs.	None	4–1–44, month.
Hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue.	8 (Issued 3–22–44)	15th	20th	1200 lbs. of hide and extracted bone glue, and 6000 lbs. of green bone glue.	Yes	4–1–44, month.

APPENDIX B—ALLOCATION USING SUPPLIERS' FORM WPB-2947 (FORMERLY PD-602) WITH CUSTOMERS' USE CERTIFICATES

NOTE: No additions since Mar. 16, 1944.

Material	Schedule	Suppliers' filing date (WPB-2947)	Small order exemption per allocation period—No certificate required. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule)	Report on Form WPB-3442	Initial allocation date and allocation period
1	2	3	4	5	6
Riboflavin	2 (Issued, 2-11-44)	20th	100 grams	None	4-1-43, month.
Peroxygen chemicals: Hydrogen peroxide; Sodium peroxide; Sodium perborate	5 (Issued 3-28-44)	20th	600 lbs; 75 lbs; 25 lbs	Yes	4-1-44, month.

APPENDIX C—ALLOCATION USING FORM WPB-2947 (FORMERLY PD-602) FOR SUPPLIERS, AND CUSTOMERS' FORM WPB-2945 (FORMERLY PD-600) FOR LARGE ORDERS AND USE CERTIFICATES FOR INTERMEDIATE ORDERS

NOTE: No additions since Mar. 16, 1944.

Material	Schedule	Customers' Applications		Small order exemption per allocation period. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule; "c" indicates small order certificate required by schedule)	Suppliers' filing date (WPB-2947)	Report On Form WPB-3442	Initial allocation date and allocation period
		On Form WPB-2945, filing date and quantities per allocation period from all suppliers.	Use certificate quantities per allocation period from all suppliers				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Thiamine hydrochloride	3 (Issued 2-11-44)	15th—more than 2,000 grams.	Between 100-2,000 grams.	100 grams	20th	None	5-4-43, month.
Citric acid	6 (Issued 3-28-44)	1st—15,000 pounds or more.	Between 440-15,000 pounds.	440 pounds per quarter.	10th	On Form WPB-2772 instead.	7-1-43, quarter.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4080; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:13 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 8]

HIDE GLUE EXTRACTED BONE GLUE AND GREEN BONE GLUE

§ 3293.1008 *Schedule 8 to General Allocation Order M-300*—(a) *Definitions.* (1) "Hide glue" means glue known commercially as hide glue, including the types of glue known as coney and chrome glue, and also technical gelatin of the type known as clarified hide glue.

(2) "Extracted bone glue" means glue made from dry bones and known commercially as extracted bone glue.

(3) "Green bone glue" means glue of the type known commercially as green bone glue.

(4) The term "glue" where used alone means hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue.

(b) *General provisions.* Glue is subject to provisions of General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is April 1, 1944, and the allocation period is the calendar quarter. The small order exemption is 1,200 pounds or less of hide and extracted bone glue per person per calendar quarter, and an additional 6,000 pounds or less of green bone glue per person per calendar quarter.

(c) *Suppliers' applications on Form WPB-2946.* Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). The filing date is the 20th day of the month before the proposed delivery quarter. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-8. Separate sets of forms shall be filed for hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue respectively. Different plants under common ownership may file separate or combined suppliers' forms at their discretion. The unit of measure is pounds. Leave column 3 (grade) blank. An aggregate quantity may be requested without specifying customers' names, for delivery on exempt small orders. In Table II, leave column 8 blank and fill in the other columns as indicated. Substitute "Quarter" for "Month" in the headings throughout the form.

(d) *Customers' applications for authorization on Form WPB-2945.* Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 15th day of the month before the requested allocation quarter. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-8, one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier, if any, and retain one copy. File separate sets of forms for green bone glue as opposed to hide glue and extracted bone glue (hide and extracted bone glue may be combined on the same form). The unit of measure is pounds. Leave columns 1, 11 and 19 (grade) blank. Fill in column 3 in terms of the following:

Abrasives.
Adhesives.
Book binding.
Containers of wood, paper and fibre.
Cork products (however, designate gaskets as such).
Flexible glue.
Gaskets.
Gummed paper and tape.
Matches.
Paper and paper products (however, designate paper containers, gummed paper and tape as such).
Printer rollers.
Textiles.
Woodwork (however, designate wooden containers as such).
Other products (describe).
Resale as such.
Export as such.

Fill in the other columns of Table I, and Columns 13 through 18 in Tables II and III as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

Substitute "Quarter" for "Month" in the headings throughout the form.

(e) *One time base-period report.* Each person (including suppliers who consume part of their own stocks, but excluding government departments and agencies) shall file a one time base-period report on Form WPB-3442, on or before the date of his initial application for glue pursuant to paragraph (d) above. It is not necessary to report again under this paragraph if the same report has previously been made in accordance with the special direction dated March 10, 1944, which called for the same information as this paragraph.

Separate sets of forms shall be prepared for hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue respectively, and for each different plant. One copy of each set shall be retained and one copy forwarded to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-8.

In the heading specify in space (1) the kind of glue, in space (2) "pounds", and in space (3) "M-300-8." Fill in the other spaces as indicated.

In section (1) fill in column (a) as indicated and leave column (b) blank. In the heading of column (c) specify "1941," in the heading of column (d) specify "1942," in the heading of column (e) specify "1943," in the heading of column (f) specify "receipts 7/1/42 to 7/1/43," and fill in these columns accordingly on the bottom line of section (1). Sales and exports of glue as such may be combined on the last line of the sec-

tion and this line should be filled in for columns (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f). Leave column (g) blank.

Leave section II blank.

(f) *Approval of reporting requirements.* Forms WPB–2945, 2946 and 3442 and the instructions in this schedule and in Appendix A of Order M–300 for applications and reports regarding glue have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(g) *Communications to War Production Board.* Reports and communications concerning this schedule shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M–300–8.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4089; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:13 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Allocation Order M–365]

PINE OIL

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of pine oil for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3293.576 *Allocation Order M–365*—(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Pine oil" means any mixture of secondary or tertiary terpene alcohol and terpene hydrocarbons produced by steam and solvent distillation by wood Naval stores producers, or by destructive distillation by wood Naval stores producers, or by chemical synthesis.

(2) "Producer" means a person who produces pine oil or has it produced for him under toll agreement.

(3) "Distributor" means a person who buys or stocks pine oil for the purpose of resale or distribution in the form in which it was received.

(4) "Consumer" means a person who uses pine oil or incorporates pine oil with any other material.

(5) "Supplier" means a producer or a distributor.

(b) *Restrictions on suppliers.*[1] On and after April 1, 1944:

(1) No supplier shall use pine oil except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board on Form WPB–2947.

(2) No supplier shall deliver pine oil except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board on Form WPB–2947. If the person accepting delivery is a consumer of pine oil, the supplier shall not make the delivery (even though authorized on Form WPB–2947) unless the consumer has furnished the supplier with the end use certificate set forth in Appendix A.

(c) *Restrictions on consumers.* On and after April 1, 1944, no consumer shall accept delivery of pine oil in excess of 54 gallons from all sources in any calendar month, unless he shall have furnished his supplier with the end use certificate set forth in Appendix A. Each consumer accepting delivery of pine oil pursuant to the end use certificate shall use the pine oil only for the purposes certified.

(d) *Exemption for small deliveries.* On and after April 1, 1944, any consumer may accept delivery of and use for any purpose, not more than 54 gallons of pine oil from all sources in any calendar month, provided he furnishes the supplier with the "Small Order Certificate" set forth in Appendix A. No supplier shall make small deliveries of pine oil in excess of the aggregate quantity authorized by the War Production Board for small deliveries in such calendar month.

(e) *Exemption for mines serialized under Order P–56.* All deliveries of pine oil to persons holding serial numbers under Preference Rating Order P–56 are exempt from the provisions of this order, *Provided, however,* That:

(1) Such persons shall place on their purchase orders the endorsement appearing in paragraph (g) of Preference Rating Order P–56; and

(2) Producers and distributors shall report each month on Form WPB–2947 the total quantity of proposed monthly deliveries of pine oil to such persons and list the serial numbers of such persons. No break-down of deliveries by name of customer or by serial number is necessary.

(f) *Authorizations to deliver pine oil.*[1] Each supplier requiring authorization to deliver or use pine oil, shall file with the Chemicals Bureau, War Production Board, three copies of Form WPB–2947 (formerly PD–602) on or before the 20th of the month preceding the month in which delivery is to be made. However, applications for April deliveries may be made as soon as possible after March 20, 1944. Instructions for filling out this form are set forth in Appendix B. One copy of Form WPB–2947 will be returned to the applicant on which the War Production Board will indicate the quantity of pine oil which may be delivered.

(g) *Consumer's report of disposition and stocks of pine oil.*[1] Each person (including persons engaged in the mining or smelting of non-ferrous metals, whether serialized or non-serialized) who expects to consume more than 54 gallons of pine oil in any calendar month shall, on or before April 1, 1944, file with the Chemicals Bureau, War Production Board, Form WPB–3442, setting forth a report of 1943 consumption of pine oil, and stocks of pine oil on hand March 1, 1944. Consumption or use figures in Section I of that report shall be broken down according to calendar quarters of 1943. In Section II of that report, fill in only Columns (a) and (b). In Column (b) give actual stocks as of March 1, 1944. Unless such report shall have been filed with the War Production Board on or before April 1, 1944, War Production Board may defer issuance of authorization to deliver pine oil to any person failing to file such report.

(h) *Duration of specific authorization.* If it is not practicable for a supplier to make all deliveries of pine oil in the allocation period for which specifically authorized, he may complete them as early as practicable in the next allocation period, but the purchaser must place his order before the end of the allocation period and may not require postponement of delivery beyond ten days after the allocation period. Specific authorization to use pine oil shall be valid for forty-five days after receipt of the specific authorization or of the material allocated for the use, whichever is later. What pine oil is not used in this period may not be used for any purpose until further authorized or directed.

(i) *Special directives.* The War Production Board may from time to time issue special directives to any person with respect to the delivery of pine oil, notwithstanding the other provisions of this order.

(j) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(k) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(l) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference M–365.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX A

END USE CERTIFICATE

A certificate in substantially the following form, either signed manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation No. 7, must be furnished by any consumer to his supplier for any pine oil acquired in excess of 54 gallons, from all sources, in any calendar month:

The undersigned consumer hereby certifies to the War Production Board and to _____ (insert name and address of supplier) that he is familiar with the provisions of Order M–365, and that the pine oil listed on his purchase order, dated _____, will be put to the following end uses:

Gallons	*Primary Product*	*End Use*
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

_____
Name of consumer

By _____
Name and title of duly authorized official

[1] Forms WPB–2947 and WPB–3442 have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

The "End Use" column in the certificate should be filled out in detail. For example, disinfectant manufacturers should state the percentage of the total gallonage requested which will be used in disinfectants sold directly to the Army and Navy, to Ordnance plants or for use in public buildings or on transportation equipment (such as railroads, bus lines, etc.) or for civilian use. Persons engaged in the textile industry or serving the textile industry with products containing pine oil should state under "Primary Product" whether the pine oil is to be used for "textiles" or "textile soaps." If "textile soaps" is the "Primary Product," specify under "End Use" whether the soap is to be used for fulling, scouring, kier boiling, or whatever other use is to be made of the soap.

SMALL ORDER CERTIFICATE

A certificate in substantially the following form, either signed manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation No. 7, must be furnished by any consumer to his supplier for any pine oil acquired under the small deliveries provisions in paragraph (d) of this order:

The undersigned hereby certifies to the War Production Board and to _____ (insert name and address of supplier) that he is familiar with the provisions of Order M-365, and that his acceptance of delivery of pine oil listed on his purchase order, dated _____, will not, together with all other deliveries of pine oil acquired by him from all other sources, during the month of _____ exceed 54 gallons.

_____
Name of consumer

By_____
Name and title of duly authorized official

APPENDIX B

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING APPLICATIONS ON FORM WPB-2947 (FORMERLY PD-602) FOR SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION TO USE OR DELIVER PINE OIL

1. *Form WPB-2947.* Copies of Form WPB-2947 may be obtained at local field offices of the War Production Board.

2. *Who should file.* Specific authorization of the War Production Board is required for any producer or distributor to use or deliver pine oil.

3. *Special instructions for filling out form.* Follow the instructions on the form except where they conflict with specific instructions given below:

Heading. Under "WPB Order No.", specify "M-365"; in the space indicating the period during which deliveries are to be made, strike out the word "quarter" and indicate the month and year during which deliveries are to be made; under "Unit of measure", specify "Gallons"; under "Address of plant or warehouse", suppliers should specify the principal office address and file one form only for all producing plants; and otherwise fill in as indicated.

A. *Table I.* Producers fill in as follows:

(a) Except for small order deliveries as explained below, list in Column 1, names of distributors and consumers from whom orders have been received requesting delivery during the following month. Small deliveries proposed to be made under paragraph (d) of this order should be estimated. Specify "small deliveries" in Column 1 and fill in the aggregate amount of such deliveries of pine oil in Column 4; do not list the name of each customer. Also specify in Column 1 "Serialized mines" and below it list the serial numbers appearing on purchase orders on hand for delivery of pine oil during the following month, to persons who placed on their purchase orders the endorsement appearing in paragraph (g) of Order P-56. Opposite it in Column 4, give total gallonage of such purchase orders. No break-down by names of customers or by serial numbers need be given.

(b) In Column 1-a, list the product and end use for consumers only.

(c) In Column 4, specify quantity ordered in gallons.

(d) Leave all other columns in this Table blank.

Table II. Producers should fill in all columns except Column 16.

B. *Table I.* Distributors fill in as follows:

(a) Except for small order deliveries as explained below, list in Column 1, names of consumers from whom orders have been received requesting delivery during the following month. Small deliveries proposed to be made under paragraph (d) of this order should be estimated. Specify "small deliveries" in Column 1 and fill in the aggregate amount of such deliveries of pine oil in Column 4; do not list the name of each customer. Also specify in Column 1 "Serialized mines" and below it list the serial numbers appearing on purchase orders on hand for delivery of pine oil during the following month, to persons who placed on their purchase orders the endorsement appearing in paragraph (g) of Order P-56. Opposite it in Column 4, give total gallonage of such purchase orders. No break-down by names of customers or by serial numbers need be given.

(b) Do not fill in Columns 5, 5-a, 6 and 7.

Table II. Distributors should fill in only Columns 10, 12 and 13.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4085; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:14 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Conservation Order M-367, Revocation]

CHEMICAL GLUE

Section 3293.586 *Conservation Order M-367* is revoked, effective April 1, 1944.

Beginning April 1, 1944, hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue will be subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 8 (§§ 3293.1000 and 3293.1008).

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4083; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:13 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Conservation Order M-368 as Amended Mar. 22, 1944]

HIDE GLUE STOCK

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of hide glue stock for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3293.591 *Conservation Order M-368*—(a) *Restrictions on use of hide glue stock.* (1) No person shall use the following types of hide glue stock to make gelatin, edible or inedible:

(i) Green and salted hide trimmings including limed hide trimmings, salted tips, cattle tail pieces.

(ii) Limed and pickled cattle trimmings including limed and pickled hide trimmings, limed cattle pieces.

(iii) Goat trimmings including long haired, short haired, de-haired.

(iv) Chrome stock including chrome splits, chrome shavings, chrome trimmings.

(v) Coney stock.

(vi) Goat and sheep fleshings.

(vii) Packers trimmings including green and salted ears, lips, snouts, and tails, green and salted sinew and pizzles.

(viii) Sheep trimmings including limed sheep trimmings, limed sheep tails, pickled sheep.

(ix) Horse fleshings.

(x) Calf fleshings.

(xi) Horse and beam trimmings including green and salted horse trimmings, limed horse trimmings, horse tail pieces.

(xii) Sole leather fleshings.

(xiii) Common and #2 fleshings.

(xiv) Other cattle fleshings including sulfide fleshings, kip fleshings.

(xv) Raw hide shavings.

The above restriction applies to any processing of the above materials to prepare them for use in the manufacture of gelatin.

(2) On and after January 29, 1944, no person shall use natural colored cattle chrome stock, including chrome splits, chrome shavings and chrome trimmings, for fertilizer tankage or, after April 15, 1944, to make products (other than glue) used in treating textiles, such as detergents, dispersion agents, wetting agents or stain remover.

(b) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(c) *Communications to the War Production Board.* All appeals filed hereunder and all other reports and communications shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Chemical Bureau, Washington 25, D. C. Ref: M-368.

(d) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provisions of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or accepting further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(e) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4084; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:13 a. m.]

PART 3294—IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION

[Order M-21-i]

MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created

a shortage in the supply of malleable iron castings for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3294.113 *Order M–21–i*—(a) *Inventory limitations.* No person may accept delivery of any malleable iron castings if his inventory of such castings will after acceptance exceed what he reasonably expects to use in his authorized operations during the next 45 days. No person may deliver malleable iron castings if he knows or has reason to believe that such delivery will increase the recipient's inventory above this 45-day limitation.

(b) *Exception.* This order shall not apply to the delivery of any malleable iron castings produced before the effective date hereof.

(c) *Appeals.* Any producer or purchaser of malleable iron castings who believes that the terms of this order result in undue hardship may appeal by letter stating the relief requested and the reasons it is necessary.

(d) *Communications.* All appeals and other communications concerning this order should be addressed to Redistribution Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M–21–i.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4087; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:14 a. m.]

Subchapter D—Office of the Rubber Director

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 4600—RUBBER, SYNTHETIC RUBBER, BALATA AND PRODUCTS THEREOF

[Rubber Order R–1, as Amended Jan. 12, 1944, Amdt. 2]

Rubber Order R–1 as amended January 12, 1944 is hereby amended by amending List 21, Appendix II to read as follows, effective April 1, 1944:

LIST 21—REGULATIONS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF RUBBER FOOTWEAR

(a) *General provisions.* (1) The manufacture of rubber footwear and canvas rubber soled shoes shall be limited to the items shown in sub-divisions (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this List 21.

(2) All rubber footwear and canvas shoes shall be manufactured in black color compound only.

(3) Unlimited plus or minus variations from average weight of total crude rubber and latex per pair are permitted provided the over-all consumption of crude rubber and latex does not exceed total permitted consumption on the basis of listed ceilings for all items manufactured.

(4) Reclaimed rubber and general purpose synthetic rubber except neoprene may be consumed in any amount required for the manufacture of these products.

Average Weight of Crude Rubber and Latex per Pair Maximum (in Pounds)

(b) *Essential health items.*

Men's short boots—regulation height	0.08
Women's short boots—(molded heel)	.05
Men's lumber-over	.07
Men's 2-buckle perfection	.12
Men's 5-buckle rubber mid-weight arctic	.09
Men's 4-buckle rubber mid-weight arctic	.08
Men's 4-buckle rubber light-weight arctic	.06
Men's 4-buckle cloth farm-weight arctic	.05
Men's 4-buckle cloth light-weight arctic	.05
Boys' 3-buckle rubber light-weight arctic	.05
Youths' 3-buckle rubber light-weight arctic	.05
Women's 4-buckle rubber light-weight arctic (low heel)	.05
Women's 2-snap gaiter (rubber)	.025
Misses' 2-snap gaiter (rubber)	.025
Child's 2-snap gaiter (rubber)	.02
Men's 2-buckle work rubber	.05
Men's work rubber-storm & semi-storm	.05
Boys' storm work rubber	.04
Men's dress rubber-storm over & clog (full lined)	.03
Men's clog (molded)	.018
Boys' dress rubber-storm & over (soft back only)	.025
Youths' storm rubbers	.025
Women's toe rubbers	.01
Growing girls' storm rubber	.02
Misses' storm rubber	.02
Women's over	.02
Child's storm rubber	.015
Women's 10½" over-the-shoe arctic	.025
Misses' 9" over-the-shoe arctic	.025
Child's 8" over-the-shoe arctic	.02

(c) *Severe occupational items.*

Men's short boot (plaine toe)	.14
Men's short boot (steel toe)	.15
Men's storm king boot (plain toe)	.19
Men's storm king boot (steel toe)	.20
Men's storm king fireman's boot (plain toe)	.20
Men's hip boot and thigh (plain toe)	.24
Men's hip boot and thigh (steel toe)	.24
Men's 15" lace pac (plain toe)	.14
Men's 15" lace pac (steel toe)	.15
Men's 10" mine pac (plain toe)	.12
Men's 10" mine pac (steel toe)	.13
Men's work shoe (plain toe)	.09
Men's work shoe (steel toe)	.10
Women's work shoe (plain toe)	.09
Men's body boot	.33

(d) *Canvas rubber soled shoes of vulcanized construction.*

Men's training shoe—black duck upper	.12
Boys' training shoe—black duck upper	.12
Men's trimmed lace to toe bal. black or brown duck upper	.09
Boys' trimmed lace to toe bal. black or brown duck upper	.08
Youths' trimmed lace to toe bal. black or brown duck upper	.07
Little gents' lace to toe bal. black or brown duck upper (trimmed)	.06
Women's lace to toe gym bal. white duck upper	.07
Misses' lace to toe gym bal. white duck upper	.06
Men's untrimmed oxford white duck upper	.07
Boys' untrimmed cir. vamp oxford white duck upper	.07
Youths' untrimmed cir. vamp oxford white duck upper	.06

Average Weight of Crude Rubber and Latex per Pair Maximum (in Pounds)—Con.

(d) *Canvas rubber soled shoes of vulcanized construction*—Continued.

Women's untrimmed oxford white duck upper	0.07
Misses' untrimmed cir. vamp oxford white duck upper	.06
Childs' untrimmed cir. vamp oxford white duck upper	.05

(e) *Government order arsenal - ordnance order and munition plant order items.*

Men's hip boot BQD #113—16 April 1943	.38
Men's toplace short boot BQD #112—12 April 1943	.20
Men's lumber-over shell, Yukon type BQD #57F—7 May 1943	.18
Men's 4-bkle. rubber arctic (Army-Navy Spec.)	.19
Men's 5-bkle. rubber arctic with safety sole BQD #116—2 Sept. 1943	.17
Men's 4-bkle. cashmerette arctic BQD #55C—29 Jan. 1944	.14
Men's 4-bkle. extra large cashmerette arctic (Spec. pending)	.14
Women's 4-bkle. cashmerette arctic BQD #99B—20 Jan. 1944	.08
Women's 4-bkle. extra large cashmerette arctic (Spec. pending)	.08
Women's 2-snap gaiters (rubber) (BQD No. 70)	.06
Men's Jungle Boot BQD #79B—8 Nov. 1943	.10
Women's heavy storm rubber BQD 97A—1 Nov. 1943	.06
Men's short legging boot—conductive sole (Army Ord. Spec.)	.23
Men's short legging boot (Army Ord. Spec.)	.23
Men's powder-plant over-the-shoe boot	.22
Women's 10" pullover boot—conductive sole (Army Ord. Spec.)	.10
Men's work shoe—conductive sole (Army Ord. Spec.)	.19
Men's work rubber—conductive sole (Army Ord. Spec.)	.14
Men's clog—conductive sole (Army Ord. Spec.)	.10
Men's industrial hip boot—shell construction	.42
Men's industrial hip boot—shell construction—steel toe	.43
Men's industrial short boot—shell construction	.25
Men's industrial short boot—shell construction—steel toe	.27
Aviators' winter flying boot (Aero. Spec. M380–B)	(1)
Men's flying boot (A6)	(1)
Men's flying boot (A9)	(1)
D–1 electrically heated flying boot insert (Used in A9 boot)	.10
Men's flying boot (A10)	.13
Pilots' shoes—rubber surface—mukluk type (A13)	.14
Pilots' shoes—canvas and rubber—mukluk type (A14)	.10
Men's tennis shoe with safety sole BQD #117—26 July 1943	.07
Men's hip boot, medium weight (Navy Spec.)	.38
Men's short boot, heavy weight (Navy Spec.)	.28
Men's storm rubber (Navy Spec.)	.07
Men's clog non-slip sole (Navy Spec. M449)	.06
Men's clog molded (Navy Spec.)	.03
Women's snap gaiter (rubber) (Navy Spec.)	.06
Men's gym shoes (Navy Spec.)	.07
Women's gym shoe (Navy Spec.)	.07

[1] Cements only.

Average Weight of Crude Rubber and Latex per Pair Maximum (in Pounds)—Con.

(e) *Government order arsenal-ordnance order and munition plant order items*—Continued.

Men's training shoe (molded sole) (Navy Spec.)	0.12
Men's electrically heated flying boot (Navy-Aero M456)	.13
Men's 5-bkle. sea arctic N–1 non-slip sole (rubber) (Navy Spec. 72A–3)	.17
Men's wading suit (Aero Spec.)	.66
Men's wading shoe (Aero Spec.)	.08
Men's wader overshoe—armpit height (Engineers Spec.) BQD #139	.65
Men's wader over-the-foot, waist height (Signal Corps Spec.)	.50
Men's 2-bkle. cloth arctic (Marine Spec.)	.14
Men's 2-bkle. perfection (diving suits and felt boots) (Merchant Marine Spec.)	.17
Men's sea boot—non-slip sole, Navy Spec. 32B–6	.36
Men's firemen's storm king boot Navy 72B2 revised 8–30–43	.59
Men's 5-bkle. rub. arctic (Navy) 72–A–4 shore arctic N2	.22

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4088; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:13 a. m.]

PART 4600—RUBBER, SYNTHETIC RUBBER, BALATA AND PRODUCTS THEREOF

[Rubber Order R–1, Appendix III as Amended Mar. 22, 1944]

Introductory. Appendix III to Rubber Order R–1 as amended is a compilation of supplementary orders and directives of general applicability which affect rubber and rubber products. In the past, these orders and directives have involved principally the conversion of products from crude rubber to synthetics and have been issued individually to the manufacturers of the particular products. The purpose of Appendix III is to issue these directives and miscellaneous supplementary orders in printed form.

The material in Appendix III is arranged in accordance with the following product classifications:

Mechanical goods: Wire and cable; Tires and tubes; Footwear; Heels and soles; Proofing and combining of fabrics; Medical, surgical, dental, drug sundries; and Miscellaneous.

Each of these product classifications has been assigned a section number commencing with § 4600.51. Supplementary orders and directives in each group are designated by letter.

§ 4600.50 *Applicability of Rubber Order R–1.* Supplementary orders and directives which appear in Appendix III shall govern in case of inconsistency with other provisions of Rubber Order R–1. These orders and directives may be incorporated in the Rubber Order from time to time, at the discretion of the War Production Board.

§ 4600.51 *Mechanical goods.* The following supplementary orders and directives are applicable to mechanical goods:

(a) *Vibration mount and shock absorber.* No crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of compression type mountings or insulations of Shore Durometer hardness of 40 and above. Crude rubber may, however, be used for bonding cements and for use in tie-gum compounds which shall not exceed 1/32" in thickness.

No crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed after March 1, 1944, in the manufacture of compression types of mountings or insulators having a Shore Durometer hardness of less than 40. Crude rubber may, however, be used for bonding cements and for use in tie-gum compounds which shall not exceed 1/32" in thickness.

No crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed after March 1, 1944, in the manufacture of plate, sandwich, tubular, or other types of shear mountings or insulations. This restriction covers mountings or insulations where the temperatures of applications are minus 40° F. and above. Aircraft engine and instrument mounts may be considered as falling in the applications functioning below minus 40° F. Crude rubber may be used for bonding cements and tie-gum compounds which shall not exceed 1/32" in thickness.

Torsional vibration dampers may be manufactured from crude rubber until further notice.

(b) [Deleted Jan. 12, 1944]

(c) *Pipe rings.* After February 1, 1944, no crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of pipe rings.

(d) *Milking machine inflations.* After April 1, 1944, no crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of milking machine inflations. During the month of March, 1944, no person shall manufacture milking machine inflations using crude rubber or natural latex in more than 50% of his production during the month.

(e) [Deleted Jan. 12, 1944]

(f) *Street car sandwich wheels.* After February 1, 1944, no crude rubber may be consumed in the manufacture of street car sandwich wheels, except that crude rubber may be used for bonding cements and tie-gum not to exceed 1/32" in thickness.

(g) *Hard rubber products.* Rubber Order R–1 as amended permits crude rubber to be consumed in the manufacture of the following blown hard rubber products: Bottles, fittings, pistons, valves, and valve parts for use with corrosive chemicals and explosives. It also permits crude rubber and natural latex to be consumed in the manufacture of hand made component hard rubber parts of machinery for the manufacture of rayon, explosives and corrosive chemicals. (See List 19, Appendix II).

After February 15, 1944, no crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of the above mentioned blown hard rubber products.

After February 15, 1944, the maximum percentage of crude rubber or natural latex by volume in any compound for hand made component parts of machinery for the manufacture of rayon, explosives and corrosive chemicals shall not exceed 10% by volume of the compound.

§ 4600.52 *Wire and cable.* The following supplementary orders and directives are applicable to wire and cable:

(a) [Deleted Jan. 12, 1944]

(b) [Deleted Jan. 12, 1944]

(c) [Deleted Jan. 12, 1944]

(d) *X-ray cable.* After February 1, 1944, no crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of X-ray cable, high voltage, as shown in List 27, Appendix II, under "Commercial Types".

(e) *Long range field wire.* After February 1, 1944, no crude rubber or natural latex may be consumed in the manufacture of W–143 long range field wire.

§ 4600.53 *Tires and tubes.* The following supplementary orders and directives are applicable to tires and tubes:

(a) *Fighter type and ice grip airplane tires.* Rubber Order R–1, List 29, requires that all airplane tires (except beaching gear tires) be manufactured in the S–5 or S–7 synthetic construction. These provisions shall not apply to fighter type and ice grip airplane tires. All fighter type and ice grip airplane tires shall be manufactured using natural rubber compounds throughout the tire until further notice; the compound grades to be used shall be B friction and B tread on all sizes except the following which shall be A friction and A tread.

Size	Ply	Type
47	12	Smooth contour landing.
51	14	Do.
56	16	Do.
65	18	Do.
65	22	Do.
44 x 12	14	High pressure special duty.
46 x 13	16	Do.
17.00 x 20	12	Low pressure landing.
19.00 x 23	16	Do.

(b) Deleted Feb. 15, 1944.

(c) Deleted Feb. 15, 1944.

(d) Deleted Feb. 15, 1944.

(e) Deleted Feb. 15, 1944.

§ 4600.54 *Footwear.* All outstanding supplementary orders and directives relating to footwear have been superseded by Rubber Order R–1 as amended.

§ 4600.55 *Heels and soles.* All outstanding supplementary orders and directives relating to heels and soles have been superseded by Rubber Order R–1 as amended.

§ 4600.56 *Proofing and combining of fabrics.* The following supplementary orders and directives are applicable to the proofing and combining of fabrics:

(a) *Industrial protective clothing.* Rubber Order R–1 as amended prohibits the consumption of crude rubber, natural latex or general purpose synthetics in the following item (Code 17, Schedule A): "Compounds for proofing fabrics designed for the manufacture of industrial occupational protective clothing, including cements for seaming, limited to aprons, leggings, sleeves, pants, coats,

jackets, hats, and fireman's and policeman's clothing other than footwear and gloves".

Manufacturers are hereby authorized to consume GR–S in addition to reclaimed rubber in compounds for proofing and seaming under this item.

§ 4600.57 *Medical, surgical, dental, drug sundries.* All outstanding supplementary orders and directives relating to medical, surgical, dental and drug sundries have been superseded by Rubber Order R–1 as amended.

§ 4600.58 *Miscellaneous.* The following supplementary orders and directives are applicable to miscellaneous rubber products or materials:

(a) *Pressure sensitive tape.* Rubber Order R–1 permits the consumption of general purpose synthetics, reclaimed or scrap rubber in the manufacture of pressure sensitive tape for industrial purposes to fill Government and civilian orders. Schedule A of the order requires certification by the purchaser as to his end use.

(1) Uses which are classified as "industrial" are set forth in the certification.

(2) *Certification.* With respect to civilian orders no person shall deliver or accept delivery of pressure sensitive tape (except high heat resistant and non-corrosive electric tape) unless the person acquiring the same shall certify to the seller and to the War Production Board in substantially the following form signed by an authorized official either manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation No. 7.

The undersigned hereby certifies to_____ _____ (insert name of seller) and to the War Production Board that the pressure sensitive tape specified in the accompanying purchase order and future purchase orders will not be sold or used by him except for one or more of the following purposes:

1. Repair of transportation facilities.
2. Maintenance and manufacture of industrial and mining equipment.
3. The manufacture of the following products and parts thereof:
   (a) Aircraft.
   (b) Armored tanks.
   (c) Ships.
   (d) Army transport vehicles.
   (e) Guns.
   (f) Small arms.
   (g) Signalling devices.
   (h) Precision instruments.
   (i) Munitions.
   (j) Electrical equipment.
   (k) Machine tools.
   (l) Vehicles for common carriers and related transportation facilities.
4. Splicing cotton jacketed cellulose gaskets for sealing drums and paint pails.
5. Production and shipping of photographic and motion picture film and X-ray film.
6. Sealing containers used to maintain sterility or vacuum in the manufacture of medicine and drugs; industrial and wholesale packaging of drugs and chemicals.

Name_____
By_____
Address_____
City_____
Date_____

The foregoing certification requirement does not apply to Government orders.

Certification in substantially the above form constitutes the approved form of certification required for deliveries of pressure sensitive tape.

The foregoing certification shall not be required for deliveries of pressure sensitive tape to a person who has already filed the certification with his supplier.

Certification of the purchaser may be relied upon by the seller unless the seller knows or has reason to believe that the certification is false.

(b) *Inflatable or pneumatic mattresses, cushions and pillows.* Rubber Order R–1 as amended does not permit the consumption of rubber or synthetic rubber in the manufacture of inflatable or pneumatic mattresses, cushions or pillows, to fill civilian orders.

In addition, the consumption of rubber or synthetic rubber in the manufacture of the foregoing products to fill Government orders is hereby prohibited except upon special authorization in writing by the War Production Board. (This supersedes SA–142.)

(c) *Shoe cements.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any quota directive 4–A or 4–B, no crude rubber or natural latex shall be consumed in the manufacture of shoe cements after December 31, 1943 without special authorization.

In order to receive adjustments of quota directives for this purpose, manufacturers should address a letter to the Manager of Allocations, Office of Rubber Director, Washington 25, D. C.

In this connection, it should be noted that Rubber Order R–1 as amended permits shoe cements containing crude rubber or natural latex only for shoe repairing.

(d) *Shoe cement inventories in hands of shoe manufacturers on January 1, 1944.* Shoe manufacturers who hold inventories of shoe cements which contain crude rubber or natural latex on January 1, 1944 are hereby authorized to use the same for the following permitted shoe manufacturing operations until April 1, 1944:

(1) Cutting and fitting room operations limited to: Folding uppers including French cord binding.

(2) Lasting room operations limited to: Bed, side and semi-automatic toe lasting; stitchdown construction lasting linings to insoles and uppers to midsoles or outsoles.

(3) Bottoming or making room operations limited to: Sole laying as follows—cementing bottoms and outsoles or butsole midsole combinations prior to permanent attachment; prewelt bottom assembly and permanent attachment of platforms and outsoles; McKay outsole channels.

(4) Stock fitting room operations limited to: Cementing welt insole ribs and lips; coating and attaching gem duck to welt innersoles.

(5) Special operations limited to: Joining leather welting.

Shoe manufacturers are hereby granted permission to purchase and sell such cements for use in the foregoing operations prior to April 1, 1944.

Inventories of shoe cements containing crude rubber or natural latex which remain in the hands of any shoe manufacturer on April 1, 1944 shall be reported to the Office of Rubber Director, War Production Board, by letter indicating the amounts of cement by type of operation.

(e) *Cements containing Neoprene for wood heels.* After February 1, 1944, no person shall deliver or accept delivery of cement containing Neoprene if he knows or has reason to believe that it will be used for covering wood heels. After February 15, 1944, no person shall use any cement containing Neoprene for the covering of wood heels except to fill Government orders.

(f) *Cements for non-leather shoes.* Cements containing general purpose synthetics may be used in the manufacture of shoes made from materials other than leather except that cements containing Neoprene shall be used only in the shoe manufacturing operations for which Neoprene is permitted in the manufacture of leather shoes by Amendment No. 1 to Rubber Order R–1 as amended.

(g) *Definition of light colored carcass scrap.* Rubber Order R–1 as amended refers to No. 1 and No. 2 light colored carcass. For the purposes of the order, No. 1 light colored carcass means all-white zinc carcass, and No. 2 light colored carcass means and includes light colored types such as white, pink, light grey, pure gum and light brown carcass.

(h) *Neoprene quota restrictions.* No person shall consume General Purpose Synthetic Neoprene types GR–M, GN or Latex without a quota assigned by quota directive or other authorization specifying the amounts which he may consume, and no person shall exceed the quantities which he is specifically authorized to consume in any designated period.

(i) *Temporary loans of general purpose synthetics.* A manufacturer may make a short term "loan" of general purpose synthetics to another manufacturer for permitted uses under Rubber Order R–1 as amended. A loan must not be made unless the person lending the material is reasonably certain that an equivalent amount of the material will be returned to him when he needs it. Full records of the loan transactions must be kept by both persons lending and persons borrowing, and the transactions must be reported as shipments or receipts on Form WPB–3410 for the calendar month in which the transactions occur. Each transaction shall be identified separately on the form under "remarks". Deliveries of material under this paragraph may be made without special authorization.

(j) *Elastic webbing.* Rubber Order R–1 includes the item, "elastic webbing not exceeding 4" in width" in Code 22, Schedule A. This item refers to combined knitted fabric cut to widths not exceeding 4".

(k) *Balata.* Rubber Reserve Company is hereby authorized to sell and deliver approximately 400 tons of mis-

cellaneous grades of balata which are showing signs of deterioration, to any person without specific authorization by the War Production Board, and any person who purchases balata under this paragraph is authorized to consume the same for any purpose without restriction.

Acquisition of balata for the manufacture of products for which rubber or synthetic rubber is also needed but not permitted by Rubber Order R–1, will in no way affect the disposition of subsequent appeals for permission to consume rubber or synthetic rubber.

All communications relating to the purchase of balata under this paragraph should be addressed to D. D. Haldane, Distributing Agent, Rubber Reserve Company, 15 Williams Street, New York, New York.

(1) *Butyl reclassified as special purpose synthetics.* All butyl type synthetic rubbers including standard, classes A, B, C, and D, are hereby reclassified as special purpose synthetics for the purposes of Rubber Order R–1 as amended.

Requests for allocation are to be filed with the Office of Rubber Director, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C. on Form WPB–2877, in duplicate, in accordance with the instructions accompanying the form.

NOTE: The reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

RUBBER DIRECTOR,
WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4078; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:12 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

PART 1420—BREWERY, DISTILLERY AND WINERY PRODUCTS

[MPR 445,[1] Amdt. 14]

DISTILLED SPIRITS AND WINES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation 445 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 3.7 is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 3.7 *Dates on which this article shall apply.* This article shall apply to all sales or offers to sell of items of packaged domestic distilled spirits by a processor on and after January 6, 1944, *Provided,* That with respect to sales of any item for which the processor is required or permitted to establish a special maximum price by authorization under Appendix F, if the processor files an application in accordance with Appendix F on or before January 21, 1944, the maximum price established for the item in accordance with Maximum Price Regulation No. 193 or other appropriate regulations or orders shall remain in force and effect until a special maximum price by authorization is established pursuant to Appendix F, or until May 21, 1944; notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) (1) of Appendix F of Article III, in the case of applications for the establishment of special maximum prices by authorization filed prior to March 21, 1944, the maximum prices proposed in such applications shall not be deemed authorized until May 21, 1944, unless an order establishing such maximum prices shall have been issued by the Price Administrator prior to March 21, 1944, or prior to May 21, 1944: *And provided further,* That this article shall not apply to any sale which the processor is required by statute, ordinance or regulation to make at a price posted or listed prior to the appropriate date referred to above, with a state or other public authority (if the price so posted or listed is greater or less than that established by this article for such sale) until on and after the first effective date for prices so posted or listed at the first opportunity following the fourth day after that date.

NOTE: In the following appendices the examples are offered for purposes of illustration only. The examples are not to be regarded as a substantive part of this regulation. They neither enlarge nor restrict the definitive provisions. The examples do not reflect the applicable amount of the increase effective April 1, 1944 in United States excise taxes.

2. The notes immediately following paragraphs (b) (1) (i) (*d*), (b) (1) (ii) (*e*), and (b) (1) (iii) (*e*) of Appendix E of Article III are amended to read as follows:

NOTE: The maximum prices so figured include applicable Federal, state or local excise taxes through November 2, 1942. The increases effective April 1, 1944 in Federal excise taxes, or new or increased state or local excise taxes not otherwise included in the prescribed uniform maximum price, may be added to that price in accordance with section 7.3.

3. A note is added immediately following paragraph (b) (2) of Appendix E of Article III to read as follows:

NOTE: The maximum prices so figured include applicable Federal, state or local excise taxes through November 2, 1942. The increases effective April 1, 1944 in Federal excise taxes, or new or increased state or local excise taxes not otherwise included in the prescribed uniform maximum price may be added to that price in accordance with section 7.3.

4. Paragraphs (b) (3) (i) (*a*) and (b) (3) (ii) (*a*) of Appendix E of Article III are amended to read as follows:

(*a*) Determine the prescribed uniform maximum price per case f. o. b. bottling plant, in accordance with subparagraph (1) above, for his sales of the item to wholesalers and monopoly states (excluding, however, the increase effective April 1, 1944, in Federal excise taxes or new or increased state or local excise taxes effective after November 2, 1942).

5. A note is added immediately following the second paragraph of paragraph (b) (3) (i) (*d*) of Appendix E of Article III to read as follows:

NOTE: The maximum prices so figured include applicable Federal, state or local excise taxes through November 2, 1942. The increases effective April 1, 1944, in Federal excise taxes, or new or increased state or local excise taxes not otherwise included in the prescribed uniform maximum price, may be added to that price in accordance with section 7.3.

6. A note is added immediately following the second paragraph of (b) (3) (ii) (*d*) of Appendix E of Article III to read as follows:

NOTE: The maximum prices so figured include applicable Federal, state or local excise taxes through November 2, 1942. The increases effective April 1, 1944, in Federal excise taxes, or new or increased state or local excise taxes not otherwise included in the prescribed uniform maximum price, may be added to that price in accordance with section 7.3.

7. Paragraph (b) (4) of Appendix E of Article III is amended to read as follows:

(4) *Processors' sales to consumers.* The processors' prescribed uniform maximum price provided in subparagraph (1) for sales of the item to wholesalers and monopoly states (excluding, however, the increase effective April 1, 1944, in Federal excise taxes or new or increased state or local excise taxes effective after November 2, 1942) plus the additions provided in section 5.3 (b) (2) and (3) (i) of Article V and the total thereof multiplied by the percentage markup provided in section 5.5 (b) (1) (i) of Article V for sales of packaged domestic distilled spirits by retailers to consumers, shall be the processors' prescribed uniform maximum price for sales of the item to consumers.

NOTE: The maximum prices so figured include applicable Federal, state or local excise taxes through November 2, 1942. The increases effective April 1, 1944 in Federal excise taxes, or new or increased state or local excise taxes not otherwise included in the prescribed uniform maximum price, may be added to that price in accordance with section 7.3.

8. Paragraph (d) is added to Appendix E of Article III to read as follows:

(d) *Determining amount of increase effective April 1, 1944 in Federal excise taxes.* The amount of the increase effective April 1, 1944, in Federal excise taxes which a processor may add to prescribed uniform maximum prices determined under this Appendix shall, in each instance, be figured by multiplying $3.00 by the number of proof gallons in the case being priced.

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* Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

[1] 8 F.R. 11161, 11851, 13496, 13500, 13845, 14016, 14401, 15913, 16997, 17415, 16928, 9 F.R. 303, 105, 2240.

9. There is added to the note immediately following Table II of Appendix E of Article III the following sentence:

See paragraph (d) for computation of increase effective April 1, 1944 in United States excise taxes.

10. There is added to the note immediately following Table III of Appendix E of Article III the following sentence:

See paragraph (d) for computation of increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes.

11. There is added to the note immediately following Table IV of Appendix E of Article III the following sentence:

See paragraph (d) for computation of increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes.

12. Section 7.3 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) *Treatment of increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes.* (1) On and after April 1, 1944, every seller must state upon each invoice to any class of customers (except monopoly states and consumers) that the prices stated in the invoice include the increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes or the 1944 floor stocks tax and that no markup may be applied to the amount thereof. A statement in substantially the following language upon the face of the invoice shall be deemed compliance with this section:

"Our invoice prices include the increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes or the 1944 floor stocks tax. OPA regulations prohibit a markup on the amount thereof.

Reference to floor stocks tax may be eliminated from the invoice after the seller has disposed of all merchandise upon which floor stocks tax was paid by him or by a prior vendor.

(2) For sales to monopoly states sellers of distilled spirits or wines who were heretofore required to separately state the amount of any tax which became effective after March 31, 1942, on the invoice issued in connection with each sale, or on a statement made in connection with any offer to sell, shall continue to do so notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) hereof.

13. An illustration is added following section 7.3 (c) to read as follows:

Illustration. As a guide to sellers in computing their maximum prices, the following tables are added. These tables show the amount of the increase effective April 1, 1944, in United States excise taxes for representative types, proofs and container sizes of distilled spirits and wines, but is not intended to be all-inclusive. For types, proofs, and container sizes not shown on the tables, every seller must compute the actual amount of the tax increase. No seller is permitted to apply a markup on the amount of the tax increase. In figuring maximum prices, sellers such as wholesalers or retailers who are required to price by use of a percentage markup applied to "net cost", shall figure maximum prices by (1) deduct the exact amount of the tax increase with respect to each item, (2) apply markup to "net cost" exclusive of tax increase, and (3) add the exact amount of the tax increase to that figure.

TAX INCREASE EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 1944, IN UNITED STATES EXCISE TAXES

TABLE I—DISTILLED SPIRITS [1]

Proof	Contents per case				
	4 gal.	3 gal.	2 4 gal.	1.5 gal.	1.2 gal.
100	$12.00	$9.00	$7.20	$4.50	$3.60
94.4	11.33	8.50	6.80	4.25	3.40
93	11.16	8.37	6.70	4.19	3.35
92	11.04	8.28	6.62	4.14	3.31
90.4	10.85	8.14	6.51	4.07	3.25
90	10.80	8.10	6.48	4.05	3.24
86.8	10.42	7.81	6.25	3.91	3.13
86	10.32	7.74	6.19	3.87	3.10
85	10.20	7.65	6.12	3.83	3.06
84	10.08	7.56	6.05	3.78	3.02
80.6	9.67	7.25	5.80	3.63	2.90
80	9.60	7.20	5.76	3.60	2.88
74	8.88	6.66	5.33	3.33	2.66
70	8.40	6.30	5.04	3.15	2.52
64	7.68	5.76	4.61	2.88	2.30
60	7.20	5.40	4.32	2.70	2.16
56	6.72	5.04	4.03	2.52	2.02
50	6.00	4.50	3.60	2.75	1.80
45	5.40	4.05	3.24	2.03	1.62

[1] Imported distilled spirits under 100 proof are taxed at the 100 proof rate, except that the 1944 floor stocks tax is figured on actual proof gallonage.

TABLE II—DISTILLED SPIRITS [1]

Proof	Contents per bottle							
	1 gal	½ gal.	quart	fifth	pint	tenth	½ pint	⅒ pt.
100	$3.00	$1.50	$0.75	$0.60	$0.38	$0.30	$0.19	$0.04
94.4	2.83	1.42	.71	.57	.36	.28	.18	.03
93	2.79	1.40	.70	.56	.35	.28	.18	.03
92	2.76	1.38	.69	.55	.35	.28	.18	.03
90.4	2.71	1.36	.68	.54	.34	.27	.17	.03
90	2.70	1.35	.68	.54	.34	.27	.17	.03
86.8	2.60	1.30	.65	.52	.33	.26	.17	.03
86	2.58	1.29	.65	.52	.33	.26	.16	.03
85	2.55	1.28	.64	.51	.32	.26	.16	.03
84	2.52	1.26	.63	.50	.32	.25	.16	.03
80.6	2.42	1.21	.61	.48	.31	.24	.15	.03
80	2.40	1.20	.60	.48	.30	.24	.15	.03
74	2.22	1.11	.56	.44	.28	.22	.14	.03
70	2.10	1.05	.53	.42	.27	.21	.13	.03
64	1.92	.96	.48	.38	.24	.19	.12	.03
60	1.80	.90	.45	.36	.23	.18	.11	.02
56	1.68	.84	.42	.34	.21	.17	.11	.02
50	1.50	.75	.38	.30	.19	.15	.10	.02
45	1.35	.68	.34	.27	.17	.14	.09	.02

[1] Imported distilled spirits under 100 proof are taxed at the 100 proof rate, except that the 1944 floor stocks tax is figured on actual proof gallonage.

TABLE III—WINES

Type	Contents per case						
	4 gal.	3 gal.	2.4 gal.	2.4375 gal.	2.25 gal.	1.5 gal.	1.2 gal.
Still wine not over 14%	$0.20	$0.15	$0.12	$0.12	$0.11	$0.08	$0.06
Still wine over 14% but not over 21%	.80	.60	.48	.49	.45	.30	.24
Still wine over 21% but not over 24%	4.00	3.00	2.40	2.44	2.25	1.50	1.20
Champagne and sparkling wines	3.20	2.40	1.92	1.95	1.80	1.20	.96
Carbonated wines	3.20	2.40	1.92	1.95	1.80	1.20	.96
Wine base cordials and liqueurs	3.20	2.40	1.92	1.95	1.80	1.20	.96

TABLE IV—WINES

Type	Contents per bottle										
	1 gal.	½ gal.	1 qt.	1 fifth	24 oz.	30 oz.	26 oz.	13 oz.	1 pt.	½ pt.	⅒ gal.
Still wine not over 14%	$0.05	$0.02	$0.01	$0.01	$0.01	$0.01	$0.01	$0.01	$0.01		
Still wine over 14% but not over 21%	.20	.10	.05	.04	.04	.05	.04	.02	.02	$0.01	$0.02
Still wine over 21% but not over 24%	1.00	.50	.25	.20	.19	.23	.20	.10	.12	.06	.10
Champagne and sparkline wines	.80	.40	.20	.16	.15	.19	.16	.08	.10	.05	.08
Carbonated wines	.80	.40	.20	.16	.15	.19	.16	.08	.10	.05	.08
Wine base cordials and liqueurs	.80	.40	.20	.16	.15	.19	.16	.08	.10	.05	.08

This amendment shall become effective March 21, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E. O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 21st day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4026; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[MPR 373,[1] Amdt. 43]

FINISHED PIECE GOODS IN HAWAII

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 60 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 60. *Maximum prices for finished piece goods at wholesale and retail*—(a) *To what commodities and transactions this section applies*—(1) *What commodities are covered.* This section applies to all finished piece goods 12" or more in width. These are classified as follows:

(i) *Woolen or worsted fabrics.* This classification includes all finished piece goods composed of 5% or more of woolen fiber.

(ii) *Dress goods.* This classification includes all finished piece goods commonly used for dress or other garment making except the following: Woolen or worsted fabrics, canvas, denim, cotton duck, cotton drill, men's shirting chambray, work clothing, suedes, whipcord, khaki, buckram, cotton jean, lining ma-

[1] 8 F.R. 5388, 6359, 6849, 7200, 7457, 8064, 8550, 10270, 10666, 10984, 11247, 11437, 11849, 12299, 12703, 13023, 13342, 13500, 14139, 14305, 14688, 15253, 15369, 15851, 15852, 15862, 16866, 16997, 17001; 9 F.R. 173, 393.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

terials, sateen, terry cloth, cotton twill, cotton flannel and flannelette, belting cloth, moleskin and coutil.

(iii) *Table damask.* This classification includes finished piece goods commonly known as table damask.

(iv) *Upholstery and drapery fabrics.* This classification includes all finished piece goods commonly used for upholstery and for draperies and includes repp, monk's cloth, damask, cretonne, brocatelle, mohair, brocades, tapestry, novelty upholstery fabrics, and chenille, but does not include denim, canvas, blackout cloth, ticking, buckram, burlap, lining materials, sateen, automobile upholstery and top material, window shade cloth and awning materials.

(v) *Curtain materials.* This classification includes all finished piece goods commonly used for curtains and includes marquisette, net scrim, lace and dotted swiss, but does not include oilcloth, kitchen cloth, shower cloth, gauze, mosquito netting and cheesecloth.

(vi) *All other fabrics.* This classification includes all finished piece goods not included in any of the foregoing classifications and includes finished piece goods commonly used for utility or household purposes such as oilcloth, kitchen cloth, shower cloth, canvas, demin, cotton duck, cotton drill, men's shirting chambray, work clothing suedes, whipcord, khaki, waterproof sheeting, blackout cloth, sheeting, towelling, casing, gauze, ticking, unbleached muslin, mosquito netting, cheesecloth, awning material, buckram, burlap, cotton jean, lining materials, sateen, terry cloth, cotton twill, cotton flannel and flannelette, diaper cloth, belting cloth, bunting, table and laundry felt, moleskin, coutil, buff cloth, filter press cloth, auto upholstery and top material, window shade cloth, and similar materials.

(2) *What transactions are covered.* This section applies to all sales by converter-jobbers and sales at wholesale and retail of the finished piece goods described in subparagraph (1) above.

(3) *Effect upon General Maximum Price Regulation for Hawaii and other maximum price regulations.* The provisions of this section supersedes the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation for the Territory of Hawaii, General Order No. 49, and all other maximum price regulations issued by the Office of Price Administration, except as hereinafter provided, with respect to sales at wholesale and at retail in the Territory of Hawaii of the finished piece goods set forth in subparagraph (1) above.

(b) *Maximum prices for sales at wholesale.* The maximum prices for sales at wholesale of finished piece goods shall be:

(1) Where the sale is by a wholesaler or jobber who has purchased the finished piece goods from a mainland converter as a Class I purchaser, the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the sum of the invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances except cash discounts up to 2% and the "landing costs" (as defined in paragraphs (f) or (g)), multiplied by 1.22; *Provided,* That:

(i) The wholesaler or jobber carries such finished piece goods in stock, and

(ii) The particular finished piece goods are to be sold out of such stock, and

(iii) The particular finished piece goods are invoiced and shipped directly from the establishment of the converter to the establishment of the wholesaler or jobber, and

(iv) The wholesaler or jobber has in his possession proof that he purchased as a Class I purchaser from the converter. (Where the wholesaler or jobber has purchased finished piece goods from a converter-jobber, he must also have in his possession proof that such finished piece goods were finished by or for the account of such converter-jobber and that no wholesale mark-up has been taken on the finished piece goods.)

(2) Where the sale is by a wholesaler or jobber who has purchased the finished piece goods from a mainland converter as a Class I purchaser and does not sell such finished piece goods out of stock and the finished piece goods were not shipped directly from the establishment of the converter to the establishment of the wholesaler, or jobber, the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances multiplied by 1.12: *Provided,* That:

(i) The wholesaler or jobber has in his possession proof that he purchased as a Class I purchaser from the converter. (Where the wholesaler or jobber has purchased finished piece goods from a converter-jobber, he must also have in his possession proof that such finished piece goods were finished by or for the account of such converter-jobber and that no wholesale mark-up has been taken on the finished piece goods.)

(3) Where the sale is by a wholesaler or jobber who has purchased the finished piece goods from a local wholesaler or jobber, the maximum price shall be the same as the maximum price of the local wholesaler or jobber from whom he purchased, as computed under subparagraph (1) or subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(4) Where the sale is by a wholesaler or jobber who has purchased the finished piece goods from a mainland converter as a Class II purchaser, or has purchased from a mainland wholesaler or jobber, the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the sum of the invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances except cash discounts up to 2% and the "landing costs" (as defined in paragraph (f) or (g)), except in the case of woolen or worsted fabrics sold to custom tailors. In such case the maximum price shall be determined by the pricing formula provided in subparagraph (1) above.

(5) *Sales by local sub-jobbers.* (i) The maximum price for sales by a local sub-jobber of any finished piece goods, listed and described in paragraph (a) of this section, to a retail establishment shall be:

(*a*) Where the sale is by a sub-jobber who purchased the finished piece goods from a mainland converter, as a Class II purchaser, or from a mainland converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber, the maximum price shall be computed by multiplying the converter's, converter-jobber's, wholesaler's or jobber's maximum selling price less all allowable discounts and allowances except cash discounts up to 3%, by 1.25.

(*b*) Where the sale is by a sub-jobber who purchased the finished piece goods from a local converter-jobber, wholesaler, or jobber, the maximum price shall be computed by multiplying the converter-jobber's, wholesaler's or jobber's maximum wholesale price, as computed under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, by 1.18.

(ii) Any sub-jobber who wishes to establish maximum prices in accordance with this paragraph must file with the Office of Price Administration, Hawaii Territorial Office, Honolulu, T. H., a petition for permission to do so. Such petition must show that the applicant has been regularly engaged in performing the function of a sub-jobber during the year 1943 and must also show the estimated percentage of sub-jobbing business done in relation to the total sales during the years 1942 and 1943.

(6) *Inability to price finished piece goods.* Any person who is unable to determine his maximum price for finished piece goods under subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) above, shall apply to the Office of Price Administration, Hawaii Territorial Office, Honolulu, T. H., for determination of the maximum price.

(c) *Maximum prices for sales by converter-jobbers.* The maximum price for sales by a local converter-jobber of finished piece goods which the converter-jobber finishes or causes to be finished for his account shall be the maximum price established for each converter-jobber upon his application to the Office of Price Administration, Hawaii Territorial Office, Honolulu, T. H. The application of a converter-jobber for the establishment of such maximum prices must show:

(1) The basic grey goods cost.
(2) The grey freight.
(3) Working allowance.
(4) Finishing cost.
(5) Put-up charges.
(6) The "landing costs" (as defined in paragraph (f) or (g)). With the exception of "landing costs", the foregoing items of cost shall be determined in the manner specified in Maximum Price Regulation 127, as now or hereafter amended.

(d) *Averaging of prices by converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber.* Where a converter-jobber finishes or causes to be finished for his account or a wholesaler or jobber purchases various colors of the same pattern or style, and where the maximum prices for such colors vary, or where maximum prices for separate lots of the same pattern or style vary, the converter-jobber, jobber or wholesaler shall, after computing the maximum price for each color or lot, determine and use as his maximum price for the entire pattern, style or lot a weighted average of such varying prices.

(e) *Premiums allowed wholesalers—*(1) *Sales of cut lengths.* A premium not

in excess of 10% of the applicable maximum price may be charged on the sale of cut lengths less than 20 yards when such lengths are cut from a larger piece by the wholesaler to fill a specific order.

(2) *Sales of woolen or worsted fabrics, lining materials and canvas to custom or merchant tailors.* (i) A premium not exceeding 10% of the applicable maximum price may be charged on the sale of full lengths.

(ii) A premium not exceeding 20% of the applicable maximum price may be charged on the sale of cut lengths.

(iii) A premium not exceeding 30% of the applicable maximum price may be charged on the sale of cut lengths of 15 yards or less when the woolen or worsted fabric is purchased by the local wholesaler from a mainland converter or manufacturer.

(iv) A premium not exceeding 40% of the applicable maximum price may be charged on the sale of cut lengths of 15 yards or less when the woolen or worsted fabric is purchased by the local wholesaler from a mainland wholesaler or jobber.

(f) *Landing costs.* For articles imported from outside the Territory of Hawaii "landing costs" shall be the total of the following amounts:

(1) An amount equal to the transportation charges, if any, actually incurred by the wholesaler for transportation from the mainland point at which the wholesaler received delivery, to the mainland port of shipment (including Federal transportation tax and terminal charges) not in excess of public (common or contract) carrier rates.

(2) An amount equal to mainland storage charges, and insurance in connection therewith, actually incurred by the wholesaler, but charges for storage and insurance in connection therewith in excess of three months shall not be included.

(3) An amount equal to cartage charges actually incurred by the wholesaler for cartage from warehouse to dock in port of shipment, not in excess of public (common or contract) carrier rates.

(4) An amount equal to charges for ocean freight, war risk and marine insurance actually incurred by the wholesaler, and there may be included in this amount Territorial tolls and tonnage taxes as shown on the bill of lading. However, the amount by which any cost of war risk insurance exceeds the rates charged by the War Shipping Administration shall not be included but the type of coverage is at the discretion of the buyer and seller.

(5) An amount equal to cartage charges in the port of entry in the Territory of Hawaii from dock to warehouse, computed at a rate not in excess of $1.20 per ton, weight or measurement, *Provided,* That the commodity is moved from the dock at the wholesaler's expense.

(g) *Landing costs in cases of interisland shipments.* In the case of finished piece goods originally imported from without the Territory of Hawaii to one island of the Territory and subsequently shipped to another island in the Territory, the "landing costs" in the island of final destination for sale at wholesale shall be:

(1) An amount equal to the "landing costs" at the island from which the article was shipped, calculated under paragraph (f), above.

(2) An amount equal to cartage charges for cartage from the warehouse to the dock in the island from which the article was shipped, calculated at the rate set forth in paragraph (f) (5), above, whether or not such cartage charges are actually incurred but in no event shall such cartage charges exceed public (common or contract) carrier rates.

(3) An amount equal to charges for ocean freight, war risk and marine insurance actually incurred by the wholesaler for shipment between the islands, and there may be included in this amount Territorial tolls and tonnage tax as shown on the bill of lading. However, the amount by which any cost of war risk insurance exceeds the rates charged by the War Shipping Administration shall not be included.

(4) An amount equal to cartage charges on the island of destination, from dock to warehouse, computed at a rate not in excess of the amount set forth in paragraph (f) (5), above, *Provided,* That the articles are moved from the dock at the wholesaler's expense.

(h) *Maximum prices for sales at retail*—(1) *Mainland purchases.* The maximum price for sales at retail of finished piece goods shall be computed by multiplying the converter's or the primary converter-jobber's, wholesaler's or jobber's invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances except cash discounts up to 3%, by the figure in column (1) of the table below for the classification of goods to be priced.

(2) *Local purchases.* The maximum price for sales at retail of finished piece goods shall be:

(i) Where the sale is by a retailer who has purchased the finished piece goods from a local converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber who has computed his maximum price for the sale under paragraph (b) (1), the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances except cash discounts up to 3%, multiplied by the figure in column (2) of the table below for the classification of goods to be priced.

(ii) Where the sale is by a retailer who has purchased the finished piece goods from a local converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber who has computed his maximum price for the sale under paragraph (b) (2), the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the invoice price, less all allowable discounts and allowances, multiplied by the figure in column (1) of the table below for the classification of goods to be priced.

(iii) Where the sale is by a retailer who has purchased the finished piece goods from a local sub-jobber who has computed his maximum price for the sale under paragraph (b) (5), the maximum price shall be an amount equal to the sub-jobber's maximum allowable price multiplied by the figure in column (3) of the table below for the classification of goods to be priced.

TABLE OF RETAIL MULTIPLICATION FIGURES

	Mainland purchases	Local purchases	
	Column (1)	Column (2)	Column (3)
Woolen or worsted fabrics	1.80	1.65	1.35
Dress goods	1.75	1.60	1.35
Table damask	1.75	1.60	1.35
Upholstery and drapery fabrics	1.85	1.65	1.35
Curtain materials	1.75	1.60	1.35
All other fabrics	1.65	1.50	1.35

(3) *Inability to determine maximum price at retail.* Any person who is unable to determine his maximum price at retail under subparagraph (1) or (2) of this paragraph (h) shall apply to the Office of Price Administration, Hawaii Territorial Office, Honolulu, T. H., for determination of the maximum price.

(i) *Maximum prices for assorted job lot merchandise.* In cases where a wholesaler or retailer purchases an assorted job lot of merchandise invoiced to him for a single or blanket price, he may make application to the Office of Price Administration for approval of his own allocation of the cost of such merchandise to the different articles involved. Such application shall show the resulting maximum wholesale or retail prices determined on the basis of the allocated costs.

(j) *Maximum prices for certain merchandise purchased at lower than manufacturer's, wholesaler's or converter's maximum price.* In cases where a retailer or wholesaler purchases any finished piece goods listed and described in paragraph (a) of this section at a price lower than a price which the purchaser previously paid to the same seller for the same or similar merchandise, and where such lesser price was paid by reason of the size of the purchase or the seasonal nature of the goods, application may be made to the Office of Price Administration, Hawaii Territorial Office, Honolulu, T. H., for a maximum price for resale of this merchandise, which maximum price is based upon the higher price previously paid to such seller, and the appropriate multiple provided by this Section. Any such application must be accompanied by the invoice for the goods in question and invoice establishing the former higher price or other evidence of a similar nature.

(k) *Odd cent maximum prices at wholesale or at retail.* Whenever the calculation of a maximum wholesale or retail price results in a fraction of a cent, the maximum price shall be adjusted to the nearest cent, except that on finished piece goods retailing for $1.00 per yard and above, the maximum retail price shall be adjusted to the nearest nickel.

(l) *Definitions.* When used in this section 60, the term:

(1) "Class I purchaser" means a wholesaler or jobber who buys finished

piece goods at the converter's price to Class I purchasers in accordance with the provisions of the mainland regulation, Maximum Price Regulation 127 Finished Piece Goods.

(2) "Class II purchaser" means a person who buys finished piece goods at the converter's price to Class II purchasers in accordance with the provisions of the mainland regulation, Maximum Price Regulation 127 Finished Piece Goods.

(3) "Converter" means a person who sells finished piece goods after having finished such goods or after causing such goods to be finished for his account.

(4) "Converter-jobber" means a converter who is also regularly engaged in performing, in addition to his converting business, the function of a jobber or wholesaler, and includes a jobber or wholesaler controlling, controlled by or under common control with a converter.

(5) "Wholesaler or jobber" means a person who purchases finished piece goods from a manufacturer or converter for the purpose of resale at wholesale.

(6) "Primary converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber" means a converter-jobber, wholesaler or jobber who has purchased the finished piece goods directly from the converter or manufacturer.

(7) "Sub-jobber" means a jobber who purchases finished piece goods from primary wholesalers or jobbers and resells them to retail sellers.

(8) "Finished piece goods" means woven fabrics, more than 12" in width, bleached, dyed, printed, mercerized or otherwise finished or processed.

(9) "Weighted average" price means the price computed on the basis of the actual yardage acquired at each separate price.

(m) *Records and reports by sellers other than at retail.* In addition to such records as the seller is required to keep under section 10 of this regulation, every person making a sale of finished piece goods other than at retail shall furnish the buyer at the time of the delivery of the finished piece goods with a written invoice or sales memorandum, setting forth the date of sale, the name and address of the buyer and seller, quantity and description of the finished piece goods sold (style or lot number), the price charged or received therefor, and either the retailer's ceiling price for the finished piece goods as calculated under paragraph (h) or the appropriate retail multiple figure as given in the tables in paragraph (h).

This amendment shall become effective as of January 26, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4093; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:50 a. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[MPR 395,[1] Amdt. 15]

DRY SALTED, SMOKED OR PICKLED FISH

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 395 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 24, Table XII, Item 1 is amended by adding the words "breeder egg mash" after the words "laying mash".

2. Section 26, Table XIV is amended to read as follows:

TABLE XIV—MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES FOR DRY SALTED, SMOKED OR PICKLED FISH

Commodity	Quantity	Island of St. Croix	Island of St. Thomas	Island of St. John
	Lb.			
Dry salted or smoked fish, all varieties	1	$0.18	$0.18	$0.19
Pickled bonito fillets	1	.18	.18	.19
Pickled cod fillets	1	.22	.22	.23
Pickled herring	1	.12	.12	.13
Pickled salmon	1	.26	.26	.27
All other pickled fish	1	.11	.11	.11

This amendment shall become effective March 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4094; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:50 a. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[MPR 395,[1] Amdt. 16]

RUBBER TIRES, TUBES AND RECAPPED TIRES IN VIRGIN ISLANDS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 36 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 36. *Maximum prices for new rubber tires and tubes and recapped tires, except bicycle tires and tubes, sold or delivered in the Virgin Islands of the United States*—(a) *Definitions.* When used in this section 36, the term:

(1) "New rubber tire and tube" means any rubber tire or tube that has been used less than 1,000 miles.

(2) "Recapped tire" means a rubber tire that has been recapped and has not been used on any vehicle since recapping.

(3) "Rubber" means all forms and types of rubber including synthetic rubber and reclaimed rubber.

(b) *Pricing method.* The maximum price at retail and at wholesale for new rubber tires and tubes and recapped tires, except bicycle tires and tubes, sold or delivered in the Virgin Islands of the United States shall be the direct cost of the tire or tube to the importer, multiplied by 1.38.

The maximum prices thus calculated may not be exceeded regardless of the number of transfers of the commodity within the Virgin Islands of the United States. Any person, including the importer, who sells or otherwise transfers any new or recapped tire or any new tube to another person for purposes of resale shall furnish such person with a written statement of the direct cost of each tire or tube to the importer, and shall certify this information to be true and correct.

This amendment shall become effective March 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4095; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:50 a. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[RMPR 183,[1] Amdt. 28]

GROCERY ITEMS IN PUERTO RICO

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 183 is amended in the following respects:

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*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

[1] 8 F.R. 6621, 8873, 9996, 11438, 12661, 13345, 14144, 15865, 17062, 16298, 16793; 9 F.R. 1398, 8 F.R. 9532, 10763, 10906, 11437, 11847, 12549, 10937, 12632, 13165, 13847, 14090, 14765, 15195.

1. Section 20, Table 3 is amended by adding new items and by changing the prices of certain items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—case of	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Canned fruit cocktail:				
Del Monte	48/#1 tins	$8.15	$9.00	$0.24
Del Monte	12/#303 glass	2.65	3.00	.32
Del Monte	12/#2½ glass	3.90	4.30	.44
Del Monte	24/# 2½ tins	7.15	8.00	.42
Yellow Cling peaches, sliced: Del Monte	48/#1 tins	7.55	8.65	.23
Bartlett: halves pears:				
Del Monte	24/#2½ tins	7.55	8.40	.45
Del Monte	12/#303 glass	2.85	3.20	.34
Del Monte	12/#2½ glass	4.25	4.70	.50

2. Section 21, Table 4 is amended by adding the category "Pear nectar," as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Pear nectar: Pedestal	48/12 ounce tin	$4.65	$5.25	$0.14

3. Section 23, Table 7 is amended by changing the prices of two items to read as follows:

Item and brand names	Unit—case of	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Chilford: Vegetable	48/10 ½ ounces	$5.55	$6.10	$0.16
Hurff: Vegetable	48/10 ½ ounces	5.80	6.20	.16

4. Section 24, Table 8 is amended by adding a new brand to the category "Tomato sauce" to read as follows:

Item and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Tomato sauce: Val-Vita	Case of: 72/10 ½ ounce		$6.50	$0.10

5. Section 24, Table 9 is amended by adding a new item to the category "Tomato juice" to read as follows:

Item and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Tomato juice: Glorietta	Case of: 48/12 ounce tin	$3.90	$4.35	$0.11

6. Section 25, Table 10 is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Item and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Green beans, fancy whole: Del Monte	Cs. 24/#2 tin	$4.25	$4.85	$0.25
Green beans, fancy cut: Del Monte	Cs. 24/#2 tin	3.95	4.55	.24
Lima beans, early garden: Del Monte	Cs. 24/#2 tin	4.50	5.20	.28
Lima beans, green: Del Monte	Cs. 24/#2 tin	4.90	5.60	.30
Pork and beans: Chilford	Cs. 48/16 oz	4.35	4.90	.13

7. Section 29, Table 15 is amended by adding new items and by changing the prices of certain items to read as follows:

Item and brand names	Container, type and size	To wholesalers (per dozen) containers	At wholesale (per dozen) containers	At retail (per container)
Keebler:				
Family cracker	Ctns. 24/1# package	$2.35	$2.60	$0.27
Croydon cookies, chocolate	24/16 ounce	3.20	3.50	.37
Saltines	48/7 ounce	1.55	1.70	.18
Saltines	24/16 ounce	2.45	2.70	.28
Croydon sugar cookies	24/16 ounce pkg	3.20	3.50	.36
Graham crackers	24/16 ounce	2.65	2.90	.30
Rosemont cookies, vanilla	48/15 ounce	3.20	3.50	.36
Croydon cookies, molasses	24/16 ounce	3.20	3.50	.36
Rosemont cookies, chocolate	48/15 ounce	3.20	3.50	.36
Burry: Soda crackers	6/4 # package	9.45	10.40	1.08
Loose-Wiles:				
Hydrox #136	Contains 6 doz./8 ounce	2.10	2.30	.24
Clover Leaves #136	6 doz./8 ounce	2.10	2.30	.24
Clover Leaves #118	12 doz./4 ounce	1.10	1.25	.13
Nobility Assortment	4 doz./12 ½ ounce	4.10	4.50	.47
Fancy Assortment	1 doz./2 ½#	18.20	20.00	2.08
Vienna fingers	4 cad. of 10# each	10.00 ctn.	11.00 ctn.	[1].34

[1] Per pound or 4 crackers for 5 cents.

8. Section 32, Table 18a is amended by changing the price at wholesale of Argo Vegetable Oil in cases of 4/1 gallon bottles from $8.25 to $8.85.

9. Section 39, Table 27 is amended by adding a new item to read as follows:

	To wholesalers	At wholesale	At retail
Justice (Ctns. of 10 pounds ea.)	$0.90	$1.05	$0.13 lb.

10. Section 42, Table 33d is amended by adding a new item to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price
				Per unit
Table salt: News Hardy's	Ctn. 24/2 lb. pkg	$1.80	$2.00	$0.11

11. Section 42, Table 33f is added to read as follows:

TABLE 33—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR MISCELLANEOUS GROCERY PRODUCTS

Items and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price
				Per unit
Maxwell House Tea	Ctns. 24/4 oz. pkg	$5.55	$6.00	$0.33
Premium No. 1 Chocolate	Ctns. 48/½ lb	7.10	7.45	.20
Calumet Baking Powder	Ctns. 24/8 oz	1.95	2.25	.13
Calumet Baking Powder	Ctns. 24/25 oz	5.45	6.00	33
Instant Postum	Ctns. 24/4 oz	5.55	6.00	.33
Gaines Dog Meal	Ctns. 12/2 pound bags		2.20	.25
Gaines Dog Meal	Ctns. 12/5 pound bags		4.60	.50
Gaines Kruncheon	Ctns. 12/2 pound bags		2.25	.25

12. Section 46, Table 38 is amended by changing the title and by adding a new item to read as follows:

TABLE 38—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR DRY SAUSAGES

	Sales to wholesaler	Sales at wholesale	Sales at retail
	price per lb.	*price per lb.*	*price per lb.*
Savonna Salami..	$0.5875	$0.6285	$0.82

13. Section 47, Table 39 is amended by adding the word "cake" after the item "Laundry soap" and by adding a new type "Laundry soap" to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale
Laundry soap: Powdered, flakes or granulated: in bulk	Per lb...	$0.1275	$0.14

14. Section 58, Table 51 is amended by adding a new item to read as follows:

Item and brand name	At wholesale	At retail
	Per doz.	*Each*
Machetes Collins No. 30—22 inches with handle, or similar	$7.50	$0.90

This amendment shall become effective March 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4096; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:51 a. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[RMPR 183,[1] Amdt. 29]

ANIMAL FEED IN PUERTO RICO

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 64 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 64. *Maximum prices for animal feed sold or delivered in the Territory of Puerto Rico*—(a) *Definitions.* When used in this section, the term:

(1) "Mixed feed" means a mixture or blend of more than one feed ingredient for the purpose of feeding animals and poultry except the following commodities:

(i) Those commodities listed in Section 2.3 (m) and (n) of Revised Supplementary Regulation No. 1 to the General Maximum Price Regulation[2] as exempt from said regulation.

(ii) A mixture resulting from the blending or mixing of offals or byproducts from a single vegetable, plant or other agricultural product, and also screenings as defined in the official publication of the Association of the American Feed Control Officials, Inc. for 1942, which commodities shall be and remain subject to § 1499.2 and other applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.[3]

(iii) Cat and dog foods.

(2) "Straight feed" means an unmixed feed for the purpose of feeding animals and poultry.

(3) "Base price" means the direct cost to the importer of the first shipment of a brand, grade or variety of mixed feed received by him after February 1, 1944.

(b) *Maximum prices for imported mixed feed.* (1) The maximum prices for imported mixed feed sold by an importer, his agent or distributor shall be computed by adding to the base price for such feed a markup of 35¢ per 100 pound bag, plus a transportation allowance not to exceed the actual cost of transporting the feed from pier to the warehouse of the importer, his agent or distributor or 25¢ per 100 pound bag, whichever amount is the lower: *Provided,* That for each one dollar increase or decrease per ton in the direct cost to the importer of a brand, grade or variety of mixed feed received by the importer after his base price has been established, the Territorial Director of the Office of Price Administration at San Juan, Puerto Rico, may, by order, authorize or direct a corresponding increase or decrease in the importer's maximum price.

(2) The maximum prices for imported mixed dairy feed sold by a seller other than the importer, his agent or distributor shall be computed by adding to the importer's maximum price at the port of discharge a markup of 20¢ per 100 pound bag plus a transportation allowance not to exceed the actual cost of transporting the feed from the port of discharge to the seller's place of business or 25¢ per 100 pound bag, whichever amount is lower.

(3) Prior to the first sale by the importer of imported mixed feed, and thereafter within five days after the receipt in Puerto Rico of a shipment of mixed feed for sale, the importer shall file with the Office of Price Administration for the territory of Puerto Rico, a statement setting forth in detail the direct cost to the importer, including the price the importer paid or discounts allowed, all costs of shipment, custom and entry fees, and war risk insurance cost.

(c) *Maximum prices for locally mixed feed sold by the manufacturer.*

TABLE 56—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR LOCALLY MIXED FEED SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER

Puerto Rico brand:	*Per 100 pound bag*
20% Protein content	$3.45
24% Protein content	3.55
16% Protein content (dry freshing)	3.45
Calf meal	4.70
Oxen feed	3.55

(1) The maximum prices for locally mixed dairy feed sold by the manufacturer's agent or distributor shall be computed by adding to the price fixed in Table 56 a transportation allowance not to exceed the actual cost of transporting the feed from the mixing plant to the purchaser's place of business or 25¢ per 100 pound bag, whichever amount is lower.

(2) The maximum prices for locally mixed dairy feed sold by a seller other than a manufacturer, his agent or distributor shall be computed by adding to the price fixed in Table 56 a markup of 20¢ per 100 pound bag, plus a transportation allowance not to exceed the actual cost of transporting the feed from the mixing plant to the seller's place of business or 25¢ per 100 pound bag, whichever amount is lower.

(d) *Maximum prices for straight feed.*

TABLE 57—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR STRAIGHT FEED

Oats (red or white):	*Per 100 lb. bag*
Sales to wholesalers	$3.10
Sales to others than wholesalers	3.50

This amendment shall become effective March 28, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4092; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:50 a. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Navy

PART 8—REGULATIONS, UNITED STATES COAST GUARD RESERVE

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The regulations, United States Coast Guard Reserve, 1941 (33 CFR, 1941 Supp., Part 8), as amended, are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 8.2102 (b) is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence reading as follows:

This prohibition shall not affect eligibility for enrollment as a temporary member of the Reserve without pay.

2. Section 8.7204 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence reading as follows:

This prohibition shall not render temporary members of the Reserve serving without pay ineligible to receive uniform allowances, notwithstanding receipt of such pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay.

3. Section 8.7205 (a) is amended by changing the period to a comma and adding thereafter the following:

* * * except that temporary members of the Reserve serving without pay may be certified for payment of uniform allowances without submitting such affidavit.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

[1] 8 F.R. 9532, 10763, 10906, 11437, 11847, 12549, 10937, 12632, 13165, 13847, 14090, 14765, 15195.

[2] 7 F.R. 8961; 8 F.R. 3313, 3533, 6173, 11806; 9 F.R. 1594.

[3] 9 F.R. 1385.

4. Section 8.7205 (c) is amended by striking out the words "or without" after the word "with" and before the word "pay".

R. R. WAESCHE,
Vice Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

Approved: March 21, 1944.

FRANK KNOX,
Secretary of the Navy.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4076; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:18 a. m.]

TITLE 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter I—General Land Office (Appendix)

[Public Land Order 214]

MONTANA

PARTIAL REVOCATION OF LAND WITHDRAWAL

Revoking in part Public Land Order No. 90 of February 10, 1943, withdrawing public lands for use of the War Department for aviation purposes.

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

Public Land Order No. 90 of February 10, 1943, withdrawing public lands for the use of the War Department for aviation purposes, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the public lands within the following-described areas:

PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 26 N., R. 35 E.,
Secs. 2, 3, 10, 11, 14, 15, 22, 23, 26, 27, 34, and 35.
The areas described aggregate 7,688.74 acres.

The jurisdiction over and use of such lands granted to the War Department by Public Land Order No. 90 shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order. Thereupon, the jurisdiction over and administration of such lands shall be vested in the Department of the Interior and any other Department or agency of the Federal Government, according to their respective interests then of record.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon, the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L.D. 254), and 43 CFR Part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 13, 1944.

[F.R. Doc. 44-4038; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:04 a. m.]

[Public Land Order 215]

IDAHO

PARTIAL REVOCATION OF LAND WITHDRAWAL

Revoking in part Public Land Order No. 178 of October 1, 1943, and withdrawing public lands for use of the War Department as a moving target range.

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

Public Land Order No. 178 of October 1, 1943, withdrawing public lands for the use of the War Department as a moving target range, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the public lands within the following-described areas:

BOISE MERIDIAN

T. 6 S., R. 34 E.,
Sec. 21, SW¼ and S½SE¼;
Sec. 28, N½, SW¼, and W½SE¼;
Sec. 29, E½ and SW¼;
Sec. 31;
Sec. 32, N½, SW¼, and NW¼SE¼;
Sec. 33, N½NW¼ and SW¼NW¼.
The areas described, including both public and non-public lands, aggregate 2,575.88 acres.

The jurisdiction over and use of such lands granted to the War Department by Public Land Order No. 178 shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order. Thereupon, the jurisdiction over and administration of such lands shall be vested in the Department of the Interior and any other Department or agency of the Federal Government according to their respective interests then of record.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon, the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L. D. 254), and 43 CFR Part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

Subject to valid existing rights, the public lands within the following-described areas are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, including the mining and mineral-leasing laws, and reserved for the use of the War Department as a moving target range:

BOISE MERIDIAN

T. 6 S., R. 34 E.,
Sec. 18, lot 2, SE¼NW¼, and N½SE¼;
Sec. 20, N½NE¼.
The areas described, including both public and non-public lands, aggregate 244.89 acres.

This order shall take precedence over but not modify the order of November 3, 1936, of the Secretary of the Interior, establishing Idaho Grazing District No. 2, so far as such order affects any of the lands withdrawn hereby.

The jurisdiction granted by this order, as to the lands withdrawn hereby, shall cease at the expiration of the six months' period following the termination of the unlimited national emergency declared by Proclamation No. 2487 of May 27, 1941 (55 Stat. 1647). Thereupon, jurisdiction over the lands hereby reserved shall be vested in the Department of the Interior, and any other Department or agency of the Federal Government according to their respective interests then of record. The lands, however, shall remain withdrawn from appropriation as herein provided until otherwise ordered.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 15, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4039; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:04 a. m.]

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

Chapter I—Coast Guard: Inspection and Navigation

Subchapter K—Seamen

PART 138—RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES AND CONTINUOUS DISCHARGE BOOKS

WAIVER OF COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN PROVISIONS

The Acting Secretary of the Navy having by order dated October 1, 1942 (7 F.R. 7979) waived compliance with the navigation and vessel inspection laws administered by the United States Coast Guard, in the case of any vessel engaged in business connected with the conduct of the war, to the extent and in the manner that the Commandant, United States Coast Guard, shall find to be necessary in the conduct of the war,

Now therefore, I hereby find it to be necessary in the conduct of the war that there be waived compliance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 4551 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U. S. C. 643 (1)), and with paragraphs (i) and (j) of § 138.9 of the rules and regulations for issuance of certificates and continuous discharge books (46 CFR Part 138) as amended (9 F.R. 1826), relating to the reporting of the employment, discharge, or termination of the services of seamen on Coast Guard Form 735–T, in the case of tugs, towboats, and seagoing barges engaged in business connected with the conduct of the war. Nothing herein shall be construed as effectuating a waiver of the requirements for the filing of crew lists on Coast Guard Form 710–A in cases of departure for foreign ports.

R. R. WAESCHE,
Vice Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

MARCH 20, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4075; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:18 a. m.]

TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

Subchapter Q—Alaska Commercial Fisheries

RAZOR CLAMS, HERRING AND SALMON FISHERIES

PART 203—YUKON-KUSKOKWIM AREA FISHERIES

Section 203.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 203.7 *Open season, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited except in the period from 6 o'clock antemeridian June 1 to 6 o'clock postmeridian July 31, in each year: *Provided*, That such fishing is permitted in the Kuskokwim district until 6 o'clock postmeridian August 15. (Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 595; 48 U.S.C. 232)

PART 203—BRISTOL BAY AREA SALMON FISHERIES

Section 204.2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.2 *Districts open to salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited except within the following-described districts:

(a) Hagemeister district: Waters of Hagemeister Strait from 161 degrees 40 minutes west longitude to 160 degrees 38 minutes west longitude.

(b) Nushagak district: Waters of Nushagak Bay within a line from Point Protection to Etolin Point.

(c) Kvichak-Naknek district: Waters of Kvichak Bay within a line from Etolin Point to Middle Bluff Light on the eastern side of Kvichak Bay.

(d) Egegik district: Waters between a line extending from Etolin Point to Middle Bluff Light and an east and west line at 58 degrees north latitude.

(e) Ugashik district: Waters between an east and west line at 58 degrees north latitude and the southern limit of the area at a point on the coast 3 statute miles south of Cape Menshikof.

Section 204.6 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.6 *Districts open to stake and set nets.* Commercial fishing for salmon with stake nets or set or anchored gill nets shall be limited to beach areas between high and low water marks, exclusive of bars or flats that at low tide are not connected by exposed land to the shore or places not covered at high tide, and shall be confined to the following places:

(a) Nushagak district: Along the beach, except on the west side of Nushagak Bay from a point 2 statute miles south of Bradford Point to Coffee Point, and except along the east side of that bay from a point 2,500 yards southeast of Ekuk Bluff Light to Etolin Point.

(b) Kvichak Bay: Along the beach on the southeast shore of the bay from Prosper Creek to Coffee Creek.

(c) Naknek Bay: Along the beach on the north side of the bay from a point 1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibitive markers to a point 1,500 yards outside such markers, and along the beach on the south side of the bay from a point 1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibitive markers to a point 3,000 yards outside such markers.

(d) Egegik Bay: Along the beach on the north side of the bay to a point 4,000 yards outside the drift gill net prohibitive marker, and on the south side of the bay to a point 1,000 yards outside such marker.

(e) Ugashik Bay and River: Along the beach on the north side of the bay from Pilot station to a point 500 yards south of Dago Creek, and along the beach on the east side of the river from a point 200 yards north of the Red Salmon Canning Co.'s cannery to a point 1,200 yards north of that cannery.

Section 204.12 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.12 *Opening date for red-salmon fishing.* Prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian June 26 in each year commercial fishing for salmon with nets of mesh less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots, is prohibited.

Section 204.13 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.13 *Closed seasons, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited in the period from 6 o'clock antemeridian July 25, to 6 o'clock antemeridian August 3, except in the Ugashik district, where such fishing is prohibited from 6 o'clock antemeridian July 29 to 6 o'clock antemeridian August 10.

Section 204.14 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.14 *Open season, red-salmon fishing, Ugashik.* Commercial fishing for salmon in the Ugashik district with nets less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots is prohibited except in the period from 6 o'clock antemeridian July 1 to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 29 in each year.

Section 204.19 *Weekly closed periods, salmon fishing*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 204.20 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.20 *Waters closed to salmon fishing.* All commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited as follows:

(a) Nushagak Bay: All waters northward of a line from a marker 2 statute miles below Bradford Point to a marker on the opposite shore at Nushagak Point: *Provided*, That stake nets or wet or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low water marks will be permitted to the old prohibitive line from Snag Point to the old village on the east bank.

(b) Kvichak Bay: All waters above a line extending across Kvichak Bay from the Squaw Creek Light to a marker on the opposite side at Coffee Creek Point: *Provided*, That stake nets or set anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low water marks will be permitted on the southeast shore from Prosper Creek to Coffee Creek.

(c) Naknek Bay: All waters within 1 statute mile of the mouth of the Naknek River: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low water marks will be permitted on each side of the bay to a point 1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibited markers.

(d) Egegik Bay: All waters above a line extending at right angles across said bay from a marker on the north bank 250 yards east of Libby, McNeill & Libby's cannery building, to a marker on the south bank 175 yards east of the Alaska Packers Association's cannery building.

(e) Ugashik River and Bay: All waters above a line extending at right angles across said river 500 yards below the mouth of King Salmon River: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low water marks will be permitted on the east side of the river from a point 200 yards north of the Red Salmon Canning Co.'s cannery to a point 1,200 yards north of that cannery.

PART 205—ALASKA PENINSULA AREA FISHERIES

Section 205.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 205.15 *Open season, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 27 in each calendar year and during the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 12, except that beach seines and gill nets may be used from September 5 to September 30, both dates inclusive.

PART 208—KODIAK AREA FISHERIES

Section 208.17 *Closed season, Karluk fishery*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 208.23 (f) and (g) are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.23 *Waters closed to salmon fishing.* All commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited as follows:

* * * * *

(f) Zachar Bay, tributary to Uyak Bay: All waters of Zachar Bay east of 153 degrees 44 minutes west longitude.

(g) Spiridon Bay (or northeast arm of Uyak Bay): All waters of Spiridon Bay south of 57 degrees 37 minutes 6 seconds north latitude.

Section 208.25 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.25 *Herring catch limitations; exceptions.* In the period from July 1 to October 15, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 300,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of Shelikof Strait southeast of a line extending down the middle of the Strait from the latitude of Point Banks to the latitude of Cape Alitak and in all contiguous waters, including the waters of Kupreanof and Raspberry Straits eastward to the western extremity of Whale Island and the waters of Shuyak Strait. In the period from October 16 of one year to June 30 of the succeeding year the taking of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, is prohibited.

Section 208.29 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.29 *Size of purse seines, herring fishing.* Commercial fishing for herring, including bait fishing, by means of any purse seine more than 1,450 meshes in depth or more than 180 fathoms in length is prohibited: *Provided,* That any purse seine may have in addition a strip along the bottom not to exceed 30 meshes in depth and of mesh not less than 4 inches stretched measure between knots.

PART 209—COOK INLET AREA FISHERIES

Section 209.2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.2 *Open seasons, salmon fishing.* (a) Between the latitude of the established stream marker marking the south limit of the closed area around the mouth of the Kasilof River at approximately 60 degrees 22 minutes 23 seconds north latitude to the latitude of Anchor Point Light, exclusive of all waters adjacent to Kalgin Island, commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 8 in each year: *Provided,* That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of gill nets from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 20 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10.

(b) South of the latitude of Anchor Point Light commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 12 in each year: *Provided,* That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of beach seines or gill nets from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 24 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10.

(c) North of the latitude of the marker marking the south limit around the mouth of the Kasilof River, as described herein under paragraph (a), including all waters adjacent to Kalgin Island, commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian June 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 8 in each year: *Provided,* That this prohibition shall not apply (1) after 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 to the use of gear having mesh not less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots, or to gill nets of which not to exceed 35 fathoms in use by any individual or on any boat may have mesh less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots, and (2) from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 20 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10 to the use of gill nets.

Section 209.18 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.18 *Closed seasons, herring fishing.* Commercial fishing for herring, except for bait purposes, is prohibited during the period from January 1 to June 23, both dates inclusive, and from November 16 to December 31, both dates inclusive: *Provided,* That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of gill nets in the period from November 16 to December 31, both dates inclusive.

Section 209.27 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.27 *Size of purse seines, herring fishery.* Commercial fishing for herring, including bait fishing, by means of any purse seine more than 1,450 meshes in depth or more than 180 fathoms in length is prohibited: *Provided,* That any purse seine may have in addition a strip along the bottom not to exceed 30 meshes in depth and of mesh not less than 4 inches stretched measure between knots.

PART 211—PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AREA FISHERIES

Section 211.9 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.9 *Opening date for salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon, except by trolling, is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 10 in each calendar year.

Section 211.14 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.14 *Herring catch limitations, June 24 to August 20.* In the period from June 24 to August 20, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 75,000 barrels, on the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of the Prince William Sound area as heretofore defined.

Section 211.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.15 *Herring catch limitations, August 21 to October 15.* In the period from August 21 to October 15, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 125,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of the Prince William Sound area as heretofore defined. In the period from October 16 of one year to June 23 of the succeeding year the taking of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, is prohibited.

Section 211.19 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.19 *Size of purse seines, herring fishery.* Commercial fishing for herring, including bait fishing, by means of any purse seine more than 1,450 meshes in depth or more than 180 fathoms in length is prohibited: *Provided,* That any purse seine may have in addition a strip along the bottom not to exceed 30 meshes in depth and of mesh not less than 4 inches stretched measure between knots.

Section 211.26 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.26 *Maximum take of razor clams, January 1 to June 30.* In the open season from January 1 to June 30, both dates inclusive, there shall not be taken in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas a combined total of more than 1,600,000 pounds of razor clams, including shells, or 46,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case. Not to exceed 175,000 pounds, including shells, or 5,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case, shall be taken prior to April 15.

Section 211.27 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.27 *Maximum take of razor clams, August 16 to December 31.* In the open season from August 16 to December 31, both dates inclusive, there shall not be taken in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas a combined total of more than 105,000 pounds of razor clams, including shells, or 3,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case.

Section 211.28 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.28 *Maximum take of razor clams from certain central bars.* Within the section bounded on the west by Strawberry Point Channel, on the north by a line from the southern extremity of Mummy Island to Wireless Point, on the east by a line from Government Rock to the west end of First Egg Island, and on the south by a line extending from the west end of First Egg Island to Point Bentinck, the taking of razor clams for commercial purposes for the remainder of the open season from January 1 to June 30 after a combined total of 700,000 pounds, including shells, or 20,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case, has been reached in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas: *Provided,* That this prohibition shall not apply to the area within one statute mile of First Egg Island.

PART 212—COPPER RIVER AREA FISHERIES

Section 212.16 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 212.16 *Maximum take of razor clams, January 1 to June 30.* In the open season from January 1 to June 30, both dates inclusive, there shall not be taken in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas a combined total of more than 1,600,000 pounds of razor clams, including shells, or 46,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case. Not to exceed 175,000 pounds, including shells, or 5,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case, shall be taken prior to April 15.

Section 212.17 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 212.17 *Maximum take of razor clams, August 16 to December 31.* In the open season from August 16 to December 31, both dates inclusive, there shall not be taken in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas a combined total of more than 105,000 pounds of razor clams, including shells, or 3,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case.

Section 212.18 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 212.18 *Maximum take of razor clams from certain central bars.* Within the section bounded on the west by Strawberry Point Channel, on the north by a line from the southern extremity of Mummy Island to Wireless Point, on the east by a line from Government Rock to the west end of First Egg Island, and on the south by a line extending from

the west end of First Egg Island to Point Bentinck, the taking of razor clams for commercial purposes for the remainder of the open season from January 1 to June 30 after a combined total of 700,000 pounds, including shells, or 20,000 cases upon the basis of 48 one-half pound cans per case, has been reached in the Prince William Sound and Copper River areas: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the area within one statute mile of First Egg Island.

PART 220—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA FISHERIES OTHER THAN SALMON

Section 220.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 220.3 *Herring catch limitation; exceptions.* In the period from June 15 to October 15, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 200,000 barrels upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel. In the period from October 16 of one year to June 14 of the succeeding year, the take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 2,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in any calendar month.

Section 220.5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 220.5 *Size of purse seines, herring fishing.* Commercial fishing for herring, including bait fishing, by means of any purse seine more than 1,250 meshes in depth or more than 180 fathoms in length, is prohibited: *Provided*, That any purse seine may have in addition a strip along the bottom not to exceed 30 meshes in depth and of mesh not less than 4 inches stretched measure between knots.

PART 222—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, ICY STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 222.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 222.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 222.16 (m) is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 222.16 *Areas open to salmon traps.* The use of any trap for the capture of salmon is prohibited, except as follows:

* * * * *

(m) Chichagof Island: Northeastern coast within 2,500 feet of a point at 135 degrees 1 minute 31 seconds west longitude.

PART 223—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, WESTERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 223.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 223.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 223.19 (f) is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 223.19 *Areas open to salmon traps.* The use of any trap for the capture of salmon is prohibited, except as follows:

* * * * *

(f) Baranof Island: East coast from a point ½ statute mile southeasterly of South Point to the north side of the entrance to Cosmos Cove, including islets on the northeastern side of the entrance to Cosmos Cove.

PART 224—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, EASTERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 224.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 224.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

PART 225—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, STIKINE DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 225.4 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 225.4 *Closed seasons, salmon fishing; exception.* Commercial fishing for salmon, except by trolling, is prohibited during the period from 6 o'clock antemeridian January 1 to 6 o'clock antemeridian June 23 in each calendar year, and for the remainder of each year after 6 o'clock antemeridian September 23. Commercial fishing by trolling is prohibited from 6 o'clock antemeridian June 1 to 6 o'clock antemeridian June 23.

PART 226—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SUMNER STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 226.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 226.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

PART 227—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, CLARENCE STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 227.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 227.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of

seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any size in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

PART 228—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SOUTH PRINCE OF WALES ISLAND DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 228.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 228.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 75 fathoms in length and having mesh less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots is prohibited.

Section 228.8 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 228.8 *Closed seasons, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon other than trolling, is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 25, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 29 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply after July 20 to the use of purse seines west of a line from Cape Muzon northwesterly to Cape Ulitka, thence due north to the southern boundary of the Sumner Strait district.

PART 229—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 229.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 229.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 400 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 300 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

(Sec. 1, 44 Stat. 752; 48 U.S.C. 221)

The amendments contained in this document shall be in full force and effect immediately from and after the date of their publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

HAROLD L. ICKES,
Secretary.

MARCH 18, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4074; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:02 a. m.]

Notices

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Fiscal Service, Bureau of the Public Debt.

[1944 Dept. Circ. 737]

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, SERIES B-1945

OFFERING OF CERTIFICATES

⅞ percent Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series B-1945, dated and bearing interest from April 1, 1944, due April 1, 1945.

I. *Offering of certificates.* 1. The Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to the authority of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, invites subscriptions, at par, from the people of the United States for certificates of indebtedness of the United States, designated ⅞ percent Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series B-1945, in exchange for Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series B-1944, maturing April 1, 1944.

II. *Description of certificates.* 1. The certificates will be dated April 1, 1944, and will bear interest from that date at the rate of ⅞ percent per annum, payable semiannually on October 1, 1944, and April 1, 1945. They will mature April 1, 1945, and will not be subject to call for redemption prior to maturity.

2. The income derived from the certificates shall be subject to all Federal taxes, now or hereafter imposed. The certificates shall be subject to estate, inheritance, gift or other excise taxes, whether Federal or State, but shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed on the principal or interest thereof by any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority.

3. The certificates will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys. They will not be acceptable in payment of taxes.

4. Bearer certificates with interest coupons attached will be issued in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $100,000 and $1,000,000. The certificates will not be issued in registered form.

5. The certificates will be subject to the general regulations of the Treasury Department, now or hereafter prescribed, governing United States certificates.

III. *Subscription and allotment.* 1. Subscriptions will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks and Branches and at the Treasury Department, Washington. Banking institutions generally may submit subscriptions for account of customers, but only the Federal Reserve Banks and the Treasury Department are authorized to act as official agencies.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury reserves the right to reject any subscription, in whole or in part, to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for, and to close the books as to any or all subscriptions at any time without notice; and any action he may take in these respects shall be final. Subject to these reservations, all subscriptions will be allotted in full. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment.

IV. *Payment.* 1. Payment at par for certificates allotted hereunder must be made on or before April 1, 1944, or on later allotment, and may be made only in Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series B-1944, maturing April 1, 1944, which will be accepted at par, and should accompany the subscription.

V. *General provisions.* 1. As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions, to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the respective districts, to issue allotment notices, to receive payment for certificates allotted, to make delivery of certificates on full-paid subscriptions allotted, and they may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time, or from time to time, prescribe supplemental or amendatory rules and regulations governing the offering, which will be communicated promptly to the Federal Reserve Banks.

[SEAL] HENRY MORGENTHAU, JR.,
Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4100; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:51 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Bureau of Reclamation.

GOODING PROJECT, IDAHO

REVOCATION OF FIRST FORM LAND WITHDRAWAL

JANUARY 18, 1944.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR: From recent investigations in connection with the Gooding project, the withdrawal of the hereinafter described lands, withdrawn in the first form prescribed by section 3 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388), by departmental orders of October 22, 1925, July 23 and August 5, 1927, no longer appears necessary to the interests of the project.

It is therefore recommended that so much of said orders as withdrew the lands hereinafter listed be revoked, pro-

vided that such revocation shall not affect the withdrawal of any other lands by said orders or affect any other order withdrawing or reserving the lands hereinafter listed.

GOODING PROJECT

BOISE MERIDIAN, IDAHO

T. 6 S., R. 13 E.,
Secs. 1, 2, 3, 11, 12, 13, 25, 26, 27, and 35.
T. 7 S., R. 13 E.,
Secs. 1 and 12.
T. 4 S., R. 14 E.,
Secs. 1, 12, 25 to 30, inclusive, 35 and 36.
T. 5 S., R. 14 E.,
Sec. 1, Lot 4, SW¼NE¼, S½NW¼, SW¼, W½SE¼, NE¼SE¼;
Secs. 2 to 9, inclusive;
Sec. 10, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, NW¼, N½SW¼, SW¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 11, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, W½, N½SE¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 12, E½, NE¼NW¼, S½NW¼, SW¼;
Secs. 13 to 26, inclusive;
Sec. 27, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Secs. 28 to 33, inclusive;
Sec. 34, E½, N½NW¼, SW¼NW¼, SW¼;
Secs. 35 and 36.
T. 6 S., R. 14 E.,
Secs. 1 to 4, inclusive;
Secs. 9 and 10;
Sec. 11, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Sec. 12, E½, N½NW¼, SW¼;
Secs. 13 and 14;
Sec. 15, E½, E½W½, NW¼NW¼, SW¼SW¼;
Secs. 16 and 20;
Sec. 21, N½, N½S½, S½SW¼, SE¼SE¼;
Secs. 22 to 30, inclusive.
T. 4 S., R. 15 E.,
Secs. 22 and 23;
Sec. 24, N½, W½SW¼;
Sec. 25, NE¼, W½NW¼, SE¼NW¼, SW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Secs. 27 to 30, inclusive;
Sec. 31, N½, SW¼, NE¼SE¼;
Secs. 32 and 36.
T. 5 S., R. 15 E.,
Sec. 1, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, NW¼, N½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 2, NE¼, N½NW¼, E½SW¼, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 3, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, NE¼NW¼, SW¼NW¼, W½SW¼, NE¼SW¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 4, NW¼NE¼, NW¼, W½SW¼, NW¼SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 5, NE¼, SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 6, W½NW¼, NW¼SW¼, S½SE¼;
Secs. 7 and 8;
Sec. 9, N½, SW¼, E½SE¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 10, NE¼, W½NW¼, NE¼NW¼, SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 11, E½NE¼, NE¼SW¼, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Secs. 12 and 13;
Sec. 14, E½, E½W½, NW¼NW¼, W½SW¼;
Sec. 15, E½, NE¼NW¼, W½W½, E½SW¼;
Secs. 16 and 25, inclusive;
Sec. 26, E½, E½W½, NW¼NW¼, W½SW¼;
Secs. 27 to 36, inclusive.
T. 6 S., R. 15 E.,
Secs. 1 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 9, N½, SW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 10, N½, SW¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 11, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Secs. 12 to 18, inclusive;
Sec. 19, N½, N½S½;
Sec. 20, N½;
Sec. 21, N½;
Secs. 22 to 29, inclusive;
Sec. 30, SE¼NE¼, S½NW¼, S½;
Secs. 31 to 36, inclusive.
T. 4 S., R. 16 E.,
Sec. 19, N½, N½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 20, NW¼, N½SW¼;
Sec. 25, N½, N½S½, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 26, NE¼, N½NW¼, SW¼NW¼, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 27, NE¼, N½NW¼, SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 28, N½N½, SE¼NW¼;
Sec. 29, N½NE¼;
Sec. 30, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, W½, NW¼SE¼;
Sec. 31, W½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Sec. 32, SW¼NE¼, NW¼NW¼, S½NW¼, SW¼, NW¼SE¼;
Sec. 33, W½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 34, E½, NE¼NW¼, S½SW¼;
Sec. 35, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, N½S½, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 36.
T. 5 S., R. 16 E.,
Sec. 1, N½N½, NE¼SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 2, E½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Sec. 3, S½NE¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Sec. 5, E½;
Sec. 6, W½NW¼, SW¼;
Sec. 7, W½NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Sec. 8, S½NE¼, S½;
Sec. 9, SW¼NE¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Sec. 10, E½, W½SW¼, SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 11, NW¼, S½;
Sec. 12, E½, W½NW¼, SW¼;
Secs. 13 and 14;
Sec. 15, E½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, NW¼, S½;
Secs. 16 to 36, inclusive.
T. 6 S., R. 16 E.,
Secs. 1 to 5, inclusive;
Sec. 6, N½, N½S½, SE¼SW¼, S½SE¼;
Secs. 7 to 36, inclusive.
T. 7 S., R. 16 E.,
Secs. 1 to 10, inclusive;
Sec. 11, N½, SW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 12, N½, S½S½;
Secs. 13 to 18, inclusive.
T. 4 S., R. 17 E.,
Secs. 30 and 31.
T. 5 S., R. 17 E.,
Sec. 5, SW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 6, NE¼, SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 7, SW¼NE¼, W½, SE¼;
Sec. 8, NE¼, E½NW¼, S½SW¼, NE¼SE¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 9, SW¼, N½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 10, SW¼;
Sec. 15, N½NW¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Secs. 16 to 22, inclusive;
Sec. 23, SW¼;
Sec. 25, SW¼;
Secs. 26 to 36, inclusive.
T. 6 S., R. 17 E.
Secs. 1 to 36, inclusive.
T. 7 S., R. 17 E.
Secs. 1 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 7, E½, E½W½, NW¼NW¼, W½SW¼;
Sec. 8, N½, N½S½, S½SW¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 9, N½, N½S½, SE¼SE¼;
Secs. 10, 11, and 12.
T. 6 S., R. 18 E.,
Secs. 6, 7, 8, and 16;
Sec. 17, E½NE¼, W½NW¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Secs. 18 and 19;
Sec. 20, NE¼NE¼, W½E½, W½;
Sec. 21, E½NE¼, NW¼, S½;
Secs. 22, 23, and 24;
Sec. 25, E½, NW¼, NE¼SW¼, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 26;
Sec. 27, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, N½NW¼, SE¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 28, N½N½;
Secs. 30 to 33, inclusive;
Sec. 34, NW¼, W½SW¼, NE¼SE¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 35, NW¼NE¼, E½W½, SW¼NW¼, NW¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 36.
T. 7 S., R. 18 E.,
Sec. 2, NW¼;
Sec. 3;
Sec. 4, E½;
Sec. 7, S½SW¼;
Secs. 18 and 19;
Sec. 20, NW¼NW¼;
Sec. 30, N½N½, SW¼NW¼, W½SW¼;
Sec. 31, W½NW¼, NW¼SW¼.
T. 7 S., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 5, E½;
Sec. 8.

Respectfully,

H. W. BASHORE,
Commissioner.

I concur: March 10, 1944.

FRED W. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

The foregoing recommendation is hereby approved, and it is so ordered. The jurisdiction over and use of such lands by the Bureau of Reclamation shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order.

This order, however, shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L. D. 254) and 43 CFR Part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be noted accordingly.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
First Assistant Secretary.

MARCH 14, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4032; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:04 a. m.]

BRUNEAU PROJECT, IDAHO

REVOCATION OF FIRST FORM LAND WITHDRAWAL

JANUARY 18, 1944.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR: From recent investigations in connection with the Bruneau project, the withdrawal of the hereinafter described lands, withdrawn in the first form prescribed by section 2 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388) by departmental orders of January 9, 1919 and November 23, 1921, no longer appears necessary to the interests of the project.

It is therefore recommended that so much of said orders as withdrew the lands hereinafter listed be revoked: *Provided*, That such revocation shall not affect the withdrawal of any other lands by said orders or affect any other order withdrawing or reserving the lands hereinafter listed.

BRUNEAU PROJECT

BOISE MERIDIAN, IDAHO

T. 9 S., R. 6 E.,
Sec. 12, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 13, NE¼NE¼.
T. 6 S., R. 9 E.,
Sec. 1, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 2, SW¼NW¼, W½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, S½SE¼.

T. 5 S., R. 10 E.,
Sec. 25, SE¼NE¼;
Sec. 26, NW¼NW¼, S½NW¼, S½;
Sec. 27, E½E½, S½SW¼, SW¼SE¼.
T. 6 S., R. 10 E.,
Sec. 1.
T. 5 S., R. 11 E.,
Sec. 17, Lots 2, 3, 6, 7, W½W½;
Sec. 18;
Sec. 19, Lots 1 to 6, inclusive, NE¼, E½W½, W½SE¼;
Sec. 20, Lots 2, 3;
Sec. 29, Lots 2, 6, 7, 8, W½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 30, N½, SE¼;
Sec. 31;
Sec. 32, Lots 2, 3, W½NE¼, W½, SE¼.
T. 6 S., R. 11 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 3, 4, 7, 8, SW¼NW¼;
Sec. 5, Lots 1 to 4, inclusive, S½N½, W½SW¼, E½SE¼;
Sec. 6, Lots 1 to 5, inclusive, Lot 7, S½NE¼, SE¼NW¼, E½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 8, NE¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 9, Lots 2, 3, 6, 7;
Sec. 11, Lots 4, 5;
Sec. 12, Lots 5 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 13, N½, SW¼;
Sec. 14, NE¼, SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 15, Lots 4, 8, 9, 10, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 17, NE¼;
Sec. 20;
Sec. 21, N½;
Sec. 22, N½.
T. 6 S., R. 12 E.,
Sec. 17, N½.
T. 6 S., R. 13 E.,
Sec. 18, Lots 1, 2, SE¼NW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 19, NE¼;
Sec. 20, W½W½, SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 28, W½NW¼, SW¼, SW¼SE¼.

Respectfully,

H. W. BASHORE,
Commissioner.

I concur:

FRED W. JOHNSON,
Commission of the General Land Office.

The foregoing recommendation is hereby approved, and it is so ordered. The jurisdiction over and use of such lands by the Bureau of Reclamation shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order.

This order, however, shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L.D. 254) and 43 CFR part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be noted accordingly.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
First Assistant Secretary.

MARCH 14, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4033; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:04 a. m.]

MINIDOKA PROJECT, IDAHO

REVOCATION OF FIRST AND SECOND FORM LAND WITHDRAWALS

JANUARY 18, 1944.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR: From recent investigations in connection with the Minidoka project, the withdrawal of the hereinafter described lands, withdrawn in the first and second forms prescribed by section 3 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388), by departmental orders of November 17, 1902, January 27 and July 19, 1904, December 20, 1907, March 18 and October 7, 1908, September 17, 1909, February 14 and May 4, 1910, May 23, 1913, May 8, 1914 and April 23, 1924, no longer appears necessary to the interests of the project.

It is therefore recommended that so much of said orders as withdrew the lands hereinafter listed be revoked: *Provided*, That such revocation shall not affect the withdrawal of any other lands by said orders or affect any other order withdrawing or reserving the lands hereinafter listed.

MINIDOKA PROJECT

BOISE MERIDIAN, IDAHO

T. 9 S., R. 16 E.,
Sec. 13, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 14, S½;
Sec. 15, Lots 1, 2, 4, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 16, S½;
Sec. 23, Lot 1;
Sec. 24, Lots 2 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 25, Lots 1, 2, 3.
T. 9 S., R. 17 E.,
Sec. 19, Lot 8;
Sec. 25, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 26, S½S½;
Sec. 27, Lots 2 to 7, inclusive;
Sec. 28, NE¼NW¼;
Sec. 30, S½ Lot 10, S½ Lot 11, Lot 12;
Sec. 34, Lots 7, 8;
Sec. 35, N½N½.
T. 10 S., R. 17 E.,
Sec. 2, Lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
Sec. 3, Lots 1, 2.
T. 7 S., R. 18 E.,
Sec. 4, W½;
Secs. 5 and 6;
Sec. 7, E½, NW¼, N½SW¼;
Sec. 36.
T. 9 S., R. 18 E.,
Secs. 28 to 31, inclusive;
Sec. 32, Lots 3 to 8 inclusive, N½N½, SE¼NE¼, S½SW¼;
Sec. 33.
T. 10 S., R. 18 E.,
Sec. 3, Lots 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 4, Lots 1 to 5, inclusive, S½NW¼;
Sec. 10, Lots 1, 2, 4, 5, SE¼NW¼, N½ SE¼;
Sec. 11, Lots 1 to 8, inclusive, N½S½;
Sec. 12, Lots 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, SW¼SW¼;
T. 7 S., R. 19 E.,
Secs. 13 to 17, inclusive;
Sec. 20, E½;
Secs. 21 to 28, inclusive;
Sec. 29, NE¼, S½;
Sec. 32, N½, SE¼;
Secs. 33 to 36, inclusive.
T. 8 S., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 1;
Sec. 2, N½, SE¼;
Sec. 3, N½;
Sec. 4, N½N½;
Sec. 12, N½N½.
T. 10 S., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 7, Lot 4;
Sec. 15, Lot 4;
Sec 16, Lots 1, 2, 3, 7, NE¼NE¼;
Sec. 17, Lots 1, 2;
Sec. 23, Lots 2, 6;
Sec. 24, Lots 1, 4, 5, NE¼SW¼;
Sec. 25, Lots 4, 5, 8;
Sec. 36, Lot 1.
T. 7 S., R. 20 E.,
Secs. 16 to 21, inclusive;
Secs. 28 to 33, inclusive.
T. 8 S., R. 20 E.,
Secs. 4, 5, 6;
Sec. 7, Lots 1, 2, E½, NE¼NW¼;
Secs. 8, 9, 16, 17;
Sec. 18, E½;
Sec. 19, E½;
Secs. 20, 21;
Sec. 27, SW¼;
Secs. 28, 29;
Sec. 30, E½, E½W½;
Sec. 32, NE¼;
Secs. 33, 34;
Sec. 35, W½, SE¼;
Sec. 36, S½.
T. 10 S., R. 20 E.,
Sec. 25, NE¼NW¼;
Sec. 26, N½SW¼, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 31, Lots 4, 5, 8, 9, 10;
Sec. 32, NE¼SW¼.
T. 11 S., R. 20 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 1 to 6 inclusive, NW¼NW¼;
Sec. 5, Lots 1 to 8, inclusive;
Sec. 6, Lots 8, 9, NE¼NE¼.
T. 9 S., R. 25 E.,
Sec. 11, E½SE¼;
Sec. 13, W½NW¼;
Sec. 14;
Sec. 15, NE¼, E½NW¼, S½;
Sec. 21, S½NE¼, NE¼SW¼, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Secs. 22, 27, 28;
Sec. 29, E½;
Sec. 31, SE¼;
Sec. 32;
Sec. 33, N½, SW¼.
T. 10 S., R. 25 E.,
Sec. 4, NW¼;
Sec. 5, NE¼, W½.
T. 9 S., R. 26 E.,
Sec. 13, N½N½, SW¼NW¼, NW¼SW¼;
Sec. 14, N½, N½SE¼;
Sec. 15, N½, SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 16;
Sec. 17, N½, N½S½;
Sec. 18, N½;
Sec. 22, N½NW¼.
T. 8 S., R. 27 E.,
Sec. 30, SW¼;
Sec. 32, S½;
Sec. 33, S½SW¼.
T. 9 S., R. 27 E.,
Sec. 4, NW¼, W½SW¼;
Sec. 9, W½E½, W½;
Sec. 13, SE¼;
Sec. 14, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 19, E½NE¼;
Sec. 26, N½NW¼, SW¼NW¼, W½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 27, NE¼, NE¼NW¼, E½SE¼;
Sec. 35, NE¼NE¼.
T. 10 S., R. 27 E.,
Sec. 1, E½;
Sec. 12, NE¼NE¼.
T. 9 S., R. 28 E.,
Sec. 9, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 10, SW¼;
Sec. 12, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 13, N½NW¼, W½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 14;
Sec. 15, E½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, W½NW¼, SE¼NW¼, S½;
Sec. 17, N½;
Sec. 18;
Sec. 19, E½SW¼;
Sec. 20, N½SW¼;
Sec. 25, E½NE¼, SW¼;
Sec. 26, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 30, W½W½, SE¼SW¼;

Sec. 31, W½, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 35, NE¼NE¼.

Respectfully,

H. W. BASHORE,
Commissioner.

I concur: March 10, 1944.

FRED W. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

The foregoing recommendation is hereby approved, and it is so ordered. The jurisdiction over and use of such lands by the Bureau of Reclamation shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order.

This order, however, shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L.D. 254) and 43 CFR part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be noted accordingly.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
First Assistant Secretary.

MARCH 14, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4034; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:05 a. m.]

CAVE CREEK RESERVOIR SITE, ARIZ.

REVOCATION OF FIRST FORM LAND WITHDRAWAL

JANUARY 1, 1944.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR: From recent investigations in connection with the Cave Creek Reservoir site, the withdrawal of the hereinafter described lands, withdrawn in the first form prescribed by section 3 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388) by departmental order of October 5, 1920, no longer appears necessary to the interests of the project.

It is therefore recommended that so much of said order as withdrew the lands hereinafter listed be revoked: *Provided*, That such revocation shall not affect the withdrawal of any other lands by said order or affect any other order withdrawing or reserving the lands hereinafter listed.

CAVE CREEK RESERVOIR SITE

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN, ARIZONA

T. 4 N., R. 4 E.,
Secs. 2 to 6, inclusive;
Sec. 7, NE¼;
Sec. 8, E½, NW¼;
Secs. 9 and 10;
Sec. 15, E½, NW¼;
Sec. 16, NE¼.

Respectfully,

H. W. BASHORE,
Commissioner.

I concur: March 10, 1944.

FRED W. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

The foregoing recommendation regarding the Cave Creek Reservoir site is hereby approved, and it is so ordered. The jurisdiction over and use of such lands by the Bureau of Reclamation shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order.

This order, however, shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. on the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L.D. 254) and 43 CFR part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be noted accordingly.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
First Assistant Secretary.

MARCH 14, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4035; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:05 a. m.]

KLAMATH PROJECT, OREG.

REVOCATION OF FIRST FORM LAND WITHDRAWAL

JANUARY 1, 1944.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

SIR: From recent investigations in connection with the Klamath project, the withdrawal of the hereinafter described land, withdrawn in the first form prescribed by section 3 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388), by departmental order of February 25, 1939, no longer appears necessary to the interests of the project.

It is therefore recommended that so much of said order as withdrew the land hereinafter listed be revoked, provided that such revocation shall not affect the withdrawal of any other land by said order or affect any other order withdrawing or reserving the land hereinafter listed.

KLAMATH PROJECT

WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN, OREGON

T. 39 S., R. 12 E.,
Sec. 21, NE¼SE¼.

Respectfully,

H. W. BASHORE,
Commissioner.

I concur: March 10, 1944.

FRED W. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

The foregoing recommendation regarding the Klamath project is hereby approved, and it is so ordered. The jurisdiction over and use of such lands by the Bureau of Reclamation shall cease upon the date of the signing of this order.

This order, however, shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L. D. 254) and 43 CFR part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause the records of his office and of the local land office to be noted accordingly.

MICHAEL W. STRAUS,
First Assistant Secretary.

MARCH 14, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4036; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:05 a. m.]

General Land Office.

[Recreational Withdrawal 17, Revocation]

MARICOPA COUNTY, ARIZONA

REVOCATION OF RECREATIONAL WITHDRAWAL

The order of the First Assistant Secretary of the Interior of November 5, 1928, withdrawing the following-described lands in Arizona under the provisions of the act of June 14, 1926, 44 Stat. 741 (U.S.C., title 43, sec. 869), upon the petition of the County of Maricopa, is hereby revoked:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 3 N., R. 5 E.,
Secs. 1, 2, 3, and 9 to 14, inclusive.
The areas described aggregate 5,760 acres.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 o'clock a. m. of the sixty-third day from the date on which it is signed, whereupon the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection as may be authorized by the public-land laws in accordance with the provisions of 43 CFR 295.8 (Circ. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L. D. 254) and 43 CFR part 296, to the extent that these regulations are applicable.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 1, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4037; Filed, March 22, 1944; 10:04 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD.

[Docket No. 842]

COLONIAL AIRLINES, INC.

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of compensation for the transportation of mail by aircraft and facilities used therefor and the services connected therewith of Colonial Airlines, Inc., over F. A. M. route No. 1.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 406 and 1001 of said Act, that a hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on March 30, 1944, at 10:00 a. m. (eastern war time) in the Foyer of the Department of Commerce Auditorium, 14th and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Vincent L. Gingerich.

Dated: Washington, D. C., March 18, 1944.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] FRED A. TOOMBS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4091; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:43 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 145]

RECONSIGNMENT OF SEED POTATOES AT CHICAGO, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Chicago, Illinois, March 17 or 18, 1944, by Bacon Brothers of car PFE 60067, seed potatoes, now on the Wood Street Terminal, Chicago, Illinois, to Mandell Brothers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3982; Filed, March 21, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 79]

LOADING OF LARD AT WICHITA, KANS.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.328, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of four (4) PFE refrigerator cars with lard by Cudahy Packing Company, three at Wichita, Kansas, and one at Sioux City, Iowa, and the movement under refrigeration of the refrigerator cars so loaded, two from Wichita on March 18, one from Wichita on March 20, and one from Sioux City on March 20, 1944, to Guaymas, Mexico, (RI-SP) to Cananea, Mexico, (RI-SP) and to Hermosillo, Mexico (CB&Q-RI-SP) respectively.

The waybills shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3983; Filed, March 21, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 80]

LOADING OF CHEESE AND SPREAD AT FREEPORT, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.328, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of one refrigerator car with cheese and spread in jars by Kraft Cheese Company at Freeport, Illinois, and the movement of the one refrigerator car so loaded from that point March 18, 1944, to Cleveland, Ohio. (CMStP&P)

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3984; Filed, March 21, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 81]

LOADING OF CHEESE AND SPREAD AT FREEPORT, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.328, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of one refrigerator car with cheese and spread in jars by Kraft Cheese Company at Freeport, Illinois, and the movement of the one refrigerator car so loaded from that point March 20, 1944, to Jersey City, New Jersey. (CMStP&P)

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 18th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3986; Filed, March 21, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

[S. O. 178, Special Permit 82]

LOADING OF SHORTENING AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.328, 9 F.R. 542) of Service Order No. 178 of January 11, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard the provisions of Service Order No. 178 insofar as it applies to the loading of one refrigerator car with shortening by The Humko Company at Memphis, Tennessee, and the movement of the one refrigerator car so loaded from that point March 21, 1944, to Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company, Long Island City, New York. (I.C.)

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 18th day of March 1944.

HOMER C. KING,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3985; Filed, March 21, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD.

NOTE: The following is a restatement of certain directives and related orders with regard to industry commissions and panels, issued by the National War Labor Board during the period September 11, 1942 through February 15, 1944, and filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 21, 1944.

[Directive Order, Sept. 11, 1942]

ORDER ESTABLISHING METROPOLITAN MILK DISTRIBUTORS COMMISSION

Under the provisions of Paragraph 3 of the Executive Order of January 12, 1942, the National War Labor Board finally determines the above entitled case[1] and hereby directs:

1. That there be created immediately a Metropolitan Milk Distributors Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commission), which shall function under the direction of the War Labor Board.

2. That the Commission shall consist of three members appointed by the National War Labor Board: a Chairman, one representative of the New York and New Jersey Metropolitan Milk Distributors War Conservation Committee (hereinafter referred to as the Committee), and one representative of the Milk Wagon Drivers Union of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen & Helpers Union, AFL.

The Chairman may also designate at any time from lists submitted by the respective parties alternates for the representative of the Committee or for the representative of the Union.

If the Commission is not able to reach a unanimous decision on any question the Chairman shall decide.

3. The Commission shall have the power to promulgate such rules and regulations and issue such orders relating to labor relations, including orders directed to particular companies, as may be necessary to the carrying out by each and every company of the provisions of General Order #6 as supplemented by General Order #17 of the Office of Defense Transportation, including any subsequent applicable order or amendment. In so doing the Commission shall be guided by the following principles:

a. All conservation plans must comply fully with the terms of the applicable Order.

b. As between feasible alternative plans, either of which will result in compliance, that plan should be adopted which will result in the least burden on employees.

c. Savings directly resulting from the application of an Order should be used to afford employees reasonable protection against losses of earnings and jobs.

d. Savings remaining after such provision has been made for employees should be passed on to consumers in the form of lower prices.

e. Conservation plans instituted to comply with ODT orders should be limited to the duration of the emergency.

4. The Chairman of the Commission, in addition to his duties as described above, shall act as the Impartial Chairman of the contract between the industry in the metropolitan area and the Union, and the Commission shall have the power in carrying out its duties to set aside any part of the collective bargaining agreement between the parties if the Board determines such action to be necessary for the proper fulfillment of its duties as outlined in Paragraph 3 above.

[Supp. Order, Aug. 19, 1943]

FUNCTIONS OF SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR METROPOLITAN MILK AREA, N. Y.-N. J.

By virtue of and pursuant to the power vested in it by Executive Order 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Orders and Regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby orders:

1. The powers, duties and functions of the Metropolitan Milk Distributors Commission, hereafter called the Commission, are hereby vested in a special Representative to be designated by the National War Labor Board.

2. The milk distributors in the area subject to the jurisdiction of the former Commission who may desire to reorganize their present manner and method of distribution to accomplish the objectives of Amendment No. 3 to ODT General Order No. 17, and who are prepared to show that such reorganization is now prevented by the War Labor Board's telegram of June 4, 1943, pertaining to lay-offs, may present their plans for such reorganization, commencing immediately to said Special Representative.

3. The Special Representative shall examine each proposed plan with a view to determining (1) whether or not such plan is designed to accomplish the objectives of said Amendment No. 3 to ODT General Order No. 17, and (2) if found to be so designed, the means by which the plan may be put into effect, with due regard to the equities of the employers and employees involved, and to equality of treatment among employers affected by this Supplemental Order.

4. In making his determination, the Special Representative shall have, in addition to the powers previously conferred upon the Commission by the Board, the power to decide at what date and under what conditions any proposed plan of reorganization may be put into effect: *Provided, however,* That the Special Representative shall have no power to determine the nature of any such plan.

5. The conditions that the Special Representative may impose may include the payment of severance pay, the obtaining of other employment within or outside the industry by employees whose jobs may be affected by the proposed plan, special seniority rights with reference to jobs within the industry to which such employees may be transferred, and such other conditions as in the judgment of the Special Representative are fair and reasonable under the circumstances. The orders of the Special Representative issued under this Supplemental Directive Order shall be final and binding upon both parties.

6. The Board's telegram of June 4 is hereby modified to permit lay-offs resulting from reorganization of routes after approval of plans for such reorganization by the Special Representative and in accordance with the terms and conditions of such approval.

7. In the event of a change in the status of Amendment No. 3 to ODT General Order No. 17, or the issuance by the Government of any order which affects the purpose of this Supplemental Order, either party, or the Special Representative may request the Board for such modification of this Supplemental Order as they may deem necessary or desirable.

8. The Special Representative shall file a written report as to his actions under the Supplemental Order 30 days after the date of this Supplemental Order, and shall submit copies to the parties for their comments.

9. Nothing in this Supplemental Order, nor in the Board's telegram of June 4, 1943, shall be construed as limiting the right of the distributors under Paragraph "8" of the industry contract to make the necessary changes in routes, in the same manner as heretofore, for summer delivery.

10. Except as otherwise specifically provided, nothing herein shall affect the powers, duties and functions of the Impartial Chairman of the industry contract, the terms of such contract, or the status of orders heretofore issued by the Commission.

[Directive Order, Nov. 18, 1943]

ORDER ESTABLISHING WEST COAST LUMBER COMMISSION

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order No. 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Orders and Regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby supplements and amends its Directive Order of September 17, 1942, as amended by Directive Orders of October 14, 1942, and January 5, 1943, to read as follows:

1. The West Coast Lumber Commission, hereinafter called the Commission, shall consist of six members appointed by the National War Labor Board. Of the persons so appointed, two shall represent Labor, two shall represent Industry and two shall represent the Public. The two Industry members of the Commission shall be appointed upon recommendation of the Industry Members of the National War Labor Board. One of the two Labor Members of the Commission shall be appointed upon recommendation of the A. F. of L. Members of the National War Labor Board; the other, upon recommendation of the C. I. O.

[1] New York, New Jersey Metropolitan Milk Distributors War Conservation Committee and Milk Wagon Drivers Union of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen & Helpers Union.

Members of the National War Labor Board. The National War Labor Board shall designate one Public Member of the Commission to act as Chairman. Four alternate Industry Members of the Commission shall be appointed by the National War Labor Board upon recommendation by the Industry Members of the National War Labor Board. Four alternate Labor Members of the Commission shall be appointed by the National War Labor Board, two of whom shall be recommended by the A. F. of L. Members of the National War Labor Board and two by the C. I. O. Members of the National War Labor Board. The Labor and Industry Members of the Commission, both regular and alternate, may be chosen from either within or outside of the lumber industry. Not more than two Industry Members and not more than two Labor Members of the Commission shall be permitted to sit and transact business of the Commission at any one time. Three Members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, providing Labor, Industry and the Public are represented in such quorum. The vote of a majority of the quorum shall be deemed sufficient to render a binding decision by the Commission.

2. The Commission shall have jurisdiction over labor disputes, voluntary wage adjustments, and salary adjustments (where the rate at which the salary, exclusive of bonuses and additional compensation and without regard to the contemplated adjustment, computed on an annual basis, is not in excess of $5,000 per annum) in all cases which involve the production of lumber and lumber products in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and California. The Commission shall have power (1) to conduct hearings on labor disputes and to issue Directive Orders affecting the same and (2) to receive and make final rulings on applications for voluntary wage or salary adjustments in the lumber industry submitted for approval of the National War Labor Board in accordance with the national wage stabilization policy. All rulings and orders of the Commission shall be filed with the National War Labor Board.

3. That in view of the vital importance of the lumber industry to the production of those things essential to the successful prosecution of the war, the Commission shall have the power to promulgate such rules and regulations, issue such orders and take such actions relating to the issues before it as may be necessary to effectuate a stabilization of labor conditions in the lumber industry of the area designated in paragraph two above, secure industrial harmony in said area and assure maximum production of lumber and lumber products.

4. The Commission shall not take original jurisdiction over any dispute case, but it shall have the power to determine whether, within the terms of this order, it may property assume jurisdiction over any dispute after the dispute has been referred to the Commission by the Board. However, in case of a strike or threatened strike in the lumber industry, the Commission may issue an order requiring the workers to remain on their jobs or to return to their jobs and maintain the status quo as it existed prior to the dispute pending conciliation by the United States Conciliation Service or if necessary, determination on the merits by the Commission after reference of the case to the Commission by the National War Labor Board. Such order shall be issued only after consultation with the United States Conciliation Service. Immediately upon being apprised of dispute the Commission shall notify the liaison officer of the United States Conciliation Service or in his absence the conciliator nearest to the dispute. In the event that a strike should occur or be threatened subsequent to certification the Commission shall order the workers to return to work or to remain on their jobs and shall refuse to exercise its jurisdiction until they have complied with the order. The United States Conciliation Service shall be free to call upon the Commission to cooperate with it in the settlement of any dispute during the period of conciliation and prior to actual certification. The Commission shall inform the National Board promptly of strikes or threatened strikes and shall keep the Board informed as to the status of such matters.

5. The rulings of the Commission on voluntary wage or salary adjustments as well as its directive orders on wage issues in dispute cases shall conform to the policies of the National War Labor Board, based on Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, the Policy Directive of May 12, 1943, issued by the Director of Economic Stabilization, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943. Accordingly, any wage or salary adjustment approved or ordered by the Commission "which may furnish the basis either to increase price ceilings or to resist otherwise justifiable reductions in price ceilings, or if any price ceilings are involved which may increase the production costs above the level prevailing in comparable plants or establishments," shall become effective only if also approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Notice to this effect shall be contained in all rulings and orders issued by the Commission in wage cases. The Commission may give approval to all applications which request authority to adjust wages, including adjustment in piece rates, to conform with the wages determined by the Commission in cases involving wage disputes in the same community.

6. In cases of voluntary applications for approval of wage or salary adjustments, and in dispute cases involving wage or salary issues, the Commission shall follow the procedure outlined in the National War Labor Board's memorandum entitled "Jurisdiction and Procedure of Regional War Labor Board," as amended. The West Coast Lumber Commission shall exercise those powers, duties and functions which are listed in said memorandum as being applicable to Regional War Labor Boards and Regional Attorneys. For the purpose of this Order, and within the sphere of its jurisdiction, the Commission shall set in lieu of said Regional Boards and Regional Attorneys.

7. The Commission shall, so far as practicable, utilize the information, data and staff services of the National War Labor Board or the Regional Boards, and of other Federal Departments and agencies. The employment by the Commission of additional personnel, facilities or services shall be subject to the approval of the National War Labor Board.

8. The rulings of the Commission on voluntary wage or salary adjustments, and upon preliminary inquiries concerning proposed wage or salary adjustments, and the directive orders of the Commission in dispute cases, shall have the same effect, and shall be subject to the same provisions for stay and review by the National War Labor Board, as rulings and orders of the Regional War Labor Boards, as set forth in the National War Labor Board's memorandum entitled "Jurisdiction and Procedure of Regional War Labor Boards," as amended.

9. The decisions, general orders and other actions of the Commission rendered pursuant to the authority conferred upon the Commission by the National War Labor Board's Directive Order of September 17, 1942, as amended by Directive Orders of October 14, 1942 and January 5, 1943, shall remain in full force and effect unless modified herein or unless previously modified by National War Labor Board action. All provisions of the aforesaid Directive Order of September 17, 1942, as amended shall remain in full force and effect unless and until further amended by the National War Labor Board.

10. The Commission shall submit to the National War Labor Board monthly reports concerning pending dispute and voluntary wage and salary cases, and its actions during the preceding month relative to both pending and closed cases.

[Directive Order, Dec. 3, 1942]

Order Establishing Non-Ferrous Metals Commission

By virtue of the authority vested in it under Executive Orders #9017 and 9250, and in order to effectuate its resolution adopted October 23, 1942, establishing a Non-Ferrous Metals Commission, the National War Labor Board hereby orders that:

1. The Non-Ferrous Metals Commission shall have jurisdiction over and shall hear and determine labor disputes and requests for wage and salary adjustments affecting the stabilization of the mining, milling, smelting and refining of non-ferrous metals, referred to it by the Board or referred to it, under conditions to be established by the Commission, by the Regional Directors of the 9th, 10th and Alaskan regions of the Board.

The jurisdiction of the Commission shall not extend to those enterprises which supply materials and equipment to the above-named industries.

2. The Commission shall consist of a chairman and vice-chairman representing the public, two representatives of industry, and two representatives of labor.

The National War Labor Board may, at any time, appoint alternates for the representatives of labor and industry.

3. In the determination of matters within its jurisdiction the Commission shall be governed by the provisions of Executive Orders #9017 and #9250; and it shall, subject to the approval of the National War Labor Board, have power to promulgate rules and regulations appropriate for the performance of its duties.

4. The determinations and orders of the Commission shall be final and binding upon the parties, subject only to review by the National War Labor Board on its own motion. Any ruling by the Commission shall be deemed to be the act of the National War Labor Board unless and until reversed or modified by the Board; and any such reversal or modification shall take effect only from the date of its issuance: *Provided, however,* That if a ruling denying an application for permission to make wage adjustments is overruled, the final ruling shall incorporate as the effective date of the increase that date which was specified in the application as the effective date.

5. In any case where the employer at the time of the filing of the application for approval of a wage increase or at the time of referral of the case to the Commission indicates that he intends to seek price relief if a wage increase is approved, he shall state fully upon a form approved by the National War Labor Board the relation between the proposed wage increase and the employer's price situation, and what the effect would be on the employer's business if wages were increased without price relief. A copy of said form shall be sent to the Office of Price Administration.

Copies of all rulings of the Commission in cases in which an application for price increase is involved shall be sent to the Office of Price Administration as well as to the parties.

If application for a wage increase in such a case is approved, the ruling shall state that it will become effective only on final approval by the National War Labor Board, and, when required by the provisions of Executive Order #9250, by the Economic Stabilization Director.

6. The Commission shall, so far as practicable, utilize the information, data and staff services of the National War Labor Board and of other Federal Departments and agencies. The employment by the Commission of additional personnel, facilities or services shall be subject to the approval of the National War Labor Board.

[Authorization, Aug. 19, 1943]

AUTHORIZATION FOR NON-FERROUS METALS PANEL (TRI-STATE AREA) TO APPROVE ADJUSTMENTS

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order No. 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Orders and Regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, and supplementing its Directive Order in the above entitled case,[1] the National War Labor Board hereby authorizes the procedure set forth below.

Such a procedure is necessary to complete the industry-wide stabilization program in the non-ferrous metals mines in Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma as set forth in the above entitled case which was approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization of August 13, 1943 as essential to productive efficiency to increase production of critical non-ferrous metals.

I. The non-ferrous metals panel for the Tri-State area authorized July 29, 1943 by the National War Labor Board for Region VII is hereby empowered to approve adjustments in the wage and salary rates of particular employees of the employer-parties to the above entitled case over whose wages and salaries the National War Labor Board and the panel has jurisdiction and who were not covered by the Directive Order: *Provided,* Such adjustments, in amount and character, conform to the adjustments required by said Directive Order, and that such adjustments are consistent with the relationship which has existed between the wage rates of the employees covered by the Directive Order and those on whose behalf the application is made; it is further provided that such adjustments will not be made the basis of an application to increase price ceilings nor to resist an otherwise justifiable decrease thereof.

II. The said panel is further empowered to approve adjustments in wages and salaries of employees for the companies engaged in the same industry and in the same area as the companies in the above entitled case, and over whose wages and salaries the National War Labor Board and the panel have jurisdiction, *Provided:*

(a) That such adjustments do not establish rates of pay in excess of those provided for in such order;

(b) That adjustments in rates according to the Board's Order be approved only when such adjustments would not unstabilize wage rates for comparable jobs in the same area or in the same industry.

(c) That the salary adjustments are subject to the same provisions mentioned in I. above.

(d) That any application for such adjustments shall state:

1. The nature and location of the applicant's business;

2. The number of employees in each occupation affected by the adjustments;

3. A table of the applicant's rates of pay for each occupation before and after the adjustments; and

4. A statement that if the increases are granted they will not be made the basis of an application to increase price ceilings nor to resist an otherwise justifiable decrease thereof though they may necessitate adjustment of quota premium payments.

5. Whether or not there is a duly recognized or certified collective bargaining agent for any or all of the employees affected which has not joined in the application; and

e. That where there is such an agent, the panel aforesaid, before acting on the application, shall send to the appropriate local officials of such organization a notice of the application, requesting the organization, if it has any objections to action on the application, so to inform the panel. If within 7 days of the sending of the notice no such objections shall have been filed with the panel or the organization shall have stated that it has no such objections, the panel shall forthwith act on the application. If, however, such objections shall have been made within the period aforesaid, the panel shall treat the matter as a dispute case and refer it to the Conciliation Service of the United States Department of Labor.

III. The said panel is still further empowered to approve to jointly submitted applications of the above described employers and unions or the applications of the above described employers alone where no union has been designated as bargaining representative, for the extension of the order of the Board with respect to night-shift differentials and piece rates system: *Provided, however,* That each of these provisions shall be applied according to the Board's Directive Order, and that the application of such provisions shall not unstabilize wage rates for comparable jobs in the same area or in the same industry.

[1] Kansas Explorations, Inc., Oronogo Mutual Mining Company et al., and International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers.

[Directive Order, Dec. 11, 1942, as Amended July 29, 1943]

ORDER ESTABLISHING TOOL AND DIE COMMISSION (DETROIT AREA)

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order No. 9017, dated January 12, 1942, and Executive Order No. 9250, dated October 3, 1942, the National War Labor Board hereby adopts the recommendations of the special representative and directs, as follows:

Administration. (1) There shall be created immediately a Tool and Die Commission of Region XI of the National War Labor Board. At the head of this Commission shall be a Chairman appointed by the Regional Board. The Chairman shall be assisted by industry and labor consultants who shall be chosen by the chairman from a panel of names approved by the Regional Board. In cases involving no disputes or conflicts of interests the chairman may act alone.[1]

(2) All disputes, voluntary applications for approval of wage increases or adjustments in wage rates, and any other matters affecting the tool and die industry within the jurisdiction of the Regional Board shall be referred in the first instance to the Tool and Die Commis-

[1] Insertion of this last sentence approved by National War Labor Board November 13, 1943.

sion of the Regional Board, which shall be empowered to issue rulings and decisions in these matters for the Regional Board, subject to the limitations set forth below. In dispute cases the chairman shall appoint tripartite panels of public, industry and labor representatives to hold hearings and make final determinations. The chairman or his deputy shall serve as public representative on such panels and the industry and labor representatives shall be chosen from names previously submitted to and approved by the Regional Board.

(3) All powers vested in the Tool and Die Commission and its chairman by paragraph 2 of this section shall be subject to the right of the Regional Board to review all rulings and decisions of the Commission or its chairman, either on its own motion or on the appeal of an interested party. All cases involving fundamental matters of policy shall be submitted by the chairman of the Commission to the Regional Board for final determination. Appeal to the Regional Board from any ruling or decision of the Commission or its chairman shall be accorded all interested parties as a matter of right.

Enforcement. (1) The Regional War Labor Board for Region XI shall establish a permanent Compliance Panel of the Regional Board which shall hear and determine all matters involving enforcement of and compliance with the National War Labor Board's Directive Order of December 11, 1942, in the Matter of Employers of Tool and Die Workers in the Detroit area. The Compliance Panel shall consist of the chairman of the Tool and Die Commission of the Regional Board or his deputy who shall serve as chairman of the Panel, and one industry and one labor representative appointed by the Regional Board.

(2) The Compliance Panel shall be bound in all respects by the National War Labor Board's procedure relative to possible violation of the wage and salary stabilization program, adopted June 3, 1943.

(3) The Compliance Panel shall take all necessary and appropriate steps to insure the enforcement of the National War Labor Board's Directive Order of December 11, 1942, in the Matter of Employers of Tool and Die Workers in the Detroit Area.

[Directive Order, July 30, 1943]

ORDER ESTABLISHING TRUCKING COMMISSION

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order No. 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Order and regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby amends its Directive Order of December 2, 1942 establishing the Trucking Commission, and its Resolution of February 4, defining the jurisdiction of the Commission, to read as follows:

1. The Trucking Commission, hereinafter called the Commission, shall consist of three (3) members appointed by the National War Labor Board. Of the persons so appointed, one shall represent labor, one shall represent industry, and one shall represent public and act as Chairman. The Board may at any time appoint alternates for the members of the Commission.

2. The Commission shall have jurisdiction over labor disputes and voluntary wage or salary adjustments involving persons employed in the following types of trucking operations: over-the-road (common, contract or private carrier) local pick-up and delivery; transfer and storage. The Commission shall have power (1) to hear and determine and to issue directive orders in labor dispute cases and (2) to make final rulings on voluntary wage or salary adjustments submitted for the approval of the National War Labor Board in accordance with the National Wage Stabilization policy.

3. Labor disputes and voluntary wage or salary adjustments involving trucking employees (drivers, checkers, warehousemen or dockmen, stowers, lumpers or helpers) of businesses other than those specified in paragraph 2 above shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Regional Boards, under the following conditions: A standing tri-partite regional trucking panel for cases involving trucking employees within the jurisdiction of the Regional Board shall be established in each region, the members of which shall be designated by the Trucking Commission, after consultation with the Regional Board concerned. This panel shall (a) hear dispute cases and make recommendations to the Regional Board, which shall issue its directive order as in other dispute cases; (b) pass on voluntary wage adjustment, under such procedure as the Regional Board may prescribe; and (c) gather the necessary data and recommend to the Regional Board wage brackets or revision of existing brackets for trucking employees within its jurisdiction.

Wage brackets established by a Regional Board for trucking employees within its jurisdiction shall not be published or become effective until approved by the Trucking Commission. The Regional Board shall furnish the necessary assistants and facilities to the regional trucking panels. Petitions for review of directive orders or rulings of Regional Boards in cases involving trucking employees, filed with the National Board, shall be referred to the Trucking Commission for appropriate recommendation to the National War Labor Board, with a view to stabilization of the trucking industry.

4. The rulings of the Commission on voluntary wage or salary adjustments as well as its directive orders on wage issues in dispute cases shall conform to the policies of the National War Labor Board, based on Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and the Policy Directive of May 12, 1943, issued by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Accordingly, any wage or salary adjustment approved or ordered by the Commission "which may furnish the basis either to increase price ceilings or to resist otherwise justifiable reductions in price ceilings, or if no price ceilings are involved which may increase the production costs above the level prevailing in comparable plants or establishments," shall become effective only if also approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Notice to this effect shall be contained in all rulings and orders issued by the Commission in wage cases.

5. Applications for approval of voluntary wage adjustments within the jurisdiction of the Commission shall be filed with the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor, which shall transmit the same to the Commission. The application shall state whether or not the adjustment if granted (1) may furnish the basis to increase price ceilings, or (2) may increase the production costs above the level prevailing in comparable plants or establishments. If the answer is in the affirmative as to (1) the Commission shall send to the Office of Price Administration a copy of the application and a copy of its ruling at the time of issuance thereof. In wage dispute cases the Commission shall send to the Office of Price Administration a copy of the recommendations of its panel or hearing officer, and of the Commission's order, in any case where it appears that the wage adjustment ordered may furnish the basis to increase price ceilings. In all voluntary or dispute cases involving wage or salary adjustments which may furnish the basis for price relief, the Commission shall notify the employer to apply promptly to the Office of Price Administration for such price relief. The Trucking Commission shall notify the parties of action taken by the Office of Price Administration or by the Director of Economic Stabilization.

6. The Commission shall, so far as practicable, utilize the information, data and staff services of the National War Labor Board or the Regional Boards, and of other Federal Departments and agencies. The employment by the Commission of additional personnel, facilities or services shall be subject to the approval of the National War Labor Board.

7. The rulings of the Commission on voluntary wage or salary adjustments, and the directive orders of the Commission in dispute cases, shall have the same effect, and shall be subject to same provisions for stay and review by the National War Labor Board, as rulings and orders of the Regional War Labor Boards, as set forth in section VII of the "Jurisdiction and Procedure of Regional War Labor Boards", as amended.

[Directive Order, Aug. 9, 1943]

ORDER ESTABLISHING SHIPBUILDING COMMISSION

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order No. 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Orders and Regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby vacates its Directive Order of

January 7, 1943, relative to shipbuilding, and hereby directs as follows:

1. A Shipbuilding Commission (hereinafter called the Commission) is hereby established which shall consist of six members who shall be appointed as paid officials of the National War Labor Board; two shall represent the Public, and shall serve as Chairman and Co-Chairman; two shall represent labor; and two shall represent industry. The Board shall appoint such alternates from time to time as may be deemed necessary.

2. The Commission shall have jurisdiction over labor disputes and voluntary wage or salary adjustments involving persons employed in the shipbuilding industry. The Commission shall have power (1) to hear and determine and to issue directive orders in labor dispute cases, and (2) to make final rulings on voluntary wage or salary adjustments submitted for approval of the National War Labor Board in accordance with the National Wage Stabilization policy.

3. For the purpose of this Order, shipbuilding, whether or not carried on subject to shipbuilding stabilization zone standards, is the construction, conversion, outfitting and repair of floating marine structures, including floating drydocks, within the continental limits of the United States and Alaska, exclusive of establishments owned and directly operated by the United States, provided the activity is carried on in the water, in drydocks, in basins, on ways for launching, or on the premises of a shipyard or boatyard.

4. Representatives of the Secretary of Navy, the Secretary of War, the Chairman of the Maritime Commission, and the Chairman of the War Production Board may consult with the Commission for the purpose of presenting to it any information necessary to facilitate the conduct of the business of the Commission.

5. Applications for Approval of Voluntary Wage Adjustments, within the jurisdiction of the Commission, shall be filed with the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division, U. S. Department of Labor, which shall transmit the same to the Commission. The application shall state (a) whether or not the adjustment, if granted, may furnish the basis for an increase in production cost above the level prevailing in comparable yards or establishments, or (b) whether or not the applicant will apply for reimbursement from any agency of the government in the event the application is approved. If the answer is in the affirmative, any ruling made by the Commission, or by the National War Labor Board upon the recommendation of the Commission, shall not take effect unless and until the action is approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization.

6. The rulings and orders of the Commission shall conform to the policies of the National War Labor Board, based on Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, and the policy Directive of May 12, 1943, issued by the Director of Economic Stabilization and shall also state:

7. The rulings and orders of the Commission shall have the same effect, and shall be subject to the same provisions for stay and review by the National War Labor Board as rulings and orders of the Regional War Labor Boards, as set forth in Section VII of the "Jurisdiction and procedure of Regional War Labor Boards", as amended.

8. The Shipbuilding Commission in conjunction with the Wage Stabilization Division of the National War Labor Board shall proceed forthwith to gather and analyze wage data pursuant to the Board's Order of July 30, 1943 and to establish appropriate wage brackets in the industry. These brackets shall be submitted to the Regional Board for comment before they are approved by the Commission.

9. The Commission, shall, so far as is practicable, utilize the information, data, staff and services of the National War Labor Board or the several Regional War Labor Boards, and of other federal departments and agencies. The Regional War Labor Boards shall furnish such necessary assistance and facilities to Panels, Referees and Arbitrators of the Shipbuilding Commission as may be required. The employment by the Commission of additional personnel, facilities or services shall be subject to the approval of the National War Labor Board.

[~~Directive Order, Feb. 24, 1944~~]

Order Establishing Daily Newspaper Printing and Publishing Commission

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it by Executive Order 9017 of January 12, 1942, the Executive Orders and Regulations issued under the Act of Congress of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby amends its directive order of February 24, 1943, as amended, establishing the Daily Newspaper Printing and Publishing Panel to read as follows.

A. The National War Labor Board hereby creates the Daily Newspaper Printing and Publishing Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commission) for the daily newspaper printing and publishing industry, as hereinafter defined. The offices of the Commission shall be at the offices of the Regional War Labor Board, Region VI, in Chicago, Illinois.

B. For the purpose of this order, the daily newspaper printing and publishing industry shall include employees in the following departments of daily newspaper printing and publishing establishments: mechanical, maintenance, mailing, editorial, art, circulation (including newsboys), commercial and kindred departments. Cases involving services related to the daily newspaper printing and pulishing industry, at the request of any of the parties involved, may, in the discretion of the National War Labor Board or any Regional War Labor Board, be referred to the Commission.

C. The Commission shall consist of six members who shall be appointed by the Board and who shall serve as officials of the Board on a per diem basis. Of the six members, two shall represent the public; two, management; and two, labor. The Board shall designate one of the public members as a Chairman, and the other as Vice-Chairman of the Commission. The Chairman shall exercise general supervision of the Commission. The Commission may sit in any case as a three-man tri-partite division of the Commission, provided that one shall be the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, one shall be a representative of management, and one shall be a representative of labor. The Board may from time to time appoint alternates to serve on a per diem basis. The members and alternate members who represent management shall be appointed by the Board from nominees submitted by industry members of the Board. The members and alternate members who represent labor shall be appointed by the Board from nominees submitted by labor members of the Board. The Labor members of the Commission shall be chosen from crafts and industrial groups whose membership may be involved in matters within the jurisdiction of the Commission. The labor member of the Commission sitting in each case shall be a member chosen from the craft or industrial group involved in the case before the Commission, subject to the provisions of section 7 (c) of the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943.

D. The Commission shall have jurisdiction over labor disputes and voluntary wage and salary adjustments involving persons employed in the daily newspaper printing and publishing industry, as above defined. It shall have power, subject to review by the National War Labor Board, as provided in paragraph H hereof, (1) to hear and issue directive orders in labor dispute cases, and (2) to make final rulings on voluntary wage and salary adjustments requiring the approval of the National War Labor Board.

E. The rulings of the Commission on voluntary wage or salary adjustments, as well as its directive orders on wage issues in dispute cases, shall conform to the policies of the National War Labor Board, based on Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and the Policy Directive of May 12, 1943, issued by the Director of Economic Stabilization, and all Executive Orders and Regulations that may be hereafter issued. Accordingly, any wage or salary adjustment approved or ordered by the Commission "which may furnish the basis either to increase price ceilings or to resist otherwise justifiable reductions in price ceilings," or, if no price ceilings are involved, which may increase the costs to the government of a product or service being furnished under a procurement contract, shall become effective only if also approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Notice to this effect shall be contained in all rulings and orders requiring this approval which are issued by the Commission.

F. In the handling of dispute cases, the Commission shall comply with all appropriate provisions of the "Jurisdiction and Procedure of Regional War Labor Boards," of April 15, 1943, as

amended, and with the "Rules of Organization and Procedure of the National War Labor Board" of November 27, 1943, as amended, and with all other pertinent rules of procedure and policies of the National War Labor Board.

G. (1) Applications for approval of voluntary wage or salary adjustments within the jurisdiction of the Commission shall be filed with the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor, which shall transmit the same to the Commission. The application shall state whether the adjustment, if approved (a) may furnish the basis to increase price ceilings or (b) may furnish the basis for an application by the employer for an increase to the government in the price of any product or service. If the statement is in the affirmative as to (a), the Commission shall send to the Office of Price Administration a copy of the application and a copy of its ruling at the time of issuance thereof. If the statement is in the affirmative as to (b) and an adjustment of the type that requires the approval of the Economic Stabilization Director is approved by the Commission, the Commission shall send to the appropriate procurement agency of the government a copy of its ruling at the time of issuance thereof.

(2) In any wage dispute case where it appears that the wage adjustment recommended or ordered may furnish the basis to increase price ceilings, the Commission shall send to the Office of Price Administration a copy of the recommendation of its panel or hearing officer at the time of its transmittal to the parties, and of its directive order when issued. In any wage dispute case where it appears that the wage adjustment ordered may furnish the basis for an application by the employer for an increase to the government in the price of any product of service, and the adjustment is of the type that requires the approval of the Economic Stabilization Director, the Commission shall send to the appropriate procurement agency of the government a copy of its directive order when issued.

(3) In all cases where the approval of the Director of Economic Stabilization is required, the Commission shall, after its ruling or order is issued, send the case to the National War Labor Board for transmittal to the Director of Economic Stabilization. The Commission shall, upon being notified, advise the parties of the action taken by the Office of Price Administration or by the Director of Economic Stabilization.

H. All rulings of the Commission on wage or salary adjustments, and all directive orders of the Commission in dispute cases, shall have the same effect, and be subject to the same provisions for stay and review by the National War Labor Board, as rulings and orders of the Regional War Labor Boards, as set forth in Section VII of the "Jurisdiction and Procedure of Regional War Labor Boards", as amended.

I. The Commission shall transmit regularly to the National War Labor Board copies of its decisions and rulings hereunder, which, when issued, shall be made available to the public, and such additional data and reports as the National War Labor Board may from time to time require.

[Directive Order, Jan. 10, 1944]

Order Establishing West Coast Aircraft Committee

By virtue of the authority vested in it under Executive Order No. 9017, the Executive Orders, Directives and Regulations issued under the Act of October 2, 1942, and the War Labor Disputes Act of June 25, 1943, and in order to effectuate the provisions of its directive order in cases numbers 174, 307, 557, 558, 608, 609, 610, and 673 issued on March 3, 1943, the National War Labor Board hereby directs:

The directive order of March 8, 1943, is hereby amended to read as follows:

I. There shall be created a West Coast Aircraft Committee, consisting of two Divisions which shall have the powers and duties herein described. One Division shall be for the Region served by the Regional War Labor Board for Region X and is hereafter designated as Division X; the other shall be for the Region served by the Regional War Labor Board for Region XII and is hereafter designated as Division XII.

II. Division X shall consist of five members, one of whom shall represent the public, two industry, and two labor. Division XII shall consist of three members, one of whom shall represent the public, one industry and one labor. The Regional War Labor Board for the respective Divisions will designate the public member who shall act as permanent chairman of the Division. The Regional War Labor Board for the respective Divisions shall also appoint the industry and labor members from nominees submitted by the labor and industry members respectively of the Regional War Labor Board. The labor and industry members of the Division shall serve on a per diem basis. The Regional War Labor Boards for the respective Divisions may, from time to time, appoint alternates to serve as labor and industry members.

III. Upon the request of the chairman of either Division of the Committee, joint meetings of the full Committee shall be held at such time and at such place as is agreeable to the respective Divisions and to the respective Regional War Labor Boards. These meeting shall be for the purpose of exchanging information and ideas.

IV. In carrying out its duties hereunder, the Committee and its respective Divisions shall be governed by the provisions of Executive Order 9017, by the Executive Orders, Directives and Regulations heretofore or hereafter issued under the Act of October 2, 1942, section 7 of the War Labor Disputes Act, and the Committee shall, with reference to its duties listed below, have due regard for the desirability of stability in the industry.

V. Orders and recommendations of each Division shall be filed with its respective Regional War Labor Board, together with such additional information and data as the Regional War Labor Board or its Wage Stabilization Division may from time to time require.

VI. *Functions and procedures of the committee*—A. *Division X*—(a) *Functions.* The functions of Division X shall be:

(1) To assist in the carrying out the terms and provisions of the directive order of March 3, 1943 and, in so doing, to resolve all differences as to the meaning or application of any term or provision of said directive order that the parties affected thereby cannot resolve by mutual agreement subject, however, to the following limitations:

a. Pending completion by Division X of the over-all study requested by the National War Labor Board in its resolution of December 23, 1943, the Division shall not (nor shall any other agency of the National War Labor Board) act on any petition for revision of the classification, grade, description or evaluation heretofore established by or under the directive order of March 3, 1943 for any job. Such Division, may, however, recommend to the National War Labor Board a method whereby the Division, pending completion of such over-all study, may correct obvious and glaring errors of job evaluation and make urgently needed revisions of present job descriptions: *Provided, however,* That such a method shall not interfere with the over-all appraisal of job evaluations and job descriptions provided for in the Board's resolution of December 23, 1943.

b. No grievances of the type now accepted by Division X under Order 14 of the Division shall be accepted by it after the expiration of 30 days from the date of this amended order. All such grievances which have not been accepted by Division X before the expiration of such 30 days period and all such grievances which are pending before it and have not been finally disposed of by it upon the expiration of 90 days from the date of this amended order shall be returned to the parties for settlement through the grievance procedures established by them. The provisions of order 14 of the Division shall be rescinded upon the expiration of the 90 day period mentioned above.

(2) Except as otherwise specified herein the Division shall continue to exercise the powers vested in it by the directive order of March 3, 1943.

(3) In addition to the powers conferred upon it by the directive order of March 3, 1943, the Division shall have the following powers and duties:

a. The Division shall develop and recommend to the Board a system of periodic reporting to be used by the Southern California Airframe Companies to determine the various types of increases in wages and salaries which have resulted, or may result, from adjustments made in instituting and operating the Southern California Airframe Industry plan.

b. All reports, recommendations, and other materials which the Division is re-

quired to submit to the National War Labor Board under the provisions of this amendment to the Directive Order of March 8, 1943, or otherwise, shall first be transmitted by the Division to the National Airframe Panel for presentation to the Board.

(b) *Procedure.* Subject to the limitations contained above, the Division shall have the power in carrying out the provisions and in resolving any differences as to the meaning or application, of the Directive Order of March 3, 1943 to issue orders in any dispute cases, or rulings in any voluntary cases that may arise under the provisions of said Directive Order of March 3, 1943. Such orders and rulings shall be issued by the Division and approved by the Tenth Regional Board in accordance with the "Procedure for Issuance and Approval of Orders and Rulings of Division of the West Coast Aircraft Committee for Region X" approved by the National War Labor Board on January 10, 1944.

B. *Division XII*—(a) *Functions.* The functions of Division XII shall be to assist in carrying out the terms and provisions of the Directive Order of March 3, 1943, as amended and supplemented by the Directive Order of September 4, 1943, including any extension thereof pursuant to the "instructions" of the Chairman of the National War Labor Board dated November 15, 1943. In so doing the Division shall have authority to resolve all differences as to the meaning and application of Directive Orders which the parties can not resolve by mutual agreement.

(b) *Procedure.* In exercising the foregoing functions, the Division shall have power to issue rulings approving voluntary applications for wage or salary adjustments and shall have power to issue orders in dispute cases. Such orders and rulings shall, before they are issued, be filed with the Twelfth Regional War Labor Board and shall become effective ten days after such filing, unless they are (i) stayed by the Regional War Labor Board or (ii) approved by the Regional War Labor Board before the expiration of such 10-day period.

VII. Division X shall, at the request of the Tenth Regional War Labor Board, report to it as to the operation of the Directive Order of March 3, 1943. Division XII shall report in the same manner to the Twelfth Regional War Labor Board as to the operation of the Directive Order of March 3, 1943, as amended and supplemented by the Directive Order of September 4, 1943, including any extension thereof pursuant to the instructions of the Chairman of the National War Labor Board dated November 15, 1943. Each Division in discharging its duty of effectuating the provisions of said Directive Orders shall pay particular attention to the basic matters covered in the Orders and shall, in accordance with special developments, review such basic matters as the application of the provisions with respect to starting rates, merit increase systems, and automatic increases within grades in order to determine that they are being properly applied. Each Division shall make such recommendations to its respective Regional War Labor Board with respect to those basic matters as the Division may find wise and valuable for the welfare of the industry and the nation.

[Directive Order, July 8, 1943]

ORDER ESTABLISHING WAR SHIPPING PANEL

By virtue of and pursuant to the powers vested in it the National War Labor Board orders as follows:

A. The National War Labor Board hereby creates an advisory panel for the shipping industry. The headquarters of this panel shall be the offices of the National War Labor Board located in Washington, D. C.

B. For the purpose of this order the shipping industry shall include all personnel, both relief and regular crews, employed on all ships, including dry cargo, tankers, barges and towboats engaged in offshore, coastwise harbor, and inland waterways activities.

C. The Panel shall consist of six members who shall be appointed by the Board and who shall serve as officials of the Board on a per diem basis. Of the six members, two shall represent the public; two, management, and two labor. The Board will designate one of the public members as a Chairman and the other as a Vice Chairman of the Panel. The panel may sit in any case as a three-man tri-partite panel, provided that one shall be the Chairman or Vice Chairman, one shall be a representative of management and one shall be a representative of labor. The Board may from time to time appoint alternates to serve on a per diem basis The members and alternate members who represent management will be appointed by the Board from nominees submitted by industry members of the Board. The members and alternate members who represent labor will be appointed by the Board from nominees submitted by labor members of the Board. The labor members of the panel shall be chosen from crafts and industrial groups whose membership may be involved in matters within the jurisdiction of the panel. The labor member of the panel sitting in each case shall be a member chosen from the craft or industrial group involved in the case before the panel, or such labor member as he may designate.

D.[1] The Panel shall have authority to make final rulings on voluntary wage or salary adjustments involving the shipping industry, as herein defined, submitted for the approval of the National War Labor Board. All such applications shall be referred directly to the Panel by the Regional War Labor Boards. If, however, a ruling of the Panel is not unanimous, such ruling shall not be issued to the parties and shall not become effective, but shall be transmitted by the Panel to the National War Labor Board, and shall thereafter become effective and be issued to the parties only if approved by the National War Labor Board. The rulings of the Panel shall conform to the policy of the National War Labor Board based on Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and the policy directive of May 12, 1943, issued by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Accordingly, any wage or salary adjustment approved by the Panel "which may furnish the basis either to increase price ceilings or to resist otherwise justifiable reductions in price ceilings, or if no price ceilings are involved which may increase the production costs above the level prevailing in comparable plants or establishments", shall become effective only if also approved by the Director of Economic Stabilization. Notice to this effect shall be contained in all rulings issued by the Panel.

E.[1] The Panel shall consider and make recommendations to the National War Labor Board on all labor disputes referred to it, and findings and recommendations of the Panel thereon shall be filed with the National War Labor Board. The Panel shall be governed by the policies and regulations of the National War Labor Board.

F.[1] In all cases submitted to it for ruling or decision by the Panel, the National War Labor Board will notify the Panel of its final action and will direct the Panel to notify the parties of such action.

[1] As amended February 3, 1944.

[Resolution, June 4, 1943]

RESOLUTION ESTABLISHING THE AUTOMOTIVE SECTION OF THE DETROIT BOARD (REGION XI)

Be It Resolved:

(1) That the Board's Special Representative appointed in the above entitled cases[2] is hereby authorized to issue interpretative letters on all differences of opinion which arise out of application of provisions of existing Directive Orders of the National War Labor Board and that the Special Representative is also authorized to approve or disapprove negotiated settlements of questions of application for which the parties may seek approval by the Board. All such interpretative letters shall represent final disposition of the questions at issue unless either or both of the parties file exceptions in writing with the Special Representative and with the Detroit Regional War Labor Board on or before ten (10) days after the date of the interpretative letter in question. If exceptions are filed, the Detroit Regional War Labor Board will then consider the matter and approve, disapprove or modify the action of the Special Representative by appropriate Board procedure. All such rulings are subject to review by the National Board on its own motion irrespective of whether exceptions are

[2] General Motors Corporation; Ford Motor Company; Chrysler Corporation; Briggs Manufacturing Co.; Packard Motor Car Company; Murray Corporation; Yellow Truck & Coach Manufacturing Co.; and Hudson Motor Car Co.

filed but any reversals or modifications will not be made retroactive in such instances.

(2) That all new issues not covered by existing Directive Orders, which may arise in General Motors plants shall be referred to the Detroit Regional Board unless the National Board on its own motion shall decide to retain jurisdiction. In such cases, the Detroit Board shall set up a Panel or appoint a Hearing Officer to hear the case according to usual Board procedures. The parties shall be consulted as to their preference for the Panel or Hearing Officer procedure. No recommendation or report of a Panel or Hearing Officer shall become final until the Board takes appropriate action. The Board's Special Representative in the above entitled cases may be appointed as Panel Chairman or Hearing Officer.

(3) That the Special Representative is hereby appointed Arbitrator for the Board in all Maintenance of Membership cases at the General Motors Corporation properly coming before a Board Arbitrator as noted in the Arbitration Award of March 9, 1943 and as provided in the September 26, 1942 Directive Order. The decision of the Arbitrator in such cases is final and binding on all parties.

(4) That the Special Representative is hereby appointed Arbitrator for the Board in all matters relating to application of the "equal pay for equal work" clause of the Board's Directive Orders pertaining to women's rates. Since awards of the Arbitrator in these cases may involve changes in wage rates they must be reviewed by the Detroit Regional War Labor Board according to the procedure applying to all Arbitrator's wage awards. The National Board may, on its own motion, review any decisions of the Regional Board in such cases. Any comments on or exceptions to an Arbitrator's award which either or both of the parties may wish to make must be submitted to the Detroit Regional Board on or before ten (10) days after the date of the award. The Board's Arbitrator will not hear any such cases which should be referred to the Umpire under contract provisions.

(5) That the general procedure for approval of negotiated Local Wage Agreements outlined in the Special Representative's letter of January 15, 1943, to the National War Labor Board as heretofore approved and followed in cases already disposed of, shall be continued for all Local Wage Agreements not yet submitted to the Board for approval. Hereafter all such Local Wage Agreements shall be submitted to the Detroit Regional Board for approval, denial or modification.

(6) That the Special Representative presently assigned and appointed in these cases is William E. Simkin but nothing in this resolution shall prevent the appointment of other Special Representatives, Hearing Officers, or Arbitrators in the above matters whose jurisdiction and duties shall be identical with those stated herein.

[Functions and Procedures, Aug. 27, 1943]

Functions and Procedures of the National War Labor Board Automotive Section (Region XI)

The procedures and mechanism set forth below are proposed as a means of carrying out the decision of the National War Labor Board to centralize in Regional Board XI the treatment of all wage and labor dispute matters arising in the plants of the participating automotive manufacturers. This procedure is being established in an effort to further the efficient and uniform application of Board policy and to secure the advantages inherent in setting up a specialized staff to handle this industry. The organization and procedures outlined below are based upon resolutions recently adopted by the National War Labor Board authorizing the creation of such staff under the jurisdiction of Regional Board XI, and delegating to it the powers enumerated here.

A. *Interpretation of National War Labor Board and Region XI Directive Orders.* (1) The staff members of the Automotive Unit will issue interpretative letters on all differences of opinion arising out of application of provisions of existing Directive Orders of the National Board and of existing orders and orders to be issued by the Regional Board. The staff will not have authority to modify Directive Orders. The staff will also approve or disapprove negotiated settlements of questions of interpretation which the parties may submit to the Board for approval.

(2) Such interpretative letters will constitute final disposition of the questions at issue unless either or both of the parties file exceptions in writing with Regional Board XI within 10 days after the date of the interpretative letter. The Regional Board will consider such exceptions and will approve, disapprove, or modify the action of the Staff, after recommendation by the Automotive Section.

(3) All rulings are subject to review by the War Labor Board for Region XI on its own motion and appeals to the Regional and National Board may be had under regular procedure, but any reversals or modifications will not be made retroactive in such instances.

(4) Such interpretative orders will not become effective until the time for filing appeals or exceptions has expired, or until such exceptions or appeals have been finally disposed of.

B. *Arbitration under National War Labor Board Directive Orders*—(1) *Application of maintenance of membership.* Staff members of the Automotive Unit will act as arbitrators for the Board on all questions relating to application of maintenance of membership provisions which require and properly come before an arbitrator appointed by the Board under the terms of certain Directive Orders. The decision of the arbitrator in such cases is final and binding on all parties.

(2) *Equal pay for women.* Where Directive Orders of the Board provide for arbitration of disagreements relating to application of the "equal pay for equal work" clause, staff members of the Automotive Unit will act as referees. They will not hear any cases which should be referred to stipulated arbiters or umpires under contract provisions. Exceptions to a referee's award by either party must be submitted to the Regional Board within 10 days of the date of the award. Such referee's awards will be acted upon by the Regional Board, after recommendation by the Automotive Section, and Regional Board decisions may be reviewed by the National Board.

C. *Dispute cases.* In accordance with the instructions of the National War Labor Board to its New Case Committee, all new issues not covered by existing Directive Orders which may arise in the plants of the participating automotive companies will be referred to Regional Board XI unless the National Board on its own motion decides to retain jurisdiction or makes other disposition. The following procedure will be observed:

(1) *Investigation by staff of the Automotive Unit.* a. Fact finding hearings which will be open to the public will be conducted by individual staff members for the purpose of considering written briefs submitted by the parties in advance, hearing oral argument, and obtaining additional necessary information from the parties.

b. Staff members will prepare reports of hearings summarizing the arguments and the facts. The fact finding reports will be submitted to the parties who will be allowed 10 days to forward their comments and exceptions. Thereafter, the reports together with the comments of the parties will be submitted to the Automotive Section.

c. Under these procedures either party shall have the right to make stenographic transcript of the hearings, at least one copy of which shall be furnished to the Board without charge. Additional copies shall be available to the other party at cost.

(2) *Action by Automotive Section.* a. A division of Regional Board XI consisting of one industry, one labor, and one public member will sit as an Automotive Section to review the briefs of the parties, the fact finding reports of staff members, and the comments of the parties on the factual reports.

b. The Automotive Section will hold a further hearing on all issues or any particular aspect of a dispute if, in its opinion, the circumstances of the case make it advisable. Where the Section holds such further hearing its findings and recommendations will be submitted to the parties before the case is presented to the Board, and the parties shall have 10 days in which to file exceptions.

c. After considering all the evidence, the Section will present the case to the Regional Board with its recommendations.

(3) *Action by Regional Board XI.* After considering the recommendations of its Automotive Section, the Board will render its decision.

(4) Either party may appeal a Regional Board decision in accordance with the established procedure.

D. *Wage agreements and voluntary applications.* (1) All Wage agreements and voluntary applications coming within the jurisdiction of the Board which are signed by the duly authorized representatives of the parties and which relate to plants of the participating automotive companies will be submitted to Regional Board XI for approval, modification, or denial.

(2) Wherever possible a member of the Automotive Unit Staff will meet with representatives of the applying parties to obtain the necessary background information, reasons, and justification for the wage request.

(3) A staff member and an analyst from the Wage Stabilization Division of the Regional Board XI will go over the wage request in detail making certain that wage stabilization principles and all comparative wage data in the possession of the Board are not overlooked. A memorandum and recommendation will be prepared which will represent the joint finding of the Wage Stabilization Division and the Automotive Unit.

(4) The wage request and the joint recommendation will be reviewed by the Automotive Section which will submit the request with its own recommendation to the Regional Board. It is anticipated that the Regional Board will delegate to the Automotive Section, and to the Automotive Unit and Wage Stabilization Director acting jointly, authority to render final decisions on certain types of wage requests. Such decisions may be appealed to the Regional Board.

(5) After considering the Automotive Section's recommendation the Board will render a final decision.

(6) A Regional Board decision may be appealed in accordance with regular procedure.

(7) All wage requests approved by the Regional Board which may furnish the basis either to increase price ceilings or to resist otherwise justifiable reductions in price ceilings or which increase existing levels of production costs shall become effective only if approved by the Economic Stabilization Director.

[Rules of Procedure, Jan. 4, 1944]

NATIONAL AIRFRAME PANEL

Rules of organization and procedure adopted by National War Labor Board January 4, 1944.

The "Procedure for Handling Airframe Cases" approved by the National War Labor Board on August 20, 1943, establishing an "Airframe Disputes Panel" to handle disputes over wage or salary questions in the airframe industry, and the National War Labor Board's action of June 8, 1943, are hereby rescinded (except for the limited purposes referred to in Paragraph VIII hereof) and the following provisions are adopted in their stead:

I. The National Airframe Panel (hereafter called "the Panel") is hereby established with headquarters at Washington, D. C., where, unless otherwise directed by the Board, it shall conduct any necessary hearings. The National War Labor Board (hereafter called "the Board") shall appoint the members of the Panel, two of whom shall be representatives of industry, two representatives of labor, and one a representative of the public who shall act as chairman. Each member shall be entitled to one vote on any matter put to a vote before the Panel. A majority vote shall constitute the decision of the Panel. Equality of voting shall be preserved as between representatives of labor and industry. Three members, including at least one representative each of industry, labor and the public, shall constitute a quorum.

II. *Jurisdiction*—(a) *In general.* Except as otherwise specified herein, the jurisdiction of the Panel shall be limited to wage or salary issues in major dispute and major voluntary cases which substantially affect (1) the general wage structure of those airframe companies whose names appear on a list to be approved by the Board from time to time (hereafter called the "listed companies"), or (2) the wage stabilization policy in the airframe industry. If such a wage or salary issue arises in a dispute case the Panel, unless the Board otherwise directs, shall have jurisdiction not only of such issue but also of all other issues in the case. The names of the listed companies shall be made available to the New Case Committee of the Board and to the Regional War Labor Boards and other agents of the Board.

(b) *Liaison functions of the Panel.* There shall be referred to the Panel for presentation to the Board all reports, recommendations and other matters which, under the Directive Order of March 8, 1943, as amended, are required to be submitted to the Board by the West Coast Aircraft Committee. All other reports, recommendations and studies by Regional War Labor Boards and of the Airframe Industry shall likewise be transmitted to the Panel for presentation to the Board.

III. *Referral of cases to Panel*—(a) *By New Case Committee of the Board.* Any dispute case involving a wage or salary issue arising within one of the "listed companies" shall be referred to the Panel by the New Case Committee of the Board.

(b) *By Regional Boards.* The Regional War Labor Boards or other agents of the Board (not including the Wage and Hour Division) shall refer to the Panel (1) Any applications for approval of a voluntary or agreed upon adjustment in the wages or salaries of employees in any of the "listed companies," or (2) any submission of an arbitrator's award granting such a wage or salary adjustment.

IV. *Retention of cases by the Panel.* Upon receipt of any case, dispute or voluntary, the Panel shall determine whether the case falls within its jurisdiction as defined in paragraph II (a) above. If the Panel determines that the case does not fall within its jurisdiction, the Panel shall return the case, according to its source to the New Case Committee of the Board or to the Regional Board or other agent of the Board for appropriate action. If in any case the decision of the Panel with respect to its jurisdiction is not unanimous, the case shall, upon the request of a dissenting member, be referred to the Board for determination of the jurisdictional question. Such question shall be presented to the Board by the Chairman of the Panel.

V. *Functions and procedure*—(a) *In dispute cases.* In acting on any dispute case the Panel shall conform to §§ 802.15 to 802.27 inclusive, of the Board's "Rules of Procedure," adopted November 27, 1943. The report and recommendations of the Panel shall be submitted by the Chairman thereof to the Board together with the comments of the parties and the report of the National Wage Stabilization Division. The Board shall render its decision based on the entire record in the case.

(b) *In voluntary cases.* In voluntary cases within its jurisdiction the Panel, after reviewing the application or arbitration award and all relevant data available to it, shall, through the Chairman of the Panel, submit to the Board for final decision a report of its findings of fact together with its recommendations.

VI. *Services available to Panel.* In any case within its jurisdiction the Panel shall utilize the services of the Board's staff and, with the consent of any Regional Board, may avail itself of the services of the staff of such Regional Board.

VII. *Semi-monthly reports.* The Chairman of the Panel shall present in writing to the Board semi-monthly reports which shall contain, with respect to each case retained by it during the period covered by the report, information as to the wage or salary issues involved therein, including the size and nature of the wage or salary adjustments requested, the number of workers affected by such proposed adjustments, price relief and production cost data, and any other information pertaining to specific cases which the Panel deems it necessary to supply.

VIII. *Effective date.* These Rules shall take effect on and after December 31, 1943. The Airframe Disputes Panel shall immediately after that date transmit to the Panel all cases now pending before it, except those which by agreement of both Panels are to be retained by the Airframe Disputes Panel for appropriate action. The Panel shall retain for action hereunder all cases so transmitted which fall within its jurisdiction and any other of such cases which it deems necessary for it to process, and shall return all other such cases to the New Case Committee of the Board or to the appropriate Regional Board or other agent.

(E.O. 9017, 7 F.R. 237, E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, War Labor Disputes Act, P.L. 89, 78th Cong.)

THEODORE W. KHEEL,
Executive Director.

[F. R. Doc. 44-3962; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:58 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 509, Order 2]

Packed Citrus Products of the 1944 and Later Packs

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and in accordance with section 2.1 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation 509, *It is ordered:*

(a) For grapefruit juice packed during the month of February 1944, processors shall reduce the named maximum prices for government sales as listed in section 2.1 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 509 by the amounts set forth below respectively for the period of pack, state or area, and container size. The resulting figures shall be the processors' maximum prices for grapefruit juice packed during February 1944 for sales to government procurement agencies. For the purpose of applying the monthly area grapefruit juice cost reduction the states of Florida and Texas shall be treated as two separate areas.

(b) Reduction per dozen containers:

State or area	Style of pack	Grade	Period of pack	Reduce maximum price named in sec. 2.1 (a) for Government sales per dozen containers by amounts set forth below		
				No. 2 can	No. 3 cyl. can	No. 10 can
Florida	All	All	February 1944	$0.110	$0.275	$0.583
Texas	All	All	February 1944	.110	.275	.583
California and Arizona	All	All	February 1944	.180	.450	.954

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective March 23, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151; 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9238, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

Chester Bowles,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4097; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:54 a. m.]

[MPR 136, Order 167]

Woodworking Machinery Manufactured by Davis and Wells

Order No. 167 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services; woodworking machinery manufactured by Davis and Wells.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders No. 9250 and 9328, and pursuant to section 1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, *It is hereby ordered,* That:

(a) The maximum price for the sale by any person of any machine, which is listed below and is manufactured by Davis and Wells, Los Angeles, California, shall be determined as follows: The seller shall add a certain amount to the maximum price established by Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, on November 1, 1943, for the sale of the machine by the seller to a purchaser of the same class. The amount to be added for each machine is set forth in the following table:

Machine:	*Addition*
Saw Table	$28.47
6" Jointer	7.89
Boring Machine	22.63
20" Standard Band Saw	5.35
20" Metal Cutting Band Saw	26.57
Jointer Stand	2.72

(b) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective March 23, 1944.

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

Chester Bowles,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4098; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:54 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

[Region I Order G-25 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 1]

Solid Fuels in Portland, Me.

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G-25 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. Solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers. Specified solid fuels, Portland, Maine, Area.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region I of the Office of Price Administration by § 1340.-260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Region I Order No. G-25 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is hereby amended in the following respects:

1. In Price Schedule I in subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b), the words "New England coke" are substituted for the word "coke."

2. In Price Schedule II in subparagraph (1) of paragraph (c), the words "New England coke" are substituted for the word "coke."

3. In Price Schedule III in subparagraph (1) of paragraph (d), the words "New England coke" are substituted for the word "coke."

4. In paragraph (e) the words "coke and ambricoal" are amended to read "New England coke and ambricoal."

5. Subparagraph (2) of paragraph (i) is amended to read as follows:

(2) "Specified solid fuels" shall include ambricoal, New England coke and all Pennsylvania anthracite.

6. Subparagraph (11) is added to paragraph (i), to read as follows:

(11) "New England coke" means that coke which is produced by New England Coke Company, or its affiliated producing company, at their plant in Everett, Massachusetts. All other coke shall be priced under the appropriate provision of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. This Amendment No. 1 shall be effective as of March 7, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 15th day of March 1944.

Eldon C. Shoup,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4012; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:38 a. m.]

[Region I Order G-38 Under 18 (c)]

Maple Syrup Cans in Vermont

Order No. G-38 under section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price regulation. Gallon size maple syrup cans sold in Vermont.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region I of the Office of Price Administration by section 18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, as amended by Amendment 33, *It is ordered:*

(a) For sales of gallon size maple syrup cans sold or delivered within Vermont by any general, hardware, or grocery store, or other similar outlet, a seller shall determine his maximum price by selecting the highest of the following:

(1) The highest price actually charged in March 1942; or

(2) $.16 each for sales of less than one hundred cans and $.15 each for sales of more than one hundred cans.

(b) If a maximum price is computed under section (a) (1) of this order, such price must include the seller's customary allowances, discounts or other price differentials in effect during March 1942.

(c) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective March 16, 1944, at 12:01 a. m.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, and E.O. 9250, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 15th day of March 1944.

Eldon C. Shoup,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4011; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:40 a. m.]

[Region I Supp. Order 2 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 4]

Pennsylvania Anthracite in Boston Region

Amendment No. 4 to Supplementary Order No. 2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. Solid fuels

sold and delivered by dealers. Named Pennsylvania anthracite.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region I of the Office of Price Administration by §§ 1340.259 (a) (1) and 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Region I Supplementary Order No. 2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is hereby amended in the following respects:

1. The following is added to the table in paragraph (a):

Kind and size	Amount of addition			
	Per net ton	½ ton	¼ ton	100 lbs.
Dial Rock: Broken, egg, stove, chestnut, pea, buckwheat and rice	$0.25	$0.15	$0.05	None

2. The words "dial rock" are inserted in subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d).

3. Subparagraph (14) is added to paragraph (d), to read as follows:

(14) "Dial rock" means that Pennsylvania anthracite which is produced and prepared by Dial Rock Coal Company, Scranton, Pennsylvania, and which meets the quality and preparation standards established by Order No. 7 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 112: *Provided, however,* That the additions provided for in paragraph (a) may be charged only when said coal is shipped from the mine by rail.

This Amendment No. 4 shall become effective March 16, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 13th day of March 1944.

ELDON C. SHOUP,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4010; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:40 a. m.]

[Connecticut Order G-1 Under MPR 426]

CITRUS FRUITS IN CONNECTICUT

Order No. G-1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 426. Citrus Fruits.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the Director of the Connecticut District Office of the Office of Price Administration by section 15, Appendix I, paragraph g (2) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 426, and General Order No. 32, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) The maximum price for a delivered sale (as defined below) by a carlot receiver in Connecticut within his free delivery zone, of each of the citrus fruit items listed in section 15, Appendix I, shall be the maximum price in Column 6 of the applicable table in section 15, Appendix I, paragraph (c), plus the markup specified in Column 10 of the table in section 15, Appendix I, paragraph (d) for ex-store or ex-warehouse sales, plus 15¢ per standard container.

(b) A "delivered sale" means a sale ex-store or ex-warehouse in accordance with the provisions of section 15, Appendix I, paragraph (f) (2) (ii), in addition to which the citrus fruit is delivered by the carlot receiver to a chain store warehouse or the warehouse of a retailer owned cooperative wholesaler and stacked by the seller in a place or places in the purchaser's warehouse designated by the purchaser.

Issued and effective this 9th day of March 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

ANTHONY F. ARPAIA,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4009; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:40 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-12 Under 18 (c), Amdt. 7]

FLUID MILK IN INDIANA

Amendment No. 7 to Order No. G-12 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation (Formerly Order No. III-1499.18 (c)-15). Adjustment of the maximum prices of fluid milk sold at retail and wholesale in the State of Indiana.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region III of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.75 (a) (9) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation and § 1351.807 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 280, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) That subparagraph B of paragraph II of Order No. G-12 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation be amended by deleting therefrom the County of Steuben.

(b) That paragraph II of said order be further amended by adding thereto subparagraph (M) as follows:

(M) Any person may sell or deliver fluid milk at retail or wholesale in the Counties of De Kalb, Lagrange, Montgomery, Noble, Randolph, Steuben, and Whitley in the State of Indiana at (1) the maximum prices established for him under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, (2) the maximum prices established for him under any previous order issued by the Regional Administrator of Region III, or (3) prices set forth in the following schedule, whichever are greater.

Type of Delivery, Container, Size, and Adjusted Maximum Price

Retail, Glass or other, One gallon or multiples thereof, 52¢ per gallon.
Retail, Glass or paper, One-half gallon, 26½¢ per one-half gallon.
Retail, Glass or paper, One quart, 13½¢ per quart.
Retail, Glass or paper, One pint, 8¢ per pint.
Retail, Glass or paper, One-half pint, 5¢ per one-half pint.
Wholesale, Glass or other, One gallon or multiples thereof, 46¢ per gallon.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One-half gallon, 23¢ per one-half gallon.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One quart, 11½¢ per quart.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One pint, 6½¢ per pint.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One-half pint, 3¼¢ per one-half pint.

(c) That Paragraph II of said order be further amended by adding thereto subparagraph (N) as follows:

(N) Any person may sell or deliver fluid milk at retail or wholesale in the Counties of Dubois, Ohio, Orange, Perry, Posey, and Washington, in the State of Indiana at (1) the maximum prices established for him under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, (2) the maximum prices established for him under any previous order issued by the Regional Administrator of Region III, or (3) the prices set forth in the following schedule, whichever are greater.

Type of Delivery, Container, Size, and Adjusted Maximum Price

Retail, Glass or other, One gallon or multiples thereof, 50¢ per gallon.
Retail, Glass or paper, One-half gallon, 25½¢ per one-half gallon.
Retail, Glass or paper, One quart, 13¢ per quart.
Retail, Glass or paper, One pint, 7½¢ per pint.
Retail, Glass or paper, One-half pint, 5¢ per one-half pint.
Wholesale, Glass or other, One gallon or multiples thereof, 44¢ per gallon.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One-half gallon, 22¢ per one-half gallon.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, one quart, 11¢ per quart.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One pint, 6¢ per pint.
Wholesale, Glass or paper, One-half pint, 3¼¢ per one-half pint.

This amendment to Order No. G-12 under § 1499.18 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall become effective March 16, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued March 15, 1944.

BIRKETT L. WILLIAMS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4014; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:37 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-20 Under RMPR 122]

SOLID FUELS IN LANSING, MICH., AREA

Order No. G-20 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 Solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers. Maximum prices for specified solid fuels in the Lansing, Michigan, Area.

For the reasons stated in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region III of the Office of Price Administration by § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This order establishes maximum prices for sales of specified solid fuels made within the

corporate limits of the City of Lansing, the City of East Lansing, the Township of Lansing and the Township of Meridian. These are the highest prices that any dealers may charge when he delivers such fuel at or to a point in such area; they are also the highest prices that any buyer in the course of trade or business may pay for them.

(b) *What this order prohibits.* Regardless of any obligation, no person shall:

(1) Sell or, in the course of trade or business, buy solid fuels at prices higher than the maximum prices set by this Order No. G-20; but less than maximum prices may at any time be charged, paid or offered;

(2) Obtain a higher than ceiling price by:

(i) Charging a price higher than the scheduled price for a service or making a charge for a service not authorized by this order,

(ii) Making a charge higher than the scheduled charge authorized for the extension of credit,

(iii) Using any other device by which a higher than maximum price is obtained, directly or indirectly,

(iv) Using any tying agreement or requiring that the buyer purchase anything in addition to the fuel requested by him, except that a dealer may comply with any requirements or standards with respect to deliveries which have been or may be issued by an agency of the United States Government.

(c) *Schedule for sales of coal.* This schedule sets forth maximum prices for sales of specified sizes, kinds and quantities of solid fuels. Column I describes the coal for which prices are established; Column II sets forth maximum prices for sales on a "direct delivery" basis when payment is made within 15 days of date of delivery; Column III sets forth maximum prices for sales on a "direct delivery" basis, when payment is made more than 15 days after date of delivery; and Column IV sets forth maximum prices for "yard sales" to other dealers purchasing for resale. All prices are for sales on a net ton basis.

Column I	Maximum price per net ton		
	Column II	Column III	Column IV
I. High Volatile Bituminous Coals from Producing District No. 8 (Eastern Kentucky and Southwestern West Va.):			
A. Lump-Size Group Nos. 1 and 2 (larger than 3"):			
1. Mine Price Classification A	$9.95	$10.45	$8.70
2. Mine Price Classifications E through J	9.65	10.15	8.40
3. Mine Price Classifications K through O	9.30	9.80	8.05
B. Egg:			
1. Size Group No. 5 (top size larger than 5" but not exceeding 6" x bottom size larger than 2" but not exceeding 3"; top size larger than 6" x bottom size 2" and smaller):			
(a) Mine Price Classifications B through E	9.65	10.15	8.40
(b) Mine Price Classifications L through N	8.75	9.25	7.50
2. Size Group No. 6 (top size larger than 5" but not exceeding 6" x bottom size 2" and smaller; top size 3" but not exceeding 5" x bottom size larger than 2" but not exceeding 3"):			
(a) Mine Price Classification A	9.25	9.75	8.00
(b) Mine Price Classifications B through K	9.10	9.60	7.85
(c) Mine Price Classification L	8.75	9.25	7.50
3. Size Group No. 7 (top size larger than 3" but not exceeding 5" x bottom size 2" and smaller)—Mine Price Classifications B through N	8.75	9.25	7.50
C. Stove-Size Group No. 8 (top size larger than 2" but not exceeding 3" x bottom size 2" and smaller)—Mine Price Classifications B through G	8.65	9.15	7.40
D. Stoker-Size Group No. 10 (top size 1¼" and smaller x bottom size smaller than 1¼"):			
1. Mine Price Classifications A through E:			
a. Treated	9.40	9.90	8.15
b. Untreated	9.30	9.80	8.05
2. Mine Price Classifications, Other:			
a. Treated	8.70	9.20	7.45
b. Untreated	8.60	9.10	7.35
E. Modified or Dedusted Screenings-Size Group No. 18 (top size not exceeding 2")—Mine Price Classifications A through J	8.60	9.10	7.35
II. High Volatile Bituminous Coals from Producing District No. 4 (Ohio):			
A. Lump-Size Group No. 2 (larger than 2" but not exceeding 5"):			
1. From the Hocking Freight Origin District	8.70	9.20	7.45
2. From the Ohio No. 8 Freight Origin District	8.25	8.75	7.00
B. Egg-Size Group No. 3 (bottom size larger than 1¼" but not exceeding 2")—From the Hocking Freight Origin District	7.80	8.30	6.55
III. High Volatile Bituminous Lump and Egg coals from the Sewell Seam of Producing District No. 3—Northwestern W. Va., excluding Panhandle-Size Group No. 2 (lump coal larger than 2" but not exceeding 5" bottom size; double screened coal with a bottom size larger than 2")	9.90	10.40	8.65
IV. Low Volatile Bituminous Coals from Producing District No. 7 (Southeastern W. Va. and Northwestern Va.):			
A. Lump or Egg-Size Group Nos. 1 and 2 (Lump; bottom size larger than that designated for Screened Run of Mine; Egg: top size larger than 3" x bottom size no limit):			
1. Coals produced at Mine Index No. 73, the Glen Rogers Mine of the Raleigh, Wyoming, Mining Company	11.10	11.60	9.85
2. Mine Price Classification A, other than Mine Index No. 73	10.60	11.10	9.35
3. Mine Price Classifications B and C	10.50	11.00	9.25
B. Stove or Dedusted Screenings-Size Group No. 3 (top size larger than 1¼" but not exceeding 3" x bottom size smaller than 3")—Mine Price Classification A	10.30	10.80	9.05
C. Nut or Dedusted Screenings-Size Group No. 4 (top size larger than ¾" but not exceeding 1¼" x bottom size smaller than 1¼")—Mine Price Classification A	9.50	10.00	8.25
D. Pea or Dedusted Screenings (Stoker)-Size Group No. 5 (top size not exceeding ¾" x bottom size smaller than ¾")—Mine Price Classification A	9.30	9.80	8.05
V. Pennsylvania Anthracite—Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes:			
A. Until June 1, 1944	14.75	15.25	13.50
B. On and after June 1, 1944	14.45	14.95	13.20
VI. Coke (excluding reject or reclaimed Coke): Egg, Stove and Nut sizes	13.10	13.60	11.85

All terms used herein to describe size, volatility and producing district are those established and defined by the Bituminous Coal Division and in effect as of midnight, August 23, 1943.

(d) The maximum prices for all sales by dealers of solid fuel not provided for by this Order No. G-20 shall be the maximum prices established by Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

(e) *Schedule of service charges.* This schedule sets forth maximum prices which a dealer may charge for special services rendered in connection with all sales under paragraph (c). These charges may be made only if the buyer requests such services of the dealer and only when the dealer renders the service. Every service charge shall be separately stated in the dealer's invoice.

Carrying or wheeling from curb.	$0.75 per ton.
Carrying up or down stairs one flight.	$1.00 per ton.
Each additional flight.	$0.50 per ton.
Half ton deliveries	½ of the ton price plus $0.25.
Forking (limited to the forking of low volatile coals from Producing District No. 7).	$0.50 per ton.

(f) *The transportation tax.* The transportation tax imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942 may be collected in addition to the maximum prices set by this order, provided the dealer states it separately from the price on his invoice or statement. This tax need not be so separately stated on a sale to the United States or any agency thereof, the District of Columbia, any state government or any political subdivision thereof.

(g) *Addition of increase in suppliers prices prohibited.* The maximum prices set by this order may not be increased by a dealer to reflect increases in purchase costs or in supplier's maximum prices occurring after the effective date hereon; but increases in the maximum prices set hereby to reflect such increases are within the discretion of the Regional Administrator.

(h) *Petitions for amendment.* Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this order may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 except that the petition shall be filed with the Regional Administrator and acted upon by him.

(i) *Applicability of other regulation.* Every dealer subject to this order is governed by the licensing provisions of Supplementary Order No. 72, effective October 1, 1943.

(j) *Right of amendment or revocation.* The Regional Administrator or Price Administrator may amend, revoke, or rescind this order, or any provision thereof, at any time.

(k) *Records.* Every person making a sale of solid fuel for which a maximum price is set by this order shall keep a record thereof showing the date, the name and address of the buyer, if known, the per net ton price charged and the type and kind of solid fuel sold. The

solid fuel shall be identified in the manner in which it is described in the order. The record shall also separately state each service rendered and the charge made for it.

(l) *Posting of maximum prices: sales slips.* (1) Each dealer subject to this order shall post all the maximum prices set by it for all his types of sales. He shall post his prices in his place of business in a manner plainly visible to and understandable by the purchasing public. He shall also keep a copy of this order available for examination by any person inquiring as to his prices for solid fuel. No report of the maximum prices established by this order need be made by any dealer under § 1340.262 (c) of Regulation No. 122.

(2) Every dealer selling solid fuel for sales of which a maximum price is set by this order shall, within thirty days after the date of delivery of the fuel, give to the buyer a statement showing: the date of the sale, the name and address of the dealer and of the buyer, the kind, size, and quantity of the solid fuel sold, the price charged and separately stating any item which is required to be separately stated by this order.

(m) *Enforcement.* (1) Persons violating any provision of this order are subject to civil and criminal penalties, including suits for treble damages, provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(2) Persons who have any evidence of any violations of this order are urged to communicate with the Detroit District Office of the Office of Price Administration.

(n) *Definitions and explanations.* (1) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, any other organized group of persons, legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States, any agency thereof, any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, and any agency of any of the foregoing.

(2) "Sell" includes sell, supply, dispose, barter, exchange, lease, transfer and deliver, and contracts and offers to do any of the foregoing. The terms "sale", "selling", "sold", "seller", "buy", "purchase", and "purchaser" shall be construed accordingly.

(3) "Dealer" means any person selling solid fuel except producers or distributors making sales at or from a mine, a preparation plant operated as an adjunct of any mine, a coke oven, or a briquette plant.

(4) "Direct delivery" means dumping or chuting the fuel from the seller's truck directly into the buyer's bin or storage space; but, if this is physically impossible, the term means discharging the fuel directly from the seller's truck at a point where this can be done and at the point nearest and most accessible to the buyer's bin or storage space.

(5) "Yard sales" shall mean sales and deliveries made by the dealer in his customary manner at his yard.

(6) Except as otherwise provided herein or as the context may otherwise require, the definitions set forth in §§ 1340.255 and 1340.266 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, as amended, shall apply to the terms used herein, and in full force and effect.

(o) *Applicability of this order.* To the extent applicable, the provisions of this order supersede Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

NOTE: The reporting and record keeping provisions of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This order No. G–20 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 shall become effective March 20, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Laws 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued March 10, 1944.

BIRKETT L. WILLIAMS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4013; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:38 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–22 Under MPR 329]

MILK IN DESIGNATED INDIANA COUNTIES

Order No. G–22 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329. Purchases of milk from producers for resale as fluid milk; Counties of Dekalb, Dubois, Lagrange, Montgomery, Noble, Ohio, Orange, Perry, Posey, Randolph, Steuben, Washington and Whitley, all in the State of Indiana.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region III of the Office of Price Administration by § 1351.408 (a) and (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) Any milk distributor in the Counties of DeKalb, Lagrange, Montgomery, Noble, Randolph, Steuben and Whitley in the State of Indiana may pay producers for "milk" an amount not to exceed $3.30 per cwt. f. o. b. plant for "milk" of 4% butterfat content, plus or minus 5¢ for each one-tenth of one percent butterfat variation over or under 4%: *Provided, however,* That such milk distributors shall be subject to the express restrictions of § 1351.402 (b) (c) (d) (e) and (f) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329.

(b) Any milk distributor in the Counties of Dubois, Ohio, Orange, Perry, Posey and Washington in the State of Indiana may pay producers for "milk" an amount not to exceed $3.20 per cwt. f. o. b. plant for "milk" of 4% butterfat content, plus or minus 5¢ for each one-tenth of one percent butterfat variation over or under 4%: *Provided, however,* That such milk distributors shall be subject to the express restrictions of § 1351.402 (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 329.

(c) Each milk distributor increasing his price to producers for "milk" pursuant to the provisions of this order shall, within five days after such action, notify the Regional Office of the Office of Price Administration, Union Commerce Building, Cleveland, Ohio, by letter or postcard, of his price established pursuant to the provisions of this order, together with a statement of his previous price.

(d) *Definitions.* (1) "Milk distributor" is defined to mean any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons or successors of the foregoing who purchases "milk" in a raw and unprocessed state for the purpose of resale as fluid milk in glass, paper or other containers.

(2) "Producer" means a farmer, or other person or representative who owns, superintends, manages, or otherwise controls the operations of a farm on which "milk" is produced. For the purposes of this order, farmers' cooperatives are producers when (1) they do not own or lease physical facilities for receiving, processing, or distributing milk, and (2) they do own or lease physical facilities for receiving, processing or distributing milk, but they act as selling agents for producers, whether members of such cooperative or not.

(3) "Milk" means liquid cow's milk in a raw, unprocessed state, which is purchased for resale for human consumption as fluid milk. "In a raw, unprocessed state" means unpasteurized and not sold and delivered in glass or paper containers.

(e) As to the distributors designated in sections (a) and (b) above, this order supersedes and replaces the provisions of Order No. G–3 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 329, "Purchases of Milk from Producers for Resale as Fluid Milk". Said Order No. G–3 is therefore revoked as to fluid milk distributors located in the Counties of DeKalb, Lagrange, Montgomery, Noble, Randolph, Ohio, Steuben, Whitley, Dubois, Orange, Perry, Posey, and Washington in the State of Indiana.

(f) This order may be modified, amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This order shall become effective March 16, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Laws 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued: March 15, 1944.

BIRKETT L. WILLIAMS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4015; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:37 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–34 Under RMPR 122, Rev.]

SOLID FUELS IN YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO, AREA

Order No. G–34 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. Solid fuels sold and delivered by dealers. Maximum prices for specified solid fuels in the Youngstown, Ohio, Area.

For the reasons stated in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region III of the Office of Price Administration by § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This order establishes maximum prices for sales of specified solid fuels made within the municipal limits of Youngstown, Girard, Struthers, Campbell, Hubbard, Hall's Corners, Poland and Lowellville, and within the townships of Liberty and Hubbard in Trumbull County, and the

townships of Youngstown, Coitsville, Boardman, and Poland in Mahoning County, all in the State of Ohio. These are the highest prices that any dealer may charge when he delivers such fuel at or to a point in such area; they are also the highest prices that any buyer in the course of trade or business may pay for them.

(b) *What this order prohibits.* Regardless of any obligations, no person shall: (1) Sell, or, in the course of trade or business, buy solid fuels at prices higher than the maximum prices set by this Order No. G–34 but less than maximum prices may at any time be charged, paid or offered;

(2) Obtain a higher than ceiling price by

(i) Charging a price higher than the scheduled price for a service or making a charge for a service not authorized by this order,

(ii) Making a charge higher than the scheduled charge authorized for the extension of credit,

(iii) Using any other device by which a higher than maximum price is obtained, directly or indirectly,

(iv) Using any tying agreement or requiring that the buyer purchase anything in addition to the fuel requested by him, except that a dealer may comply with any requirements or standards with respect to deliveries which have been or may be issued by any agency of the United States Government.

(c) *Schedule for sales of coal*—(1) *Price schedules.* This schedule sets forth maximum prices for cash sales of specified sizes, kinds and quantities of solid fuels. Column I describes the coal for which prices are established; Column II shows maximum prices for sales on a "direct delivery" basis, when payment is made within 30 days of the date of delivery; Column III shows maximum prices for "yard sales" to unequipped dealers reselling coal and to consumers. All prices are for sales on a net ton basis.

Column I	Column II	Column III
I. High volatile bituminous coals from producing district No. 2 (Western Pennsylvania):		
A. Lump and double-screened coals		
1. Size Group Nos. 1 and 2 (bottom size larger than 2″)		
a. Mine price classifications A through E	$7.45	$6.45
b. Mine price classifications F and lower	7.10	6.10
2. Size Group Nos. 3, 4 and 5 (bottom size smaller than 2″), excepting coal from Mine Index No. 224		
a. Mine price classifications A through C	7.45	6.45
b. Mine price classifications F through H	6.95	5.95
II. High volatile bituminous coals from producing district 3 (northwestern West Virginia, excluding Panhandle):		
A. Pittsburgh seam		
1. Lump—Size Group No. 2 (bottom size larger than 2″ but not exceeding 5″)—Mine price classifications D and E	6.90	5.90
III. High volatile bituminous coals from producing district No. 4 (Ohio):		
A. Lump		
1. From the Ohio No. 8 freight origin district		
a. Size Group No. 1 (bottom size larger than 5″)	$7.30	$6.30
b. Size Group No. 2 (bottom size larger than 2″ but not exceeding 5″) excepting coal produced at Mine Index No. 122 of the Tasa Coal Co.		
(1) Produced at all other mines	7.05	6.05
2. From the Middle Freight Origin District		
a. Size Group No. 2 (bottom size larger than 2″ but not exceeding 5″)	7.25	6.25
B. Egg		
1. From the Ohio No. 8 Freight Origin District		
a. Size Group No. 2 (double screened; bottom size larger than 2″)	7.05	6.05
B. Size Group No. 3 (double screened; bottom size larger than 1¼″ but not exceeding 2″)	6.65	5.65
IV. High volatile bituminous coals from producing district No. 6 (West Virginia Panhandle):		
A. Lump—Size Group No. 2 (bottom size larger than 2″ but not exceeding 5″)	7.05	6.05
V. High volatile bituminous coals from producing district No. 8 (Eastern Kentucky and Southwestern West Virginia):		
A. Lump:		
1. Size Group No. 2 (bottom size larger than 3″ but not exceeding 5″)—Mine price classifications C through H	8.85	7.85
VI. Low volatile bituminous coals from producing district No. 7 (Pocahontas):		
A. Stoker (nut, pea, or dedusted screenings)—Size group Nos. 4 and 5 (top size not exceeding 1¼″ x bottom size smaller than 1¼″)—Mine price classification A	8.60	7.60

(2) *Descriptive terms.* All terms used herein to describe size, volatility and producing district are those that were established and defined by the Bituminous Coal Division and in effect as of midnight, August 23, 1943.

(d) The maximum prices for all sales by dealers of solid fuel not provided for by this Order No. G–34 shall be the maximum prices established by Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

(e) *Schedule of service and credit charges.* This schedule sets forth maximum prices which a dealer may charge for special services rendered in connection with all sales under paragraph (c). These charges may be made only if the buyer requests such service of the dealer and only when the dealer renders the service. Every service charge shall be separately stated in the dealer's invoice.

Carrying from curb	$1.00 per ton.
Wheeling from curb	$0.75 per ton.
One-half ton deliveries	½ the 1 ton price plus $0.25.
Credit charge permitted on Column II price when not paid within 30 days from date of delivery.	$0.50 per ton.

(f) *The transportation tax.* The transportation tax imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942 may be collected in addition to the maximum prices set by this order, provided the dealer states it separately from the price on his invoice or statement. However, the dealer need not so separately state on a sale to the United States or any agency thereof, the District of Columbia, any state government or any political subdivision thereof.

(g) *Addition of increase in suppliers prices prohibited.* The maximum prices set by this order may not be increased by a dealer to reflect increases in purchase costs or in supplier's maximum prices occurring after the effective date hereon; but increases in the maximum prices set hereby to reflect such increases are within the discretion of the Regional Administrator.

(h) *Petitions for amendment.* Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this order may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 except that the petition shall be filed with the Regional Administrator and acted upon by him.

(i) *Applicability of other regulations.* Every dealer subject to this order is governed by the licensing provisions of Supplementary Order No. 72, effective October 1, 1943.

(j) *Right of amendment or revocation.* The Regional Administrator or Price Administrator may amend, revoke, or rescind this order, or any provision thereof, at any time.

(k) *Records.* Every person making a sale of solid fuel for which a maximum price is set by this order shall keep a record thereof showing the date, the name and address of the buyer, if known, the per net ton price charged and the type and kind of solid fuel sold. The solid fuel shall be identified in the manner in which it is described in the order. The record shall also separately state each service rendered and the charge made for it.

(l) *Posting of maximum prices; sales slips.* (1) Each dealer subject to this order shall post all the maximum prices set by it for all his types of sales. He shall post his prices in his place of business in a manner plainly visible to and understandable by the purchasing public. He shall also keep a copy of this order available for examination by any person inquiring as to his prices for solid fuel. No report of the maximum prices established by this order need be made by any dealer under § 1340.262 (c) of Regulation No. 122.

(2) Every dealer selling solid fuel for sales of which a maximum price is set by this order shall, within thirty days after the date of delivery of the fuel, give to the buyer a statement showing; the date of the sale, the name and address of the dealer and of the buyer, the kind, size, and quantity of the solid fuel sold, the price charged and separately stating any item which is required to be separately stated by this order.

(m) *Enforcement.* (1) Persons violating any provision of this order are subject to civil and criminal penalties, including suits for treble damages, provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(2) Persons who have any evidence of any violation of this order are urged to communicate with the Cleveland District Office of the Office of Price Administration.

(n) *Definitions and expalantions.* (1) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, any other organized group of persons, legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States, any agency thereof, any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, and any agency of any of the foregoing.

(2) "Sell" includes, sell, supply, dispose, barter, exchange, lease, transfer and deliver, and contracts and offers to do any of the foregoing. The terms "sale", "selling", "sold", "seller", "buy", 'purchase", and "purchaser" shall be construed accordingly.

(3) "Dealer" means any person selling solid fuel except producers or distributors making sales at or from a mine, a preparation plant operated as an adjunct of any mine, a coke oven, or a briquette plant.

(4) "Direct delivery" means dumping or chuting the fuel from the seller's truck directly into the buyer's bin or storage space; but, if this is physically impossible, the term means discharging the fuel directly from the seller's truck at a point where this can be done and at the point nearest and most accessible to the buyer's bin or storage space.

(5) "Yard sales" shall mean sales and deliveries made by the dealer in his customary manner at his yard.

(6) Except as otherwise provided herein or as the context may otherwise require, the definitions set forth in §§ 1340.255 and 1340.266 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, as amended, shall apply to the terms used herein, and in full force and effect.

(o) *Applicability of this order.* To the extent applicable, the provisions of this order supersede Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

NOTE: The reporting and record keeping provisions of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This Order No. G–34 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 shall become effective March 22, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued: March 13, 1944.

BIRKETT L. WILLIAMS,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4016; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:38 a. m.]

[Memphis Order G–1 Under MPR 285]

BANANAS IN MEMPHIS, TENN., DISTRICT

For the reasons stated in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority of Executive Order 9250, Executive Order 9328, Regional Delegation Order No. 25, and § 1351.1254 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation 285, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. *What this order does.* This order establishes an additional handling charge of 35¢ per cwt. over the maximum price for banana wholesalers located within the district served by the Memphis District Office.

SEC. 2. *Maximum prices for additional handling.* Any banana wholesaler located within the district served by the Memphis District Office may add to his proper maximum price for bananas a charge in an amount not to exceed 35¢ per cwt. to cover transportation costs outside of his free delivery zone. Such charge may not be added for the cost of local hauling within the free delivery zone surrounding the wholesaler's customary receiving point.

SEC. 3. *Effective date.* This order shall become effective immediately.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 13th day of March 1944.

W. C. MANLEY, Jr.,
District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 4017; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:39 a. m.]

[Region V Order G–1 Under MPR 251]

PAINTING AND DECORATING SERVICES IN DALLAS, TEX., REGION

Order No. G–1 under Maximum Price Regulation 251. Construction and maintenance services and sales of building and industrial equipment and materials on an installed or erected basis.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, Region V, Dallas, Texas, by § 1397.68 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) Any seller making sales or supplying painting and decorating services which are subject to Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, may increase his maximum price under the regulation for such sales and services by an amount not in excess of the difference between his labor costs computed on the basis of hourly rates in effect on July 1, 1942, and the hourly rate of $1.50 established for certain painters and decorators by order of the National War Labor Board in Case No. 7–3047, when and only when all of the following conditions have been met:

(1) The hourly rate does not exceed the conditions set forth in the order of the War Labor Board granting permission to increase wages.

(2) The seller performs the work described above within the metropolitan area of Kansas City, Missouri, or Kansas City, Kansas.

(3) The seller employs laborers who are authorized by the War Labor Board order in Case No. 7–3047 to receive the hourly rate specified in the Order.

(b) Any person determining maximum prices subject to this Order shall submit such reports as the Office of Price Administration from time to time may require.

(c) This Order No. G–1 is subject to revocation or amendment by the Price Administrator at any time hereafter, either by special order or by any price regulation issued hereafter, or by any amendment or supplement hereafter issued as to any price regulation, the provisions of which may be contrary hereto.

(d) This Order No. G–1 shall become effective March 11, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of March 1944.

MAX MCCULLOUGH,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4018; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:39 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–5 Under MPR 376]

SWEET POTATOES IN PORTLAND, OREG., DISTRICT

Order No. G–5 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 376, as amended. Certain fresh fruits and vegetables.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 4 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 376, as amended; *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) The maximum prices in the Portland District, Region VIII, for sales of sweet potatoes which were shipped from the country shipping point during the period February 20 to March 2, 1944 shall be the maximum prices set forth below or the seller's maximum prices established under section 3 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 376, whichever are higher.

(1) *Primary distributors.* For all sales in carlot quantities or ex-car sales in any quantity, the total of actual f. o. b. shipping point price plus actual freight plus 10 cents per 50 pound box.

(2) *Secondary distributors.* For all other sales, except sales at retail, (i) if purchased by the seller from a primary distributor the total of the maximum price of said distributor as established under paragraph (1) above or under Maximum Price Regulation No. 376, whichever is higher, plus 60 cents per 50 pound box, or (ii) if purchased by the seller f. o. b. shipping point or in transit, the total of actual shipping point price plus freight plus 60 cents per 50 pound box.

(3) *Retail sellers.* (i) All sweet potatoes, except Louisiana yams, 15 cents per pound, (ii) Louisiana yams, two pounds for 29 cents.

(b) No seller affected by this order shall change his customary allowances, discounts or other price differentials unless its change results in a lower price.

(c) For purposes of this order:

(1) "Portland District" means all counties in the State of Oregon, except Harney and Malheur, and Clark, Cowlitz, Klickitat, Skamania, and Wakiakum

Counties in the State of Washington and the Southwestern portion of Pacific County, Washington, including cities of Chinook, Ilwaco, Seaview, Longbeach, Ocean Park, Nahcotta, Oysterville and Naselle.

(2) "Retail sellers" means those persons regularly and customarily selling to ultimate consumers other than institutional or commercial users.

(d) This order shall become effective upon issuance. As to all sellers other than retail sellers, it shall remain effective only through March 20, 1944. As to retail sellers, it shall remain effective until revoked.

This order is subject to amendment or revocation at any time.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 11th day of March 1944.

L. F. GENTNER,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4008; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:37 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-5 Under 18 (c)]

SLAB WOOD SALES BY WEYERHAEUSER TIMBER CO., EVERETT, WASH.

Order No. G-5 under § 1499.18 (c) as amended of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Certain sales to industrial users.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the District Director of the Seattle District Office of the Office of Price Administration by § 1499.18 (c) as amended of the General Maximum Price Regulation and order of Delegation No. 34 under General Order 32, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) Weyerhaeuser Timber Company, Mill "C", Everett, Washington, may sell and deliver from Mill "C" 4-foot slab wood to dealers who purchase for resale to the following bakeries: Colby Bakery, Elsner's Bakery, Everett Bakery Company, Model Bakery, and Puget Sound Bakery, all of Everett, Washington, at prices no higher than $2.75 per cord, f. o. b. mill.

(b) Wood dealers purchasing 4-foot slab wood from Weyerhaeuser Timber Company, Mill "C", Everett, Washington, for resale to the following bakeries: Colby Bakery, Elsner's Bakery, Everett Bakery Company, Model Bakery, and Puget Sound Bakery, all of Everett, Washington, may sell and deliver said 4-foot slab wood to the named bakeries at prices no higher than $5.00 per cord, delivered to premises of bakery.

(c) All discounts or other allowances for quantity purchases, prompt payment or otherwise, in effect during March 1942 must be continued in effect.

(d) This Order No. G-5 is issued subject to the following conditions:

1. Within five days after receipt of notice of the issuance of Order No. G-5, Weyerhaeuser Timber Company, Mill "C", Everett, Washington, and each of the wood dealers electing to price under the provisions of this order, shall file with the Seattle District Office of the Office of Price Administration, 3312 White-Henry-Stuart Building, Seattle 1, Washington, a statement, under oath, that he has, to the best of his ability, complied with all the requirements of sections 11 and 13 of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

2. At or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser for resale after the date of issuance of this Order No. G-5, the Weyerhaeuser Timber Company, Mill "C", Everett, Washington, shall give written notice of the adjustment in price granted by Order No. G-5, which written notice shall advise each purchaser for resale of the resale price established by Order No. G-5 which may be charged on sales to the bakeries named in Order No. G-5.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

(f) All prayers of the application not granted herein are denied.

(g) This order shall become effective February 24, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.: E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

IRVIN A. HOFF,
Acting District Director.

FEBRUARY 24, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4007; Filed, March 21, 1944; 9:40 a. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 20, 1944.

REGION I

Concord Order No. 1-W, filed 2:57 p. m.
Concord Order No. 11, filed 2:56 p. m.

REGION III

Escanaba Order No. 9-F, filed 2:58 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 9-F, Amendment No. 1, filed 2:57 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 9-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 2:57 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 10-F, filed 2:58 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 10-F, Amendment No. 1, filed 2:58 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 10-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 2:59 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 11-F, filed 3:00 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 11-F, Amendment No. 1, filed 3:00 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 11-F, Amendment No. 2, filed 3:00 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 15-F, filed 3:00 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 21, filed 2:59 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 22, filed 2:59 p. m.
Escanaba Order No. 24, filed 2:57 p. m.

REGION V

Arkansas Order No. G-14, filed 2:55 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. G-15, filed 2:55 p. m.

REGION VIII

Fresno Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 8, filed 3:01 p. m.
Fresno Order No. 16, filed 3:02 p. m.
Phoenix Order No. 1-W, filed 2:56 p. m.
Phoenix Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 10, filed 2:55 p. m.
Portland Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 3:02 p. m.
Seattle Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 3:00 p. m.
Seattle Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 2:56 p. m.
Seattle Order No. 4-F, Amendment No. 7, filed 2:56 p. m.
Seattle Order No. 5-F, Amendment No. 6, filed 2:56 p. m.
Spokane Order No. 17, Amendment No. 1, filed 3:01 p. m.
Spokane Order No. 18, Amendment No. 1, filed 3:01 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-4031; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 10, 1944.

REGION II

Erie Order No. 11, filed 12:18 p. m.
Erie Order No. 12, filed 12:18 p. m.
Erie Order No. 13, filed 12:18 p. m.

REGION III

Cleveland Order No. 16, Revocation, filed 12:20 p. m.
Cleveland Order No. 29, filed 12:09 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 8, filed 12:21 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 9, filed 12:21 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 29, filed 12:20 p. m.

REGION IV

Birmingham Order No. 14, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:17 p. m.
Birmingham Order No. 15, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:09 p. m.
Charlotte Order No. 1-W, filed 12:11 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 20, filed 10:06 a. m.
South Carolina Order No. 1-W, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:11 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 1-F, Amendment No. 16, filed 12:10 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 6, filed 12:10 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 3-F, filed 12:15 p. m.

REGION V

Arkansas Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:12 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:13 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 3, filed, 12:13 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 4-F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:13 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 4-F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:14 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 5-F, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:13 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 5-F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:14 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 6-F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:13 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 6-F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:14 p. m.
Dallas Order No. 3-F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:12 p. m.
Kansas City Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:17 p. m.
Shreveport Order No. 2-F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:12 p. m.
Shreveport Order No. 1-W, filed 12:20 p. m.

REGION VI

Milwaukee Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:10 p. m.
Milwaukee Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:10 p. m.
Moline Order No. 25, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:14 p. m.
North Platte Order No. 10, filed 12:20 p. m.
Omaha Order No. 1–W, filed 12:16 p. m.
Omaha Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:17 p. m.
Omaha Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:17 p. m.
Omaha Order No. 13, filed 12:16 p. m.
Omaha Order No. 14, filed 12:16 p. m.
Sioux City Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:14 p. m.
Sioux Falls Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:09 p. m.

REGION VIII

Phoenix Order No. 8, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:14 p. m.
Phoenix Order No. 13, filed 12:12 p. m.
Sacramento Order No. 2–W, filed 12:15 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4027; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 11, 1944.

REGION III

Charleston Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 12, filed 1:00 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 1:00 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:56 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 6–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:56 p. m.
Cincinnati Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 12, filed 1:00 p. m.

REGION IV

Charlotte Order No. 1–W, filed 1:00 p. m.
Charlotte Order No. 2–F, filed 1:01 p. m.

REGION V

New Orleans Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:58 p. m.

REGION VI

Duluth-Superior Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 12:56 p. m.
Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order No. 21, filed 12:59 p. m.
Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order No. 22, filed 12:59 p. m.
Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order No. 23, filed 12:58 p. m.
Fargo-Moorhead Rev. Order No. 24, filed 12:58 p. m.
Green Bay Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:57 p. m.
Green Bay Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:57 p. m.
Milwaukee Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:56 p. m.
Milwaukee Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:58 p. m.
Moline Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:57 p. m.

REGION VIII

Fresno Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 1:01 p. m.
Fresno Order No. 11, Amendment No. 1, filed 1:01 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4028; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 13, 1944.

REGION II & III

Albany Order No. P–1, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:38 p. m.
Altoona Order No. 11, filed 12:40 p. m.
District of Columbia Order No. 8, filed 12:40 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 13, filed 12:41 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 9, filed 12:41 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 10, filed 12:42 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:42 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 12:42 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 6–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:21 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 30, filed 12:40 p. m.
Charleston Order No. 31, filed 12:21 p. m.
Cincinnati Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 13, filed 12:32 p. m.
Cleveland Order No. F–4, Amendment No. 11, filed 12:38 p. m.
Cleveland Order No. 29, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:38 p. m.
Detroit Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:38 p. m.
Lexington Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 20, filed 12:32 p. m.
Lexington Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 13, filed 12:32 p. m.
Lexington Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 11, filed 12:38 p. m.

REGION IV

Atlanta Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:47 p. m.
Memphis Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:46 p. m.
Memphis Order No. 15, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:45 p. m.
Montgomery Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:43 p. m.
Montgomery Order No. 8–F, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:42 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 1–W, filed 12:21 p. m.

REGION V

Dallas Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:46 p. m.
Dallas Order No. G–14, filed 12:24 p. m.
Dallas Order No. G–16, filed 12:24 p. m.
Houston Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:46 p. m.
Lubbock Order No. 1–W, filed 12:25 p. m.
Lubbock Order No. G–12, filed 12:25 p. m.
Lubbock Order No. G–13, filed 12:25 p. m.

REGION VI

Chicago Order No. 1–W, filed 12:23 p. m.
Duluth-Superior Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 12:44 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:46 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 6, Amendment No. 4, filed 12:45 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 7, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:44 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 7, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:45 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 8, Amendment No. 3, filed 12:44 p. m.
Peoria Order No. 9, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:44 p. m.
Sioux City Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 12:45 p. m.

REGION VIII

Los Angeles Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 2, filed 12:23 p. m.
Portland Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 12:23 p. m.
Sacramento Order No. 14, Amendment No. 1, filed 12:23 p. m.
San Diego Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 25, filed 12:47 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be obtained from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4029; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on March 17, 1944.

REGION I & II

Connecticut Order No. 1–F, filed 3:53 p. m.
Cleveland Order No. F–1, Amendment No. 17, filed 3:55 p. m.
Cleveland Order No. F–5, Amendment No. 9, filed 3:54 p. m.
Cincinnati Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 20, filed 3:53 p. m.
Detroit Order No. 10, Amendment No. 3, filed 3:54 p. m.

REGION IV

Atlanta Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 3:51 p. m.
Birmingham Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 3:52 p. m.
Birmingham Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 1, filed 3:53 p. m.
Jacksonville Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 15, filed 3:45 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 26, filed 3:52 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 21, filed 3:52 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 19, filed 3:51 p. m.
Savannah Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 18, filed 3:51 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 17, filed 3:48 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 2–F, Amendment No. 7, filed 3:48 p. m.
South Carolina Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 1, filed 3:47 p. m.

REGION V

Arkansas Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 4, filed 3:56 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 3:55 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 5, filed 3:55 p. m.
Arkansas Order No. 6–F, Amendment No. 6, filed 3:55 p. m.

REGION VI

La Crosse Order No. 3–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 3:57 p. m.
La Crosse Order No. 4–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 3:57 p. m.

La Crosse Order No. 5–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 3:57 p. m.
North Platte Order No. 13, filed 3:45 p. m.

REGION VII

New Mexico Order No. F–1, Amendment No. 4, filed 3:46 p. m.
New Mexico Order No. 1–W, filed 3:46 p. m.
Utah Order No. F–1, Amendment No. 4, filed 3:49 p. m.
Utah Order No. F–3, Amendment No. 2, filed 3:50 p. m.

REGION VIII

Fresno Order No. 14, filed 3:49 p. m.
Fresno Order No. 15, filed 3:49 p. m.
Los Angeles Order No. 1–F, Amendment No. 3, filed 3:50 p. m.
Sacramento Order No. 1–W, filed 3:47 p. m.

Copies of these orders may be secured from the issuing offices.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4030; Filed, March 21, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–2 Under MPR 136, Revocation]

WOODWORKING MACHINERY MANUFACTURED BY DAVIS AND WELLS

Order No. G–2 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services.

An opinion accompanying this order, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Order No. G–2 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, issued by the San Francisco Regional Office, is hereby revoked.

This order shall become effective March 23, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 22d day of March 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4099; Filed, March 22, 1944; 11:54 a. m.]

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

OFFICES OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION

CHANGE OF AGENCY NAMES AND TITLES OF FOOD PRODUCTION AND FOOD DISTRIBUTION ADMINISTRATIONS

Pursuant to the authority vested in the War Food Administrator, effective January 21, 1944, the Food Production Administration and the Food Distribution Administration shall be known as the Office of Production and the Office of Distribution, respectively. The heads of these offices shall have the titles of Director of Production and Director of Distribution, respectively.

Issued this 21st day of March 1944.

MARVIN JONES,
War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44–4021; Filed, March 21, 1944; 3:18 p. m.]